$\frac{\text{SPECIAL SERVICE AREA } \#1\text{-}2015}{\text{(a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)}}$

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2017 and 2016

(TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015 (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Commissioners of Special Service Area #1-2015 Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Special Service Area #1-2015 (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Special Service Area #1-2015 basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unqualified audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Special Service Area #1-2015 as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 and the changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

The A.C.T. Group, Ltd.

Certified Public Accountants April 20, 2018

SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015

(a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago) Statements of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheets December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017						2016				
	Go	overnmental Funds	Adjustments		Statement of Net Position	G	overnmental <u>Funds</u>	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS <u>Current Assets</u>											
Cash Property Tax Receivable, net of allowance	\$	417,357	-	\$	417,357	\$	410,825 \$	- \$	410,825		
for uncollectable taxes of \$104,705 and \$103,166 Prepaid Expenses		2,512,924		_	2,512,924	_	2,475,984 50,872	-	2,475,984 50,872		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,930,281		\$_	2,930,281	\$	2,937,681 \$	\$	2,937,681		
LIABILITIES											
Current Liabilities											
Accounts Payable	\$	239,637	·	\$_	239,637	\$	235,514 \$	\$	235,514		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		239,637	-		239,637		235,514	-	235,514		
DEFERRED INFLOWS											
Deferred Property Tax Revenue		2,512,924	(2,512,924)		-		2,475,984	(2,475,984)	-		
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION											
Non-spendable;											
Prepaid Items		-	-		-		50,872	(50,872)	-		
Committed:		-	-		-		-	-	-		
Assigned:		-	-		-		-	-	-		
Unassigned	_	177,720	(177,720)	_	-	_	175,311	(175,311)	-		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	177,720	(177,720)	_	-	_	226,183	(226,183)	-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$	2,930,281				\$	2,937,681				
Net Position Restricted		\$	2,690,644	\$_	2,690,644		\$	2,702,167 \$	2,702,167		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:											
Total fund balance - governmental funds			,	\$	177,720			\$	226,183		
Property tax revenue is recognized in the period for which levied A portion of the property tax is deferred as it is not available in the				_	2,512,924				2,475,984		
Total net position - governmental activities				\$_	2,690,644			\$	2,702,167		

SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015

(a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)
Statements of Activities and Governmental Funds, Revenues,

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017		2016						
	Governmental Funds	Adjustments	Statement of <u>Activities</u>	Governmental Funds	<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Activities</u>				
REVENUES:										
Property Taxes	\$2,580,912_	\$36,940_	\$2,617,852	2,399,916	\$180,663	\$2,580,579				
TOTAL REVENUE	2,580,912	36,940	2,617,852	2,399,916	180,663	2,580,579				
EXPENSES:										
Services:										
Customer Attraction	534,398	-	534,398	378,160	-	378,160				
Public Way Aesthetics	1,108,248	-	1,108,248	857,820	-	857,820				
Economic/Business Development	88,600	-	88,600	-	-	-				
Safety Programs	244,564		244,564	334,069		334,069				
Total Services Expense	1,975,810		1,975,810	1,570,049		1,570,049				
Administration:										
Personnel	522,840		522,840	491,746	-	491,746				
Admin - nonpersonnel	130,725		130,725	111,938		111,938				
Total Administration Expense	653,565		653,565	603,684		603,684				
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,629,375		2,629,375	2,173,733		2,173,733				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(48,463)	48,463		226,183	(226,183)					
Change in Net Position		(11,523)	(11,523)		406,846	406,846				
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION										
Beginning of the Year	226,183	2,475,984	2,702,167	-	2,295,321	2,295,321				
End of the Year	\$ 177,720	\$ 2,512,924	\$ 2,690,644	\$ 226,183	\$2,475,984	\$ 2,702,167				
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:										
Net change in Fund balance - governmental funds			\$ (48,463)			\$ 226,183				
Property tax revenue is recognized in the year it is levied rat	ther than when		,							
it is available for governmental funds	nei inan when		36,940			180,663				
Change in net position			\$(11,523)			\$406,846_				

SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015

(a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)

Statements of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

		2017									
	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE	BUDGET		2016 ACTUAL		VARIANCE
		2017		2017		\$	2016		2016		\$
DEVIENUES.											
REVENUES:											
Property Taxes	\$	2,579,150	\$	2,580,955	\$	1,805	2,434,811	\$	2,399,852	\$	(34,959)
Late Collections and Interest Income Thereon	Ψ	-	Ψ	(148)	Ψ	(148)	-	Ψ	7	Ψ	7
Interest Income		-		105		105	-		57		-
Loss Collection	_	38,479		-	_	(38,479)	(43,852)	_	-	_	43,852
TOTAL REVENUE	_	2,617,629	_	2,580,912	_	(36,717)	2,390,959	_	2,399,916	_	8,900
EXPENSES:											
Customer Attraction											
Website		111,500		64,556		(46,944)	16,500		14,447		(2,053)
Special Events		25,000		15,883		(9,117)	20,000		9,550		(10,450)
Social Media Outreach		10,000		8,892		(1,108)	10,000		6,033		(3,967)
Decorative Banners		85,000		80,978		(4,022)	85,000		74,420		(10,580)
Holiday Decorations		70,000		70,138		138	65,000		70,138		5,138
Printed Materials		55,000		55,253		253	25,000		19,755		(5,245)
Display Advertising		55,000		62,441		7,441	55,000		54,411		(589)
PR/Media Relations		52,000		51,289		(711)	45,000		44,924		(76)
Placemaking		115,000		98,496		(16,504)	75,000		75,050		50
Additional Insurance		15,000		11,310		(3,690)	15,000		9,432		(5,568)
Activation of CTA Kiosks		15,000		15,162		162	13,000		7,432		(3,300)
Total Customer Attraction		608,500	_	534,398		(74,102)	411,500	_	378,160	_	(33,340)
Public Way Aesthetics											
Landscaping		220,000		221,525		1,525	210,000		188,562		(21,438)
Way Finding/Signage		20,000		22,755		2,755	15,000		14,160		(840)
Streetscape Elements		70,000		26,555		(43,445)	45,000		21,298		(23,702)
Sidewalk Maintenance		249,000		242,210		(6,790)	197,227		196,870		(357)
Activation of CTA Kiosks		-				-	15,000		12,173		(2,827)
Sidewalk Cleaning & Snow Removal		330,183		329,345		(838)	249,000		247,307		(1,693)
Sidewalk Power Washing		313,479		265,858		(47,621)	213,000		177,450		(35,550)
Total Public Way Aesthetics		1,202,662		1,108,248	_	(94,414)	944,227	_	857,820		(86,407)
Economic/Business Development											
Economic Impact Study		36,000		37,728		1,728	-		-		-
Springboard Pedestrian Counters		51,000		50,872		(128)	51,000		_		(51,000)
Total Econ./Bus. Development	_	87,000	_	88,600	_	1,600	51,000	_	-	_	(51,000)
Safety Programs											
Ambassador - Public Safety Program		265,000		244,564		(20,436)	343,000		332,069		(10,931)
Homeless Outreach Program		5,000		-		(5,000)	5,000		2,000		(3,000)
Total Safety Programs	_	270,000	_	244,564	_	(25,436)	348,000	_	334,069		(13,931)
SSA Mgt./Admin . Non-Personnel											
Annual Report		9,750		9,442		(308)	10,300		10,119		(181)
Audit		4,500		4,100		(400)	6,000		4,111		(1,889)
Bookkeeping		4,500		3,780		(720)	6,000		8,389		2,389
Office Rent		56,250		48,762		(7,488)	37,712		34,779		(2,933)
Office Utilities		9,000		6,662		(2,338)	9,000		6,679		(2,321)
Office Equip Lease/Maint		21,000		21,988		988	18,750		20,140		1,390
D&O / General Liability Insurance		15,000		16,414		1,414	15,000		15,391		391
Conferences & Training		7,500		4,450		(3.050)	5,250		5,093		(157)
IT Monitoring Services	_	9,000		15,127		6,127	9,100		7,237		(1,863)
Total Admin. Non-Personnel		136,500		130,725	_	(5,775)	117,112	_	111,938	_	(5,174)
Personnel	_	539,150	_	522,840	_	(16,310)	519,120	_	491,746		(27,374)
TOTAL EXPENSES		2,843,812		2,629,375		(214,437)	2,390,959		2,173,733		(217,226)
Excess of Revenue Over Expenses	\$	(226,183)	\$_	(48,463)	\$_	177,720		\$_	226,183	_	226,126

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity: Special Service Area #1-2015 is a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago located in Chicago, Illinois. Its scope of services is to fund various activities to improve and enhance the State Street commercial district. The SSA is funded by property taxes levied on properties within the SSA boundaries, which are collected by the Cook County Treasurer, and then distributed by the City of Chicago to the SSA.

Special Service Area #1-2015 is governed by a Commission whose members are appointed by the Mayor of Chicago. The City of Chicago contracted with Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) to perform administrative duties as the service provider for this SSA during the reporting period. CLA is an Illinois not-for-profit corporation that is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The financial statements of the SSA #1-2015 have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units, hereinafter referred to as GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles). The accepted standard-setting body for the establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is GASB (the Governmental Accounting Standards Board).

The SSA #1-2015 accounts for its activities in one fund, its general fund.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year they are levied.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting with only current assets and liabilities included on the balance sheet. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measureable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Available means collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are susceptible to accrual and recognized as a receivable in the year levied. Revenue recognition is deferred unless the taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position:

Cash, Cash equivalents and investments: The SSA #1-2015's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables: All property tax receivables are shown net of allowances. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the allowance is estimated to be 4% of the outstanding property taxes.

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Fund Equity/Net Position: Government fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by enabling legislation or an outside party. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the SSA #1-2015's boards through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balance is a limitation imposed by a designee of the SSA #1-2015's boards. Unassigned fund balance is a net resource in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the SSA #1-2015's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balance is reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

For the government-wide financial statement, net position is reported as invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted or unrestricted. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, if applicable, is comprised of the net capital asset balance less any related debt. Restricted net position is when restrictions are placed on net assets from 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The remaining net position is classified as unrestricted.

2. Cash

The SSA #1-2015 maintains its cash in a bank checking account, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The SSA #1-2015 had not experienced any losses in such accounts. The SSA #1-2015 believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk in cash.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. Taxes are payable in two installments in the subsequent year. The first installment is an estimate based on the prior year billed levy (55%) and is due in March. The second installment is due on August 1, or 30 days from the mailing of the tax bills if issued later than July 1. The second installment is based on the remaining amount of the levy on file with the County. Bills are issued and collected by Cook County who remits the SSA #1-2015's share to the City who then remits the monies to the SSA #1-2015.

4. Related Party Transactions

The SSA #1-2015 is affiliated with Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA), which provides certain administrative services for the SSA #1-2015. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, \$239,637 and \$235,514, respectively, were payable for services provided. The balances resulted from the time lag that 1) goods and services are being provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments are being made.

5. Prior Year Reclassifications

For comparability, the prior year's financial statements reflect reclassifications where appropriate to conform to the financial statement presentation used this year.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

As part of our audit and request by the Special Service Area Annual Audited Financial Statement Guidelines prepared by the City of Chicago Department of Planning Development issued in 2017, we have read the requirements contained in the Agreement for Special Service Area #1-2015 between the City of Chicago and Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA).

We noted certain expenditures for which actual expenses exceed budgeted amounts.

CLA does not pay the bills of SSA #1-2015 out of the SSA #1-2015 bank account. All bills are paid through CLA and monies are transferred out of the SSA account to the CLA account for the exact amount of funds spent for the SSA. If a bill is to be allocated between CLA and the SSA, only funds that apply to the SSA portion of the bill are transferred to CLA.

Based on our understanding of the agreement and the facts surrounding the performance under the agreement, we noted no other exceptions. Many contractual items were included in the agreement which dealt with non-accounting and non-financial matters of which we had no knowledge.

RESPONSE

SSA #1-2015 bank account is currently a depository bank account. All bills are paid through the Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) bank account and monies are transferred out of the SSA #1-2015 account to the CLA account for the exact amount of funds spent for SSA #1-2015. SSA #1-2015 funds are not commingled with other CLA sources per Section 5.03, Method of Payment:

Section 5.03, Method of Payment, also states that pursuant to a schedule to be determined by the Commissioners, after the performance of services pursuant to the terms of the agreement, CLA may submit invoices to the City to request reimbursement for such expenses. CLA must provide, along with the invoices, such additional documentation as the Commissioners request to substantiate the services. Upon the Commissioners' determination that the invoices are accurate, the City will process payment of the invoices.

Abiding to the Special Service Area Financial and Accounting Guidelines, SSA #1-2015 Commissioners do not sign checks or other financial documents, but their approval in writing is needed for financial transactions pertaining to SSA #1-2015 finances. CLA will include a Commissioner or Commissioners elected by the State Street Commission to review a summary of accounts payable batch approval scheduled for payment. The elected Commissioner's signature will serve as authorization of the accounts payable scheduled for payment before disbursements are made. The elected Commissioner will also be invited to sit at CLA's Finance Committee meeting to ensure compliance with the Special Service Area (SSA) Audit Guidelines and appropriate management of SSA #1-2015 fund.

The Department of Planning and Development found this Corrective Action Plan satisfactory to ensure compliance with the requirements established in Special Service Area (SSA) Audit Guidelines in a letter addressed to Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) on July 19, 2012, which was issued when CLA was the sole service provider to SSA #1. The procedures have not changed when SSA #1-2015 was established.

