News & Updates  
Vaccinate Illinois Week is December 3-9, 2017. CDPH and partners throughout the state will be reminding the public and healthcare providers about the importance of continuing to vaccinate throughout the fall and winter months. On Saturday, December 2nd, CDPH will be offering influenza vaccinations for no out-of-pocket cost at Kennedy King College (6301 S. Halsted St.) from 9AM until 2PM.

Vaccination is the best way to protect against influenza infection and all Chicagoans aged six months and older are encouraged to get vaccinated. Chicagoans should ask their healthcare provider or pharmacist about vaccine availability. For those without a healthcare provider or whose healthcare providers do not have the influenza vaccine, a schedule of City of Chicago influenza vaccination clinics is available on the City website and by calling 311. To locate the closest City of Chicago clinic or retail pharmacy, go to www.chicagoflushots.org.

What is the risk?  
Currently, the risk of influenza infection is low.

Are severe cases of influenza occurring?  
For the week of November 19-25, 2017, four influenza-associated ICU hospitalizations were reported; all were positive for influenza A (3 H3N2 and 1 not subtyped) (Figure 1).

Which influenza strains are circulating?  
Data on influenza virus test results are reported by Chicago laboratories performing influenza RT-PCR. For the week of November 19-25, 2017, with 6 laboratories reporting, 10 of the 544 (1.8%) specimens tested for influenza were positive for influenza A (8 H3N2 and 2 unknown subtype) (Figure 2).

Since October 1, 2017, 36 of 4,304 (<1%) specimens tested for influenza have been positive; 33 typed as influenza A (24 H3N2, 9 unknown subtype [subtyping not performed or not all subtypes tested]) and three typed as influenza B.

How much influenza-like illness is occurring?  
CDPH receives data from several hospitals in Chicago that provide emergent care, which report on a weekly basis the total number of emergency department visits, and of those visits, the number with influenza-like illness (fever of 100°F or greater and cough and/or sore throat).

For the week of November 19-25, 2017, with seven hospitals reporting, 2.6% of emergency department visits were due to ILI (Figure 3).

In addition to emergency departments, several outpatient clinics throughout Chicago participate in CDC’s Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) by also reporting on a weekly basis the total number of outpatient clinic visits, and of those visits, the number with influenza-like illness (ILI). For the week of November 19-25, 2017, with 22 facilities reporting, 2.4% of outpatient clinic visits were due to influenza-like illness (Figure 4).
**ESSENCE** is an electronic syndromic surveillance system used to monitor influenza-like illness by utilizing the chief complaints of patients visiting emergency departments. Currently, all Chicago hospitals submit data to ESSENCE on a daily basis, covering every emergency department visit in the city.

For the week of November 19-25, 2017, 496 of the 22,487 (2.2%) emergency department visits among the 59 Chicago zip codes analyzed were due to influenza-like illness (ILI). Among age groups, children under five years of age had the highest percentage of visits due to influenza-like illness at 10.0%; those 18-44, 45-64, and 65 and older were at 1% or less.

**Figure 5** represents the percentage of emergency department visits due to influenza-like illness aggregated by patient zip code. For the week of November 19-25, 2017, 40 of 59 (68%) zip codes had ILI activity levels in the minimal to low categories and 19 (32%) had ILI activity levels in the moderate to high categories; the median percent ILI was 1.7% with a range from <1% to 13% (**Figure 6**).

Where can I get more information?
The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s FluView² report provides national updates and trends related to the intensity of influenza activity across the United States, as well as detailed information on antiviral resistance, severity of illness, and other topics. Updates specific to Illinois³ and Suburban Cook County⁴ are also available online. Current and archived issues of the Chicago Flu Update can be found on the CDPH website section Current Flu Situation in Chicago⁵.

Reporting Information
The Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH) has issued influenza testing and reporting recommendations⁶; healthcare facilities can report cases to the Chicago Department of Public Health via the Illinois National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (INEDSS).⁷

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