# SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015 (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2018 and 2017

(TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT)

# SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015 (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)

As of December 31, 2018 and 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To Commissioners of Special Service Area #1-2015 Chicago, Illinois

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Special Service Area #1-2015 (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago) which comprise the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheets as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related statements of activities and governmental funds, revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and revenues and expenditures-budget and actual for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unqualified audit opinion.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Special Service Area #1-2015 as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and the changes in financial position and budgetary comparison for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matter

### Required Supplementary Information

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Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

The A.C.T. Group, LLC Certified Public Accountants

April 25, 2019

### SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015

# (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago) Statements of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheets December 31, 2018 and 2017

			2018		2017					
	Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of <u>Net Position</u>	Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Adjustments</u>	Statement of Net Position		
ASSETS <u>Current Assets</u>										
Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Tax Receivable, net of allowance	\$	319,496 \$	- \$	319,496	\$	417,357 \$	- \$	417,357		
for uncollectable taxes of \$114,932 and \$104,705	_	2,758,368	-	2,758,368		2,512,924		2,512,924		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,077,864 \$	\$	3,077,864	\$	2,930,281 \$	\$	2,930,281		
LIABILITIES										
<u>Current Liabilities</u>										
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	215,650 \$	\$	215,650	\$	239,637 \$	\$	239,637		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		215,650	=	215,650		239,637	=	239,637		
DEFERRED INFLOWS										
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	_	2,758,368	(2,758,368)		_	2,512,924	(2,512,924)	-		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		2,758,368	(2,758,368)	=		2,512,924	(2,512,924)	=		
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION										
<u>Unassigned</u>	_	103,846	(103,846)	<u> </u>		177,720	(177,720)	<u> </u>		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	103,846	(103,846)		_	177,720	(177,720)			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE	\$_	3,077,864			\$	2,930,281				
Net Position Unrestricted		\$	(2,862,214) \$	2,862,214		\$	(2,690,644) \$	2,690,644		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net position are different because:										
Total fund balance - governmental funds			\$	103,846			\$	177,720		
Property tax revenue is recognized in the period for which levie A portion of the property tax is deferred as it is not available in				2,758,368				2,512,924		
Total net position - governmental activities			\$	2,862,214			\$	2,690,644		

### SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015

(a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago)
Statements of Activities and Governmental Funds, Revenues,
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	2018							2017							
						Statement						Statement			
	Go	vernmental				of	G	overnmental				of			
		<u>Funds</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>.djustments</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Funds</u>	Δ	<u> Idjustments</u>		<u>Activities</u>			
REVENUES:															
Property Taxes	\$	2,572,477	\$	245,444	\$	2,817,921	\$	2,580,912	\$	36,940	\$	2,617,852			
TOTAL REVENUE	· <del>-</del>		· —	245,444	· <del>-</del>	2,817,921	· <del>-</del>	2,580,912	-	36,940	_	2,617,852			
		2,572,477	_	245,444	_	2,017,921	_	2,360,912	_	30,940	_	2,017,032			
EXPENDITURES:															
Services:															
Customer Attraction		469,597		-		469,597		534,398		-		534,398			
Public Way Aesthetics		1,073,357		-		1,073,357		1,108,248		-		1,108,248			
Economic/Business Development		50,672		=		50,672		88,600		=		88,600			
Safety Programs		357,526	_		_	357,526	_	244,564	_		_	244,564			
Total Services Expenditures	_	1,951,152		-	_	1,951,152	_	1,975,810	_	-	_	1,975,810			
Administration:															
Personnel		567,184		_		567,184		522,840		_		522,840			
Admin - nonpersonnel		128,015		_		128,015		130,725		_		130,725			
, tarriir Heriperserinisi		120,010	_		_	120,010	_	100/120	_		_	100/120			
Total Administration Expenditures		695,199			_	695,199	_	653,565			_	653,565			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	2,646,351		=	_	2,646,351	_	2,629,375		<del>-</del>	_	2,629,375			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(73,874)		73,874				(48,463)		48,463					
Change in Net Position				171,570		171,570				(11,523)		(11,523)			
FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION															
Beginning of the Year		177,720		2,512,924	_	2,690,644	_	226,183		2,475,984	_	2,702,167			
End of the Year	\$	103,846	\$	2,758,368	\$	2,862,214	\$	177,720	\$	2,512,924	\$	2,690,644			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state	ements o	of activities a	re diff	erent becau	ise:										
Net change in Fund balance - governmental funds					\$	(73,874)					\$	(48,463)			
Property tax revenue is recognized in the year it is levied	rather th	nan when													
it is available for governmental funds						245,444						36,940			
Change in net position					\$	171,570					\$	(11,523)			
-					_						_				

### SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #1-2015

# (a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago) Statements of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017							
	BUDGET				VARIANCE	-	BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE	
	<u>2018</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>2017</u>		2017		<u>\$</u>
REVENUES:											
REVENUES.											
Property Taxes	\$ 2,617,254	\$	2,599,000	\$	18,254	\$	2,579,150	\$	2,580,955	\$	(1,805)
Late Collections and Interest Income Thereon	34,960		(26,619)		61,579		-		(148)		148
Interest Income	-		96		(96)		-		105		(105)
Loss Collection	34,960	_		_	34,960	_	38,479	_	-	_	38,479
TOTAL REVENUE	2,687,174	_	2,572,477	_	114,697	_	2,617,629	_	2,580,912	_	36,717
EXPENSES:											
Customer Attraction											
Website	57,750		57,503		247		111,500		64,556		46,944
Special Events	20,000		14,328		5,672		25,000		15,883		9,117
Social Media Outreach	15,000		10,117		4,883		10,000		8,892		1,108
Decorative Banners	85,000		84,424		576		85,000		80,978		4,022
Holiday Decorations	75,000		68,678		6,322		70,000		70,138		(138)
Printed Materials	55,000		41,830		13,170		55,000		55,253		(253)
Display Advertising	65,000		61,125		3,875		55,000		62,441		(7,441)
PR/Media Relations	11,000		8,715		2,285		52,000		51,289		711
Placemaking	76,000		75,604		396		115,000		98,496		16,504
Additional Insurance	13,000		11,829		1,171		15,000		11,310		3,690
Activation of CTA Kiosks	40,500		35,444		5,056		15,000		15,162		(162)
Total Customer Attraction	513,250		469,597	-	43,653	-	608,500	-	534,398		74,102
		-	,	-	,	_		-		_	
Public Way Aesthetics											
Landscaping	219,000		218,587		413		220,000		221,525		(1,525)
Way Finding/Signage	20,000		19,740		260		20,000		22,755		(2,755)
Streetscape Elements	40,000		21,361		18,639		70,000		26,555		43,445
Sidewalk Maintenance	215,960		202,205		13,755		249,000		242,210		6,790
Sidewalk Cleaning & Snow Removal	350,000		336,214		13,786		330,183		329,345		838
Sidewalk Power Washing	281,000		275,250		5,750		313,479		265,858		47,621
Total Public Way Aesthetics	1,125,960	_	1,073,357	_	52,603	_	1,202,662	_	1,108,248	_	94,414
Farmanda (Busha an Barralan an A											
Economic/Business Development							24 000		27 720		(1.720)
Economic Impact Study	17.225		-		17.005		36,000		37,728		(1,728)
Strategic Planning	17,335				17,335		- F1 000		-		100
Springboard Pedestrian Counters	51,000	_	50,672	-	328	_	51,000	_	50,872	_	128
Total Econ./Bus. Development	68,335	-	50,672	-	17,663	-	87,000	_	88,600	_	(1,600)
Safety Programs											
Police Engagement	112,500		108,250		4,250		-		-		-
Ambassador - Public Safety Program	344,710		247,276		97,434		265,000		244,564		20,436
Homeless Outreach Program	10,000		2,000		8,000		5,000		-		5,000
Total Safety Programs	467,210		357,526	-	109,684	_	270,000	_	244,564	_	25,436
		_							,		
SSA Mgt./Admin . Non-Personnel Annual Report	2,500		2,500		-		9,750		9,442		308
Audit	4,500		4,305		195		4,500		4,100		400
Bookkeeping	3,563		3,393		170		4,500		3,780		720
Office Rent	55,500		54,728		772		56,250		48,762		7,488
Office Utilities	6,750		6,106		644		9,000		6,662		2,338
Office Equip Lease/Maint D&O / General Liability Insurance	18,000 21,000		17,175 20,581		825 419		21,000 15,000		21,988 16,414		(988)
											(1,414)
Conferences & Training	9,000		7,939		1,061		7,500		4,450		3,050
IT Monitoring Services Total Admin. Non-Personnel	11,831	_	11,288	-	543	_	9,000	_	15,127 130,725	_	(6,127)
Total Admin. Non-Personnel	132,644	-	128,015	-	4,629	-	136,500	-	130,723	_	5,775
Personnel	569,775	_	567,184	_	2,591	_	539,150	_	522,840	_	16,310
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,877,174		2,646,351		230,823		2,843,812		2,629,375		214,437
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (190,000	) \$	(73,874)	\$	(116,126)	\$	(226,183)	\$	(48,463)	\$	(177,720)
CARRYOVER	190,000	_		-	190,000	_	226,183	_	-	_	226,183
Net expenditures in excess of revenues	\$	\$	(73,874)	\$	73,874	\$	-	\$	(48,463)	\$	48,463

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity: Special Service Area #1-2015 is a taxing district authorized by the City of Chicago located in Chicago, Illinois. Its scope of services is to fund various activities to improve and enhance the State Street commercial district. The SSA is funded by property taxes levied on properties within the SSA boundaries, which are collected by the Cook County Treasurer, and then distributed by the City of Chicago to the SSA.

Special Service Area #1-2015 is governed by a Commission whose members are appointed by the Mayor of Chicago. The City of Chicago contracted with Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) to perform administrative duties as the service provider for this SSA during the reporting period. CLA is an Illinois not-for-profit corporation that is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The financial statements of the SSA #1-2015 have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units, hereinafter referred to as GAAP (generally accepted accounting principles). The accepted standard-setting body for the establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is GASB (the Governmental Accounting Standards Board).

The SSA #1-2015 accounts for its activities in one fund, its general fund.

(c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year they are levied.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting with only current assets and liabilities included on the balance sheet. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measureable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Available means collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are susceptible to accrual and recognized as a receivable in the year levied. Revenue recognition is deferred unless the taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### (d) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position:

Cash, Cash equivalents and investments: The SSA #1-2015's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

**Receivables:** All property tax receivables are shown net of allowances. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, the allowance is estimated to be 4% of the outstanding property taxes.

**Prepaid items:** Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Fund Equity/Net Position:** Government fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by enabling legislation or an outside party. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the SSA #1-2015's boards through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balance is a limitation imposed by a designee of the SSA #1-2015's boards. Unassigned fund balance is a net resource in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the SSA #1-2015's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balance is reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

For the government-wide financial statement, net position is reported as invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted or unrestricted. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, if applicable, is comprised of the net capital asset balance less any related debt. Restricted net position is when restrictions are placed on net assets from 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The remaining net position is classified as unrestricted.

### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The SSA #1-2015 maintains its cash in a bank checking account, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The SSA #1-2015 had not experienced any losses in such accounts. The SSA #1-2015 believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk in cash.

## 3. Property Taxes

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. Taxes are payable in two installments in the subsequent year. The first installment is an estimate based on the prior year billed levy (55%) and is due in March. The second installment is due on August 1, or 30 days from the mailing of the tax bills if issued later than July 1. The second installment is based on the remaining amount of the levy on file with the County. Bills are issued and collected by Cook County who remits the SSA #1-2015's share to the City who then remits the monies to the SSA #1-2015.

## 4. Related Party Transactions

The SSA #1-2015 is affiliated with Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA), which provides certain administrative services for the SSA #1-2015. As of December 31, 2018 and 2017, \$215,650 and \$239,637, respectively, were payable for services provided and outstanding vendor bills. The balances resulted from the time lag that 1) goods and services are being provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments are being made.

#### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

As part of our audit and request by the Special Service Area Annual Audited Financial Statement Guidelines prepared by the City of Chicago Department of Planning Development issued in 2017, we have read the requirements contained in the Agreement for Special Service Area #1-2015 between the City of Chicago and Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA).

#### Current year findings:

CLA does not pay the bills of SSA #1-2015 out of the SSA #1-2015 bank account. All bills are paid through CLA and monies are transferred out of the SSA account to the CLA account for the exact amount of funds spent for the SSA. If a bill is to be allocated between CLA and the SSA, only funds that apply to the SSA portion of the bill are transferred to CLA.

Based on our understanding of the agreement and the facts surrounding the performance under the agreement, we noted no other exceptions. Many contractual items were included in the agreement which dealt with non-accounting and non-financial matters of which we had no knowledge.

#### Management response:

SSA #1-2015 bank account is currently a depository bank account. All bills are paid through the Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) bank account and monies are transferred out of the SSA #1-2015 account to the CLA account for the exact amount of funds spent for SSA # 1-2015. SSA #1-2015 funds are not commingled with other CLA sources per Section 5.03, Method of Payment:

Section 5.03, Method of Payment, also states that pursuant to a schedule to be determined by the Commissioners, after the performance of services pursuant to the terms of the agreement, CLA may submit invoices to the City to request reimbursement for such expenses. CLA must provide, along with the invoices, such additional documentation as the Commissioners request to substantiate the services. Upon the Commissioners' determination that the invoices are accurate, the City will process payment of the invoices.

Abiding to the Special Service Area Financial and Accounting Guidelines, SSA #1-2015 Commissioners do not sign checks or other financial documents, but their approval in writing is needed for financial transactions pertaining to SSA #1-2015 finances. CLA will include a Commissioner or Commissioners elected by the State Street Commission to review a summary of accounts payable batch approval scheduled for payment. The elected Commissioner's signature will serve as authorization of the accounts payable scheduled for payment before disbursements are made. The elected Commissioner will also be invited to sit at CLA's Finance Committee meeting to ensure compliance with the Special Service Area (SSA) Audit Guidelines and appropriate management of SSA #1-2015 fund.

The Department of Planning and Development found this Corrective Action Plan satisfactory to ensure compliance with the requirements established in Special Service Area (SSA) Audit Guidelines in a letter addressed to Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) on July 19, 2012, which was issued when CLA was the sole service provider to SSA #1. The procedures have not changed when SSA #1-2015 was established.

#### Update of prior year findings:

We noted certain expenditures for which actual expenses exceed budgeted amounts.

CLA does not pay the bills of SSA #1-2015 out of the SSA #1-2015 bank account. All bills are paid through CLA and monies are transferred out of the SSA account to the CLA account for the exact amount of funds spent for the SSA. If a bill is to be allocated between CLA and the SSA, only funds that apply to the SSA portion of the bill are transferred to CLA.

Based on our understanding of the agreement and the facts surrounding the performance under the agreement, we noted no other exceptions. Many contractual items were included in the agreement which dealt with non-accounting and non-financial matters of which we had no knowledge.

#### Management response:

Our corrective action is plan is for Chicago Loop Alliance to be more careful monitoring expenditures and we will request a budget revision if it is determined that any of the categories will be over budget.

Additionally, SSA #1-2015 bank account is currently a depository bank account. All bills are paid through the Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) bank account and monies are transferred out of the SSA #1-2015 account to the CLA account for the exact amount of funds spent for SSA # 1-2015. SSA #1-2015 funds are not commingled with other CLA sources per *Section 5.03, Method of Payment*:

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The Department of Planning and Development found this Corrective Action Plan satisfactory to ensure compliance with the requirements established in Special Service Area (SSA) Audit Guidelines in a letter addressed to Chicago Loop Alliance (CLA) on July 19, 2012, which was issued when CLA was the sole service provider to SSA #1. The procedures have not changed when SSA #1-2015 was established.

