What is the risk?
As of May 14, 2010, the risk of pandemic influenza A (H1N1) infection in Chicago remains low. Despite several months of minimal influenza activity, the Board of Health’s Emergency Reporting Requirement is still in effect for Chicago hospitals, as well as for Chicago laboratories performing influenza subtyping tests. All Chicagoans aged six months and older are encouraged to protect themselves from infection by getting vaccinated with the pandemic influenza vaccine. Chicagoans should ask their healthcare provider or pharmacist about vaccine availability. For those without healthcare providers or whose healthcare providers do not have vaccine, vaccines are available at City of Chicago Fast Track Immunization clinics and neighborhood health centers; hours and locations are available by calling 311.

Are severe cases of influenza occurring?
One hospitalization associated with pandemic influenza A (H1N1) has been reported in a Chicago resident for surveillance week 18 (May 2–May 8, 2010) (figure 1).

How much influenza-like illness is occurring?
With 16 Chicago hospitals reporting, 3.2% of emergency department visits were due to influenza-like illness (i.e., fever of 100°F or greater, with cough or sore throat). Among four outpatient clinics reporting for the week of May 2–May 8, 2010, 1.5% of doctor’s office visits were due to influenza-like illness. This level of activity is in contrast to that of week 18 of 2009, when a drastic increase in influenza-like illnesses was noted in association with the initial wave of the pandemic (figure 2).

Which influenza strains are circulating?
For the week of May 2–May 8, 2010, with six local laboratories reporting, 1 influenza A-positive specimen for which subtyping was performed were reported as presumptive pandemic influenza A (H1N1). No seasonal influenza A or influenza B strains were reported. The influenza positivity rate is below 1% for the second consecutive week.

Where can I get more information?
The February and April editions of the CD Info newsletter provide supplemental information about CDPH’s pandemic surveillance, investigation, and vaccine response. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s Flu-View report provides national updates and trends related to the intensity of influenza activity across the United States, as well as detailed information on antiviral resistance, severity of illness, and other topics. Updates specific to Illinois and Suburban Cook County are also available online.

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