1998 Annual Report

Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project Area



Pursuant to Mayor's Executive Order 97-2

JUNE 30, 1999



City of Chicago Richard M. Daley, Mayor

Department of Planning and Development

Christopher R. Hill Commissioner

21 North LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60602 312) 744-4190 312) 744-2271 (FAX)

ttp://www.ci.chi.il.us

June 30, 1999

The Honorable Mayor Richard M. Daley, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Chicago City of Chicago 121 N. LaSalle Street Chicago, Illinois 60602

Ladies and Gentlemen:

The attached information for the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project Area, along with 63 other individual reports, is presented pursuant to the Mayoral Executive Order 97-2 (Executive Order) regarding annual reporting on the City's tax increment financing (TIF) districts. The City's TIF program has been used to finance neighborhood and downtown improvements, leverage private investment, and create and retain jobs throughout Chicago.

Pursuant to the Executive Order, the Annual Report, presented in the form of the attached, will be filed with the City Clerk for transmittal to the City Council and be distributed in accordance with the Executive Order.

Sincerely,

Christopher R. Hill Commissioner Department of Planning and Development

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Walter K. Knorr Chief Financial Officer







I ERNST & YOUNG LLP

 Suite 400
111 North Canal Chicago, Illinois 60606 Phone: 312 879 2000

June 30, 1999

Mr. Christopher R. Hill Commissioner Department of Planning and Development 121 N. LaSalle St. Chicago, Illinois 60602

Commissioner Hill:

Enclosed is the required annual report for the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project Area, which we compiled at the direction of the Department of Planning and Development pursuant to the Mayor's Executive Order 97-2. The contents are based on information provided to us by the Chicago Departments of Planning and Development, Finance, and Law Department. We have not audited, verified, or applied agreed upon procedures to the data contained in this report. Therefore, we express no opinion on its accuracy or completeness.

The report includes the City's data methodology and interpretation of Executive Order 97-2 in addition to required information. The tables in this report use the same lettering system as the Executive Order in order to allow the reader to locate needed information quickly.

It has been a pleasure to work with representatives from the Department of Planning and Development and other City departments.

Very truly yours, Ernet + Young LLP

Ernst & Young LLP

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Purpose of Report:

The purpose of the Annual Report for the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project Area (Report) is to provide information regarding the City of Chicago (City) tax increment financing (TIF) districts in existence on December 31, 1998, as required by the Mayor's Executive Order 97-2 (Executive Order). This Report covers the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project Area (Project Area).

Methodology:

In the process of providing information about the Project Area, care was taken to follow the organization of the Executive Order to allow the reader to locate needed information in an efficient manner. The Report reflects only TIF economic activity during 1998, also referred to in this report as "the prior calendar year." As outlined below, several assumptions were made concerning certain required information.

(a) General Description

The general boundaries of the Project Area are described and illustrated in a map. However, in order to provide ease of reading, only major boundary streets are identified. For exact boundaries, the interested reader should consult the legal description of the Project Area boundaries found in the Redevelopment Plan (Attachment).

(b) Date of Designation and Termination

For purposes of this Report, the date of termination is assumed to occur 23 years from the date of designation, the maximum duration currently allowed under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act.

(c) Copy of Redevelopment Plan

The Redevelopment Plan, as amended (if applicable), for the Project Area is provided as the Attachment at the end of the Report.

(d) Description of Intergovernmental and Redevelopment Agreements

Table D describes agreements related to the Project Area which are either intergovernmental agreements between the City and another public entity or redevelopment agreements between the City and private sector entities interested in redeveloping all or a portion of the Project Area. The date of recording of agreements executed by the City in 1998 and filed with the Cook County Recorder of Deeds is included in Table D (if applicable).

(e) Description of TIF Projects

Table E describes each TIF project in the Project Area that has already received approval by the Community Development Commission, and which received TIF financing during 1998. Those projects in discussion, pre-proposal stage with a developer, or being reviewed by Community Development Commission staff are not "projects" for purposes of the Report. The amount budgeted for project costs and the estimated timetable were obtained from the Project Area's intergovernmental or redevelopment agreements, if such agreements exist. Table E specifically notes:

- 1) the nature of the project;
- 2) the budgeted project cost and the amount of TIF assistance allocated to the project;
- 3) the estimated timetable and a statement of any change in the estimate during the prior calendar year;
- 4) total City tax increment project expenditures during the prior calendar year and total City tax increment project expenditures to date;
- 5) a description of all TIF financing, including type, date, terms, amount, project recipient, and purpose of project financing.

(f) Description of all TIF Debt Instruments

Table F describes all TIF debt instruments related to the Project Area in 1998. It should be noted that debt instruments issued without a security pledge of incremental taxes or direct payments from incremental taxes for principal and interest are not included in Table F, as such instruments do not qualify as TIF debt instruments as defined by the Executive Order. Table F includes:

- 1) the principal dollar amount of TIF debt instruments;
- 2) the date, dollar amount, interest rate, and security of each sale of TIF debt instruments and type of instrument sold;
- 3) the underwriters and trustees of each sale;
- 4) the amount of interest paid from tax increment during the prior calendar year (1998);
- 5) the amount of principal paid from tax increment during the prior calendar year (1998).

(g) Description of City Contracts

Table G provides a description of City contracts related to the Project Area, executed or in effect during 1998 and paid with incremental tax revenues. In addition, the date, names of all contracting parties, purpose, amount of compensation, and percentage of compensation paid is included in the table. Table G does not apply to any contract or contract expenditure reported under (e)(5) of Section 4 of the Executive Order.

City contracts related to the Project Area are defined as those contracts paid from TIF funds, not related to a specific TIF project, and not elsewhere reported. Items include, but are not limited to, payments for work done to acquire, dispose of, or lease property within a Project Area, or payments to appraisers, surveyors, consultants, marketing agents, and other professionals. These services may affect more than one project in a Project Area and are not otherwise reported. Table G does not report such noncontractual cost items as Recorder of Deeds filing fees, postage, telephone service, etc. City contracts include term agreements which are city-wide, multi-year contracts that provide goods or services for various City departments.

(h) Summary of Private and Public Investment Activity

Table H describes each TIF project in the Project Area that has been executed through an intergovernmental or redevelopment agreement in 1998, or that has been approved by the Community Development Commission in 1998.

To the extent this information is available to the Commissioner of Planning and Development on a completed project basis, the table provides a summary of private investment activity, job creation, and job retention within the Project Area and a summary for each TIF project within the Project Area.

Table H contains the final ratio of private/public investment for each TIF project. The private investment activity reported includes data from the intergovernmental or redevelopment agreement(s) and any additional data available to the Commissioner of Planning and Development. Other private investment activity is estimated based on the best information available to the Commissioner of Planning and Development.

(i) Description of Property Transactions

Information regarding property transactions is provided in Table I to the extent the City took or divested title to real property or was a lessor or lessee of real property within the Project Area. Specifically, the Executive Order requires descriptions of the following property transactions occurring within the Project Area during 1998:

- every property acquisition by the City through expenditure of TIF funds, including the location, type and size of property, name of the transferor, date of transaction, the compensation paid, and a statement whether the property was acquired by purchase or by eminent domain;
- 2) every property transfer by the City as part of the redevelopment plan for the Project Area, including the location, type and size of property, name of the transferee, date of transaction, and the compensation paid;
- every lease of real property to the City if the rental payments are to be made from TIF funds. Information shall include the location, type and size of property, name of lessor, date of transaction, duration of lease, purpose of rental, and the rental amount;

- 4) every lease of real property by the City to any other person as part of the redevelopment plan for the Project Area. Information shall include the location, type and size of property, name of lessor, date of transaction, duration of lease, purpose of rental, and the rental amount.
- (j) Financial Summary Prepared by the City Comptroller

Section (j) provides a 1998 financial summary for the Project Area audited by an independent certified public accounting firm. These statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These statements include:

- 1) the balance in the fund for the Project Area at the beginning of the prior calendar year;
- 2) cash receipts by source and transfers deposited into the fund during the prior calendar year;
- 3) transfer credits into the fund for the Project Area during the prior calendar year;
- 4) expenditures and transfers from the fund, by statutory category, for the Project Area during the prior calendar year;
- 5) the balance in the fund for the Project Area at the conclusion of the prior calendar year.

(k) Description of Tax Receipts and Assessment Increments

Table K provides the required statement of tax receipts and assessment increments for the Project Area as outlined in the Executive Order. The amount of incremental property tax equals the incremental EAV from the prior year multiplied by the applicable property tax rates. Actual receipts may vary due to delinquencies, sale of prior years' taxes, and payment of delinquencies. See the financial report for actual receipts. Table K provides the following information:

1) for a sales tax Project Area, the municipal sales tax increment and state sales tax increment deposited in the fund during the prior calendar year;

- 2) for a utility tax Project Area, the municipal utility tax increment and the net state utility tax increment amount deposited in the special allocation fund during the prior calendar year;
- 3) for a property tax Project Area, (A) the total initial equalized assessed value of property within the Project Area as of the date of designation of the area, and (B) the total equalized assessed value of property within the Project Area as of the most recent property tax year;
- 4) the dollar amount of property taxes on property within the Project Area attributable to the difference between items (3)(A) and (3)(B) above.

All terms used in Table K relating to increment amounts and equalized assessed value (EAV) are construed as in Section 9 of the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation and Redevelopment Act or the Illinois Industrial Jobs Recovery Law. Unless otherwise noted, the EAV and property tax information were obtained from the Cook County Clerk's Office. All sales tax information was obtained from the City of Chicago.

(l) Certain Contracts of TIF Consultants

Table L provides information about contracts, if any, between the TIF consultant who was paid by the City for assisting to establish the Project Area and paid by any entity that has received or is currently receiving payments financed by tax increment revenues from the Project Area. The contents of Table L are based on responses to a mail survey. This survey was sent to every consultant who has prepared at least one redevelopment plan for the establishment of a redevelopment project area within the City in 1998. The Executive Order specifically applies to contracts that the City's tax increment advisors or consultants, if any, have entered into with any entity that has received or is receiving payments financed by tax revenues produced by the same Project Area.

(m) Compliance Statement Prepared by an Independent Public Accountant

As part of the audit procedures performed by independent accountants, certain compliance tests were performed related to the Project Area. Included in the Annual Report is an audit opinion indicating compliance or non-compliance with the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act or the Illinois Industrial Jobs Recovery Law, as appropriate. Section (m) provides this statement.

(a) GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Project Area Project Area is generally bounded on the north by West 83rd Street, on the east by the Dan Ryan Expressway, on the south by West 87th Street, and on the west by South Parnell Street. The map below illustrates the location and general boundaries of the Project Area. For precise boundaries, please consult the legal description in the Redevelopment Plan (Attachment).



(b) DATE OF DESIGNATION AND TERMINATION

The Project Area was designated by the Chicago City Council on December 18, 1986 and amended on October 30, 1996. The Project Area may be terminated no later than December 18, 2009.

(c) COPY OF REDEVELOPMENT PLAN

The Redevelopment Plan for the Project Area, as amended (if applicable), is contained in this Report (Attachment).

(d) DESCRIPTION OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL AND REDEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

During 1998, no new agreements were executed in the Project Area.

(e) DESCRIPTION OF TIF PROJECT(S)

During 1998, there were no tax increment project expenditures within the Project Area.

(f) DESCRIPTION OF TIF DEBT INSTRUMENTS

TABLE F

DESCRIPTION OF TIF DEBT INSTRUMENTS RELATED TO THE PROJECT AREA - TERMS

NAME OF DEBT INSTRUMENT	DATE	I <u>PRINCIPAL</u>	NTEREST <u>RATE</u>	<u>SECURITY</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	UNDERWRITERS	TRUSTEES	INTEREST PAID DURING 1998	PRINCIPAL PAID DURING 1998
City of Chicago Chatham Ridge Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 1987	9/7/88	\$4,825,000	10.25%	Incremental Taxes & Certain Sales Taxes	Tax Increment Allocation Bond	Van Kampen Merritt	American National Bank and Trust Company	\$198,595	\$0

(g) DESCRIPTION OF CITY CONTRACTS

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DESCRIPTION OF CITY CONTRACTS RELATED TO THE PROJECT AREA

CONTRACTING PARTIES WITH THE <u>CITY OF CHICAGO</u>	DATE OF <u>EXECUTION</u>	<u>PURPOSE</u>	AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION <u>PAID IN 1998</u>	PERCENT OF COMPENSATION PAID TO DATE
Peckham, Guyton, Albers & Viets, Inc.	Term Agreement	Studies/Plan/Admin.	\$3,044	100%
Chapman & Cutler	1998	Financing	\$2,000	100%
American National Bank & Trust	1998	Financing	\$3,819	100%
Bansley & Kiener	1998	Studies/Plan/Admin.	\$2,500	100%
Ernst & Young	1998	Studies/Plan/Admin.	\$7,692	100%
City TIF Program Administration	1998	Studies/Plan/Admin.	\$32,607	100%

(h) SUMMARY OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

TABLE H DESCRIPTION OF PRIVATE INVESTMENT ACTIVITY, JOB RETENTION, JOB CREATION, AND RATIO OF PRIVATE TO PUBLIC INVESTMENT IN THE PROJECT AREA

NAME <u>TIF PRO</u>	-	JOB CREATION	JOB <u>RETENTION</u>	PRIVATE INVESTMENT <u>ACTIVITY</u>	PUBLIC INVESTMENT	RATIO OF PRIVATE/PUBLIC <u>INVESTMENT</u>
Home Depot, U.S	.A.	179	0	\$12,209,527	\$3,200,000	3.82

(i) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS

During 1998, the City did not take or divest title to real property within the Project Area. Additionally, the City was not a lessor or lessee of real property within the Project Area during 1998.

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(j) FINANCIAL SUMMARY PREPARED BY THE CITY COMPTROLLER

DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1997

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FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

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CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

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BANSLEY AND KIENER, L.L.P. Certified Public Accountants

125 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60606-4496 AREA CODE 312 263-2700

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Richard M. Daley, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying combined balance sheet of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project of the City of Chicago, Illinois, as of December 31, 1998, and the related combined statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - governmental funds for the years ended December 31, 1998 and 1997. These combined financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Chicago's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these combined financial statements based on our audit. We previously audited and reported upon the balance sheet as of December 31, 1997, totals of which are included for comparative purposes only.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project of the City of Chicago, Illinois, as of December 31, 1998, and the results of its governmental funds operations and changes in fund balance for the years ended December 31, 1998 and 1997 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

As explained in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 1998 the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project of the City of Chicago, Illinois changed its method of accounting for investments.

The year 2000 information on pages 8 and 9 is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and we did not audit and do not express an opinion on such information. Further, we were unable to apply to the information certain procedures prescribed by professional standards because of the unprecedented nature of the year 2000 issue and its effects, and the fact that authoritative measurement criteria regarding the status of remediation efforts have not been established. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the City of Chicago is or will become year 2000 compliant, that the City of Chicago's year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with which the City of Chicago does business are or will become year 2000 compliant.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the combined financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of cash activities on page 10 and the schedule of expenditures by statutory code on page 11, which are also the responsibility of the City of Chicago's management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements of Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project of the City of Chicago, Illinois. Such additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the combined financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the combined financial statements taken as a whole.

Banaley and Kiener, L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants

May 21, 1999

<u>CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS</u> <u>CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT</u>

<u>COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 1998</u> (With Comparative Totals for 1997)

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<u>assets</u>	Governmental Funds	General Long-term Debt Account <u>Group</u>	Total 1998	Total 1997
Cash and investments	\$4,558,093	\$-	\$4,558,093	\$3,415,431
Property taxes receivable	1,043,000	-	1,043,000	796,921
Sales taxes receivable	42,930	-	42,930	31,916
Accrued interest receivable	17,808	-	17,808	6,724
Amounts available for debt service	-	3,650,000	3,650,000	3,198,598
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt				676,402
Total assets	<u>\$5,661,831</u>	<u>\$3,650,000</u>	<u>\$9,311,831</u>	<u>\$8,125,992</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Accrued interest payable	\$ 198,593	\$ -	\$ 198,593	\$ -
Due to other City funds	32,607	-	32,607	22,824
Deferred revenue	995,188	-	995,188	793,252
Bonds payable (Note 2)	225,000	3,650,000	3,875,000	3,875,000
Total liabilities	1,451,388	3,650,000	5,101,388	4,691,076
Fund balance Reserved for debt service Unreserved, undesignated	3,650,000 560,443	-	3,650,000 <u>560,443</u>	3,198,598 <u>236,318</u>
Total fund balance	4,210,443		4,210,443	3,434,916
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$5,661,831</u>	<u>\$3,650,000</u>	<u>\$9,311,831</u>	<u>\$8,125,992</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the combined financial statements.

<u>CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS</u> CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

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COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1997

_	1998	1997
Revenues Property tax Sales tax Interest	\$1,007,369 267,309 174,699	•
Total revenues	1,449,377	1,070,672
Expenditures Capital projects Debt Service	51,662	146,549
Principal retirement Interest	225,000 <u>397,188</u>	200,000 <u>417,687</u>
Total expenditures	673,850	764,236
Revenues over expenditures	775,527	306,436
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,434,916	3,128,480
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$4,210,443</u>	<u>\$3,434,916</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the combined financial statements.

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Project

The Chatham Ridge Tax Increment Redevelopment Project Area (Project) was established in December 1986. The area has been established to finance improvements, leverage private investment and create and retain jobs. Reimbursements, if any, are made to the developer for project costs, as public improvements are completed and pass City inspection. The semi-annual principal and interest payments are made solely from incremental real property taxes and incremental state and local sales taxes, which are paid in the redevelopment district.

Basis of Accounting

The Project is accounted for within the capital project and debt service funds of the City. The Bonds Payable are recorded in the City's General Long-term Debt Account Group. The report is presented herein on a combined basis.

The financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus with only current assets and liabilities included on the balance sheet. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Fixed assets are not capitalized in the general operating funds but, instead, are charged as current expenditures when purchased. The General Fixed Asset Account Group of the City includes the capital assets, if any, of the Project.

Management's Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS</u> CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act Compliance

The Project's expenditures include reimbursements for various eligible costs as described in subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act and the Redevelopment Agreement relating specifically to the Project. Eligible costs include but are not limited to survey, property assembly, rehabilitation, public infrastructure, financing and relocation costs.

Cash and Investments

The bond proceeds and incremental taxes associated with the Chatham Ridge Tax Increment Financing District are deposited with the City Treasurer or in a separate trust account. Eligible project expenditures are approved by the Department of Planning and Development in accordance with the project budget and paid from the trust account. Eligible project expenditures may be paid from bond proceeds or incremental taxes in excess of next year's annual debt service, after fully funding of all other funds and accounts.

Cash belonging to the City is generally deposited with the City Treasurer as required by the Municipal Code of Chicago. The City Comptroller issues warrants for authorized City expenditures which represent a claim for payment when presented to the City Treasurer. Payment for all City warrants clearing is made by checks drawn on the City's various operating bank accounts.

The City Treasurer and City Comptroller share responsibility for investing in authorized investments. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their average combined cash and investment balances.

On January 1, 1998, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools." Accordingly, the City values its investments at fair value, or amortized cost.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are susceptible to accrual and recognized as a receivable in the year levied. Revenue recognition is deferred unless the taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end.

<u>CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS</u> CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2 - Bonds Payable

In September, 1988, the City issued \$4,825,000 of Chatham Ridge Tax Increment Revenue Bonds payable serially through January 1, 2006, beginning January 1, 1991. The bonds have an interest rate of 10.25 percent. The remaining maturities of the bonds (principal portion only) are as follows:

1999	\$ -	
2000	275,000)
2001	325,000)
2002	375,000)
2003	400,000	
Thereafter	2,275,000)

\$3,650,000

The principal listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year.

Note 3 - Commitments

As of December 31, 1998 the Project has entered in contracts for approximately \$54,000 for services and construction projects.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

YEAR 2000 READINESS DISCLOSURE (UNAUDITED)

The City's operations, like those of many other business entities, may be impacted by the inability of certain computer programs and electronic systems with embedded microprocessor chips to recognize calendar dates beyond the year 1999. Unless such programs and microprocessors are modified or replaced prior to the year 2000, they may not function properly after 1999.

The City formed an executive committee in May 1998, to oversee possible City-wide year 2000 impacts. The Department of Business and Information Services has been charged with managing the City's year 2000 project. The year 2000 issue is covered within the scope of the City's year 2000 project. The year 2000 project is divided into stages as follows:

Awareness Stage - Establishing a budget and project plan for dealing with the year 2000 issue.

Assessment Stage - Identifying the mission critical systems, equipment and individual components for which year 2000 compliance is needed.

Remediation Stage - Making changes to systems and equipment.

Validation/testing Stage - Validating and testing the changes that were made during the remediation stage.

The City committed approximately \$28.2 million and \$32.0 million in 1998 and 1999, respectively, for the repair and replacement of year 2000 compromised systems. As of December 31, 1998, the City entered into contracts for approximately \$17.7 million for the test plan development, audit stages and upgrade of certain software programs.

Mission Critical Applications

The City has identified one computer application, the Chicago Accounting and Purchasing System, as critical to conducting the operations for year 2000 compliance. As of December 31, 1998, the City completed the awareness and assessment stages, and the remediation stage was in process for the above mission critical component. This mission critical component is still subject to the validation/testing stage. The City-wide completion of all stages is scheduled for September 1999.

Embedded Systems

The awareness stage, including an inventory of embedded systems has been completed. Baseline assessment of mission critical functions involving embedded systems was substantially completed by the end of the first quarter of 1999. The City has retained outside consultants to manage and implement completion of this aspect of the year 2000 project by the end of September 1999.

YEAR 2000 READINESS DISCLOSURE (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

Other Considerations

The City also initiated an assessment of mission critical vendors, which is being performed by a consultant with oversight from the executive committee to plan for continuity in the City's supply chain. Contingency planning for mission critical systems and other elements of the year 2000 project is scheduled to be completed by the end of September 1999.

The above description of the stages of work to address the year 2000 issues is not a guarantee those systems will be year 2000 compliant. Although the City is currently on schedule to meet its objectives for year 2000 compliance, there is no assurance that compliance will be achieved in a timely manner. Further, if the City successfully addresses its year 2000 issues, there is no assurance that any other entity or governmental agency (including governmental organizations or entities that provide essential infrastructure) with which the City electronically interacts will be year 2000 compliant. At this time, the City can not determine the potential impact of such noncompliance on the business and financial condition or the results of its operations.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CASH ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1998 AND 1997

Cash flows from operating activities Property taxes received Sales taxes received Payments for capital projects Interest received	1998 \$ 963,226 256,295 (41,879) 163,615	216,077
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,341,257	980,131
Cash flows from financing activities Debt service Principal retirement Interest paid	(198,595)	(200,000) (417,687)
-		
Net cash used in financing activities	(198,595)	(617,687)
Increase in cash and investments	1,142,662	362,444
Cash and investments, beginning of year	3,415,431	3,052,987
Cash and investments, end of year	<u>\$4,558,093</u>	<u>\$3,415,431</u>
Reconciliation of revenues over expenditures to net cash provided by operating activities Revenues over expenditures Adjustments to reconcile revenues over expenditures to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 775,527	\$ 306,436
Financing activities	198,595	617,687
Changes in assets - (increase) decrease Property tax receivable Sales taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Changes in liabilities - increase	(246,079) (11,014) (11,084)	(119,511) 5,774 4,152
Accrued interest payable Due to other City funds	198,593 9,783	-
Deferred revenue	9,783 201,936	22,824 142,769
Bonds payable	225,000	
	<u>\$1,341,257</u>	<u>\$ 980,131</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY STATUTORY CODE

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Code Description	1998	1997
Costs of studies, surveys, development of plans and specifications, implementation and administration of the redevelopment plan including but not limited to staff and professional service costs for architectural, engineering, legal, marketing	\$ 45,843	\$ 29,299
Costs of financing, including but not limited to all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance of obligations and which may include payment of obligations issued hereunder accruing during the estimated period of construction of any redevelopment project for which such obligations are issued and for not exceeding 36 months thereafter and including reasonable reserves related thereto	628,007	624,937
Costs of job training, advanced vocational education or career education, including but not limited to courses in occupational semi-technical fields leading directly to employment, incurred by one or more taxing districts, provided that such	020,007	
costs are covered under 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3(q)10		_110,000
	<u>\$673,850</u>	<u>\$764,236</u>

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(k) DESCRIPTION OF TAX RECEIPTS AND ASSESSMENT INCREMENTS

DESCRIPTION OF TAX RECEIPTS AND ASSESSMENT INCREMENTS

YEAR	MUNICIPAL SALES TAX <u>INCREMENT</u>	STATE SALES TAX <u>INCREMENT</u>	MUNICIPAL UTILITY TAX <u>INCREMENT</u>	NET STATE UTILITY TAX <u>INCREMENT</u>	INITIAL <u>Eav</u>	TOTAL 1997 <u>EAV</u>	TOTAL INCREMENTAL PROPERTY <u>TAXES 1997</u>
1998	\$121,682	\$134,612	N.A. (1)	N.A. (1)	\$1,369,425	\$13,157,277	\$1,042,400

(1) N.A. - not applicable.

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(I) CERTAIN CONTRACTS OF TIF CONSULTANTS

During 1998, no TIF consultant was paid by the City for assisting to establish the Project Area and paid by any entity that has received or is currently receiving payments financed by tax increment revenues from the Project Area.

(m) COMPLIANCE STATEMENT PREPARED BY AN INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
BERNARD J. SULLIVAN C.P.A. RICHARD J. GUINN C.P.A. PRANK S. GADZALA C.P.A. PAUL A. MERKEL. C.P.A. PAUL A. MERKEL. C.P.A. JOHN W. SANEW 101 C.P.A. THOMAS A. CERWIN C.P.A. STEPHEN R. PANFIL. C.P.A. MICHAEL.D. HUELS C.P.A. ROBERT J. MARSCHALK.C.P.A. ROBERT J. MANNIGAN, C.P.A. GERARD J. PATER.C.P.A. VINCENT M. GUZALDO.C.P.A. VINCENT M. GUZALDO.C.P.A.

Bansley and Kiener, L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants

Established 1922

125 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE CHICAGO. ILLINOIS 60606-4496 312/263-2700 FAX. 312/263-6935

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Richard M. Daley, Mayor Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, the combined balance sheet of Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project of the City of Chicago, Illinois as of December 31, 1998, and the related combined statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated May 21, 1999.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Project failed to comply with the regulatory provisions in Subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act and Subsection (o) of Section 11-74.6-10 of the Illinois Industrial Jobs Recovery Law as they relate to the eligibility for costs incurred incidental to the implementation of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project of the City of Chicago, Illinois.

This report is intended for the information of the City of Chicago's management. However, this report is a matter of public record, and its istribution is not limited.

Bandley and Kiener, L.L.P.

Certified Public Accountants

y 21, 1999

Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Project Area 1998 Annual Report

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ATTACHMENT REDEVELOPMENT PLAN

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA

REDEVELOPMENT PLAN AND PROJECT

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

OCTOBER 1986

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA

REDEVELOPMENT PLAN AND PROJECT

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

OCTOBER 1986

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

1

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Chatham Ridge Project Site ("Project Site"): An approximately 17acre site located in the southeast section of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area (see Figure 1, page 3).

The Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area consists of singleand multi-story manufacturing or processing buildings, vacant land, a flea market, largely underutilized railroad tracks, and a steel scrap yard. Many of the buildings are in partial use or, in some cases, have been abandoned by their previous owners and/or occupants. In addition to the impact of the unsightliness and unproductiveness of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area on the surrounding neighborhood and its residents, the deteriorating condition of the Redevelopment Area is also an unproductive revenue drain for the entire City of Chicago, resulting in a loss of tax dollars. Therefore, development in the Redevelopment Area should be initiated with the Chatham Ridge Project Site in order to introduce a potentially productive parcel back into the neighborhood and, in the process, help begin the revitalization of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area.

Specifically, development of the Chatham Ridge Project Site would result in an approximately 186,000-square-foot retail shopping center, consisting of a one-story multi-tenant structure, several freestanding buildings and off-street parking. The shopping center would feature both nationally and locally based tenants and would be designed to stem the flow of city shoppers to the suburbs for quality and price-conscious merchandise.

-2-

FIGURE 1

Project Site



KEY Ketevelopment Area

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(is within Redevelopment Aree)

Thew to Hor A Horward

This project is extremely vital since the surrounding neighborhood lacks a desired quantity and variety of retail stores, and the project would provide incentives to motivate national businesses to locate in this area instead of the suburbs. The redevelopment of the Chatham Ridge Project Site should help to create a multiplier effect so that additional private funds will be invested in the community, advancing the redevelopment of the area, including the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area and perhaps even adjoining parcels, and halting what otherwise would have been a stagnant, unproductive scenario for the City of Chicago.

The Chatham Ridge Project Site currently consists primarily of a one-story building, which was once a warehouse for Johnson Products. Over the years the site has declined, falling on bad times, so that the building is now functionally and economically obsolete. The building has been marketed as an industrial or distribution facility without success. The physical condition of the building and site is deteriorated. Redevelopment to alternative uses provides a viable means of halting the present deterioration of the Chatham Ridge Project Site and stimulating economic development of the surrounding Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area.

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA AND PROJECT SITE DESCRIPTIONS

The Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area, is generally located on the south side of the City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, and is described as being bounded as follows:

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By the south boundary line of West 87th Street; the western boundary line of South Parnell Street, the south boundary line of West 84th Street, the west boundary line of South Vincennes Avenue, the easterly line of the right-of-way for the C.& W.I. Railway line; the southern boundary of the Ryerson Steel plant facilities; the western and southern boundary lines of lands used for the Johnson Products distribution facility, and the west line of the Dan Ryan Expressway.

The Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area is approximately 90 acres in size and is located in a predominantly nonresidential portion of the city, characterized by industrial and commercial uses. The Area with its existing land uses is shown in Figure 2 on the following page, and legally described in Appendix A.

Existing land uses in the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area include industrial, commercial and transportation (railroad). A portion of the Redevelopment Area is vacant. Existing development in and improvements to the Redevelopment Area include the following:

- A 200,000-square-foot industrial/warehouse building currently being used for commercial purposes.
- A steel salvage yard.
- An older, multiple-story processing/warehousing facility currently being used for commercial purposes (flea-market).
- A gasoline service station.
- A church building.
- A construction yard and storage building.
- Railroad trackage and related buildings.



CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA Existing Land Uses



H Laventhol & Horwath



Redevelopment Area

Residential
Commercial
Industrial
Vacant

++++ Railroad

The Chatham Ridge Project Site is the aggregate of approximately 17 acres. The Chatham Ridge Project Site is shown in Figure 1. It includes only those contiguous parcels of real property and improvements thereon which will be benefited substantially by the proposed redevelopment project.

The Chatham Ridge shopping center would be developed on the Chatham Ridge Project Site. The Chatham Ridge Project Site, located on the south side of the City of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, is bounded by the western line of the Dan Ryan Expressway (I-94) on the east, the south boundary line of west 87th Street on the south, the east property line of the Anthony Steel steel scrap yard on the west and the south property line of the Johnson Products manufacturing/distribution facilities on the north.

Existing land uses on the Chatham Ridge Project Site consist primarily of a one-story building, which was once a warehouse for Johnson Products, and its accompanying parking lot and rail spur.

POLICY FOUNDATION

The Redevelopment Plan for the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area conforms to the comprehensive plan for the development of the City of Chicago as a whole. Further, these purposes are consistent

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with and are pursuant to implementation of general municipal development objectives and policies contained in plans previously stated by the City of Chicago, including the following:

- 1. The Comprehensive Plan of Chicago: the Improvement Plan for Business, December 1966.
- 2. The Comprehensive Plan of Chicago: Mid-South Development Area, September 1968.
- 3. Chicago Development Plan, Chicago Works Together, May 1984.

Pertinent objectives from the above three mayoral policy statements include the following (the number in parentheses following each specific pertinent objective refers to the plan from which it is excerpted):

- 1. Provide adequate parking and attractive settings. (1)
- 2. Improve business centers in older parts of the City. (1)
- 3. Private initiative supported by public actions will be the important component in business improvements. (1)
- 4. Improve business centers in conjunction with major rebuilding programs. (1)
- 5. Consolidate strip commercial development. (1)
- 6. Provide needed shops and services for Chicago residents. (1)
- 7. Pursue projects which would compete effectively with suburban centers. (1)
- 8. Give priority (of treatment) to centers which face competition from suburban centers. (1)
- 9. Provide more efficient and attractive commercial facilities by encouraging the consolidation of businesses into competitive, customer-oriented retail and special-service centers. (2)

- 10. Encourage industry to meet contemporary standards regarding parking, screening noise and air pollution. Encourage the consolidation of older industrial districts by replacing or rehabilitating deficient buildings and removing nonindustrial uses. (2)
- 11. Maintain residential areas of high quality and improve those which have deteriorated. Increase the supply of standard housing by rebuilding in older areas. (2)
- 12. An emphasis on strengthening Chicago's tax base is fundamental to virtually every City development project which seeks to maintain or expand Chicago's business community and to create job opportunities for City residents. (3)
- 13. Many Chicago neighborhoods that have suffered disinvestment in the past should be emphasized for new investment over those neighborhoods with extensive and solvent private investment. (3)
- 14. A call for balanced growth as a key to economic development means the vigorous pursuit of development opportunities in both the downtown and the neighborhoods, and across the City's economic sectors. (3)

REDEVELOPMENT PLAN GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The purpose of the Redevelopment Plan is to stimulate growth in the form of investment in new development and reinvestment in facilities that are essential in a specific business district, as it is in the entire City. Redevelopment and conservation efforts in the Redevelopment Area would strengthen the entire City through environmental improvements and an increased tax base, and would provide additional employment opportunities. It would encourage citizens and government to work together to address and solve the problems of urban growth and development. The joint venture between the City and the private sector for the redevelopment of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area would receive significant support from the business community.

General Goals

- A. Improve the quality of life in Chicago by eliminating the influences of both physical and economic blight in the Redevelopment Area.
- B. Enhance the marketability of vacant and other underutilized properties by encouraging private investments which strengthen the community's economy, tax base, business environment and living environment.
- C. Develop and create an attractive blend of retail and restaurant space with related uses.
- D. Provide adequate and accessible on-site parking and good traffic flow.
- E. Provide sound economic development in the Redevelopment Area while generating needed sales and real estate tax revenues.
- F. Provide employment opportunities for minorities and women.

Redevelopment Objectives

- A. Enhance the tax base of the City of Chicago and of other taxing districts which extend to the Redevelopment Area by encouraging private investment and commercial development.
- B. Provide public improvements which include utilities, parking, public open space, sidewalks, streetscapes, etc.
- C. Eliminate blight conditions within the Redevelopment Area.
- D. Enhance the value of properties within both the Redevelopment Area and the general business district.
- E. Provide a net benefit to the City in both jobs and tax revenues.
- F. Provide needed incentives to encourage a broad range of improvements in the development of the Redevelopment Area.

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA ELIGIBILITY

The Tax Increment Allocation and Redevelopment Act (Act) of 1977 allows municipalities to improve eligible "blighted" or "conservation" areas in accordance with an adopted redevelopment plan. The Act defines specific criteria for determining the eligibility of an area for redevelopment.

A redevelopment project area is:

- "An area designated by the municipality, which is not less in the aggregate than 1-1/2 acres and in respect to which the municipality has made a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified as a blighted area or a conservation area, or a combination of both blighted and conservation areas."
- A conservation area is defined by the Act as:
- "... any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment project area located within the territorial limits of the municipality in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more. Such an area is not yet a blighted area but because of a combination of 3 or more of the following factors: dilapidation; obsolescence; deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land coverage; deleterious land-use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; lack of community planning, is detrimental to the public safety, health, morals or welfare and such an area may become a blighted area."
- A blighted improved or vacant area is defined by the Act as:
- "... any improved or vacant ... area within the boundaries of a redevelopment project area located within the territorial limits of the municipality where, if improved, industrial, commercial and residential buildings or improvements, because of a combination of five or more of the following factors:

age; dilapidation; obsolescence; deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code standards; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land coverage; deleterious land-use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; lack of community planning is detrimental to the public safety, health, morals or welfare, or if vacant, the sound growth of the tax district is impaired by, (1) a combination of two or more of the following factors: obsolete platting of the vacant land; diversity of ownership of such land; tax and special assessment delinquencies on such land; flooding on all or part of such land; deteriorioration of structures on site improvements in neighboring areas adjacent to the vacant land, or (2) the area immediately prior to becoming vacant qualified as a blighted improved area, or (3) the area consists of an unused quarry or unused quarries, or (4) the area consists of unused rail yards, rail tracks or railroad rights-of-way"

To determine eligibility, a field survey of the Redevelopment Area was conducted together with further research into building age, performance and condition. The discussion below presents an analysis of site and building conditions that relate to the criteria established for designating a redevelopment project area. Relevant characteristics of the improved portions of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area are as follows:

- <u>Size</u> The Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area is approximately 90 acres in size, which exceeds the minimum requirement for a redevelopment project area.
- <u>Age of buildings</u> The majority of the buildings in the Redevelopment Area were constructed before 1950, which exceeds the 35-year standard defined in the Act. These buildings include:

- . The industrial/warehouse/office building formerly occupied by Johnson Products.
- . The processing/warehouse facility that is partially occupied by the Rainbow Flea Market.
- . The Concord oil gasoline service station (part).
- . The building structures associated with the railroad operations.
- . The building structures associated with Anthony Steel that are identifiable.
- Deterioration Various buildings and land areas in the Redevelopment Area exhibit different stages of deterioration. The overall pattern in the Area clearly leads to an increas-ing rate of disinvestment and deterioration. For example, the industrial warehouse building at Lafayette and 87th Street has some leaks in its roof that have resulted in water damage. The north side of the building is overgrown and declining from lack of use because of an abandoned rail spur. The surrounding site, which is largely vacant or used for parking, is also overgrown, poorly maintained and strewn with garbage. The Rainbow Flea Market is located in an old processing/warehouse facility that is in a severe state of disrepair. A multi-story building at the northern end of this facility exhibits dilapidated conditions such as an overall poor physical condition, broken windows, outmoded equipment and a missing roof. A large parcel of land between the Flea Market and Concord Oil is covered with garbage and other unwanted debris. Similarly, the parcel between the Church of God and Concord Oil has become partially a dumping ground.
- Obsolescence The largest building in the Redevelopment Area, the 200,000-square-foot former Johnson Products facility is functionally and economically obsolete. The building was unsuccessfully marketed for five years as an industrial/ warehouse facility. The facility fails to meet many of the criteria that manufacturing/warehouse operations require for facilities:
 - . The long and narrow configuration of the building would require an inefficient U-shaped material flow.
 - . There is a lack of rail service which would be essential for a facility of this magnitude.

- . The placement of the building on the lot line at the 87th Street and Lafayette Avenue intersection inhibits ingress and egress of transportation vehicles because of tight turning radii and traffic conditions.
- . The physical condition of the interior offices does not meet present standards of design, utilization or flexibility.
- Other obsolete buildings in the Area include the multi-story portion of the building that currently houses the flea market. Modern manufacturing and distribution technologies are not suited to multi-story building configurations. The railway buildings on the western side of the Redevelopment Area are largely obsolete because of greatly reduced rail traffic in the area. The HD&B Construction storage facility was originally built for residential uses. Because of deterioration caused by its present use, only a major effort could return it to this higher former use.
- Depreciation of physical maintenance Land and buildings within the Redevelopment Area are not being properly maintained, reflecting the general underutilization of these properties. Vacant land within the Redevelopment Area serves as a local dumping ground, and is generally overgrown. The Rainbow Flea Market building has broken and boarded-up windows. The parking lot and driveway are in disrepair. The multi-story portion of the building does not have a roof, and could be a potential safety hazard. The area surrounding the 200,000-square-foot building is overgrown and littered with debris, which detracts from the desirability of the The facility is occupied by temporary tenants who area. have little incentive to maintain the facility at its proper Interior carpeting and finish are worn, water damage level. is not repaired, some washrooms are unusable and parts of the facility's physical plant are poorly maintained.
- Deleterious land uses and layout The land-use pattern in the Redevelopment Area is inconsistent and unsightly. The salvage yard and flea market are transitional land uses that do not reflect the development potential of this area, given its high traffic volume and visibility, and is inconsistent with surrounding residential and commercial land uses. The abandoned multi-story facility, the underutilized rail tracks

and vacant land are garbage-laden, further detracting from the Area's development potential. The potential of the largest facility in the Redevelopment Area, the former Johnson Products building, is limited by its layout. In order to redevelop or reuse the building, it must be subdivided to meet the needs of the marketplace. Changing manufacturing technology and management procedures are leading a shift in demand toward smaller manufacturing facilities in the range of 50,000 square feet, not 200,000 square feet. The configuration of the building and its position on the site are deleterious to its reuse:

- . The placement of sanitary facilities, sprinkler systems and other basic building systems are designed for a single user and would be expensive to retrofit for multitenants.
- . The building was originally designed to be served by both rail and truck transportation. Because the former is in disrepair from lack of use, the long and narrow configuration of the building now requires an inefficient U-shaped materials flow.
- . Ingress and egress to the facility are inhibited by its proximity to the intersection of 87th Street and Lafayette Avenue. Trucks entering and exiting the facility must make sharp turns into and out of an enclosed delivery area.
- . The lack of rail service restricts reuse potential.
- Lack of community planning The Redevelopment Area and its surrounding area have developed in an inconsistent manner. The potential of the shopping center south of 87th Street is inhibited by the underutilization and deleterious land uses of the Project Site. The amalgamation of industrial, commercial and residential land uses in the vicinity of 87th and Lafayette presents an inconsistent development pattern. The lack of synergistic or related land uses inhibits the area's market potential. Conflicting use patterns, such as truck versus automobile traffic, can cause public safety hazards, as well as general inconvenience. The abandoned and underutilized rail spurs have historically hampered development in the Redevelopment Area, and encourage dumping of debris. A critical mass of complementary retail/commercial uses is necessary to revitalize the economic development potential of the Redevelopment Area.

The characteristics of the vacant land in the Redevelopment Area are also relevant to the eligibility of the Redevelopment Area as follows:

- The western portion of the Redevelopment Area consists largely of rail tracks and rail right-of-way that are unused or underutilized.
- If the rail tracks are abandoned, the original platting of the streets and alleys will be in force (as passed by the town of Lake, November 1, 1881), which will inhibit redevelopment.
- The structures and areas surrounding the vacant land and in the Redevelopment Area are deterioriating as discussed above.
- There is diversity of ownership.

These survey results indicate that the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area qualifies as a blighted or conservation area under the Statutory criteria for such classifications. The Redevelopment Area has significant deficiencies in the following factors:

> Age Deterioration Obsolescence Depreciation of physical maintenance Deleterious layout and land uses Lack of community planning Obsolete platting Railway use and right-of-way Diversity of ownership of vacant land

The Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area is clearly in need of redevelopment and is eligible for utilization of the Provisions of the Act. On the whole, the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area has not been subject to healthy growth and development through investment by private enterprise, and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed without the adoption of the Redevelopment Plan. Vacancies, abandoned buildings, obsolescence, depreciation of physical maintenance, and deleterious layout are all evidence of this situation. Lack of community planning and structural deterioration create obstacles which impede development through normal private actions. The existing facility on the Project Site has been marketed for five years without success for industrial/warehouse uses. It is functionally and economically obsolete, and reuse and redevelopment are the best strategies for utilizing the site to its full development potential.

REDEVELOPMENT PLAN

Pursuant to the foregoing goals and objectives, a coordinated Redevelopment Plan would be implemented to upgrade and revitalize the Redevelopment Area. The first phase of this plan would be to redevelop the Chatham Ridge Project Site at 87th and Lafayette for a community retail shopping center. Other development may be attracted to the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area once the subject shopping center is in place. Any such further development projects would have to be consistent with this Plan and the Act. Figure 3 on the following page identifies the proposed future land uses for the Redevelopment Area.

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FIGURE 3

-10-

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA Future Land Uses





++++ Railroad



Development Strategies

The development strategy under the Redevelopment Plan is to encourage the timely development of a shopping center on the Chatham Ridge Project Site at the corner of Lafayette and 87th Street. Other parts of the Redevelopment Area will be used for commercial and residential purposes as shown in Figure 3. Future land uses and redevelopment strategies will be consistent with this Redevelopment Plan.

All existing buildings on the Chatham Ridge Project site are to be demolished and construction would proceed so that the final redevelopment would include:

- A 186,000-square-foot, one-story, multi-tenant retail mall.
- Freestanding outlot-pads to feature restaurant and other related uses.
- Off-street parking.

The City of Chicago will provide improvements related to the Chatham Ridge shopping center on the Project Site to enhance the City as a whole, to support the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Plan, and to serve the needs of area residents and businesses. Appropriate public improvements would include at least the following:

- Site preparation
 Upgrading storm, sewer and water lines in the adjoining streets
- Installing new sidewalks
- Providing new lighting and landscaping

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The cost of these improvements is estimated in the schedule, Estimated Project Development Costs, in Exhibit 1 on page 24, and will be described in a subsequent section.

The retail center would feature both nationally and locally based tenants. The store mix and marketing strategy for the center would be designed to reduce the leakage of retail expenditures from the neighborhood, as well as to complement existing retail businesses.

Relocation

In order to facilitate the development of the Chatham Ridge shopping center, existing tenants in the building on the Redevelopment Site would have to be relocated. These tenants include:

- Debbie's School of Beauty Culture
- Junior Achievement
- A temporary service center for the M.A.N. Truck and Bus Corporation

The costs of relocation in the form of either relocation advice or financial assistance would be supported by tax increment funds. Future redevelopment of the rest of the Redevelopment Area and the costs associated with relocating tenants present at that time might be covered by tax increment funds generated by such future redevelopment. Land Use Plan - Chatham Ridge Shopping Center -Chatham Ridge Project Site

Land uses would be developed in accordance with the Planned Unit Development (PUD) to be submitted to the proper governing body. Future land uses are also expected to be in accordance with the proposed PUD and allowable variances therefrom. It is the intent of the plan to encourage conforming mixed-used development. The following are the characteristic uses which the City desires in the Project Site.

- <u>Retail Uses</u> Retail uses should be developed in order to make the Project Site one of the preferred shopping center destinations in the City. Prospective tenants include food, appliance, drug and toy stores as anchors with ancillary, multi-tenant retail space.
- <u>Restaurant Uses</u> Restaurant uses would be permitted throughout the Project Site.
- Parking Uses Full realization of economic development potential of the Project Site is directly related to the availability of sufficient automobile parking that is conveniently located together with appropriate pedestrian linkages and amenities to allow and encourage patrons to combine their errands into a one-stop, multi-purpose trip.

Development Design Objectives

The land use plan for the shopping center is designed to improve and strengthen the general land-use relationships within the area. The placement of the building on the Project Site encourages interaction between the proposed retail center and the existing shopping center located directly across 87th Street to the south, providing a stronger retail market draw for multi-purpose shopping trips. The industrial uses to the north are shielded by the site plan design, creating a consistent retail/commercial land-use pattern at 87th and Lafayette.

Architectural and design standards would meet or exceed City requirements. The development of subsequent portions of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area would be consistent in quality and design standards with the Chatham Ridge shopping center.

Estimated Project Development Costs

The Redevelopment Plan required for tax increment financing must include a description of all costs pertaining to the redevelopment project. These project costs include all reasonable or necessary expenses incurred or estimated to be incurred in connection with a redevelopment plan and a redevelopment project. For example, these costs may be:

- Cost of studies, surveys, development of plans and specifications, implementation and administration of the redevelopment plan, including, but not limited to, staff and professional service costs for architectural, engineering, legal, marketing, financial, planning or other services.
- 2. Building acquisition, including demolition of buildings, removal of debris and site grading.
- Costs of removing and constructing or repairing of on- or off-site public improvements, such as roads, curbs, signs, sidewalks, utilities and landscaping.

- 4. Financial costs, including, but not limited to, all necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance of obligations, and which may include payment of interest on any obligations issued hereunder accruing during the estimated period of construction of any redevelopment project for which such obligations are issued and for not exceeding 16 months thereafter, and including reasonable reserves related thereto.
- 5. Costs for relocating tenants from structures that will be demolished.

The estimated costs associated with the redevelopment of the Chatham Ridge Project Site are presented in Exhibit 1 on the following page.

Sources of Funds

Although other sources of funds which become available are not to be excluded, the only source presently contemplated for funding the redevelopment project costs described above is tax increment financing (T.I.F.). The revenue to support a T.I.F. bond issue will be derived from the incremental real estate taxes and the sales tax revenue generated by the new development in the designated redevelopment area.

The sales tax revenue was estimated by identifying a probable retail mix of the shopping center and applying a sales volume figure for each retail use. Because there are no current retail sales on the site, the total expected sales tax revenues are available to the increment allocation. The sales tax revenue allocated

EXHIBIT 1 CHATHAN RIDGE PROJECT SITE ESTIMATED PROJECT DEVELOPMENT COSTS ELIGIBLE FOR TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

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ITEMS	ESTIMATED COSTS (1)
Building Acquisition	\$2,000,000
Public Improvements	923,000
Site Preparation	1,668,000
Tenant Improvements / Relocation	100,000
Architect & Engineer	61,600
Other Professional Fees	300,000
City Administration Expenses	100,000
Financing Expenses	1, 117, 100
TOTAL	\$6,269,700

(1) The cost figures mentioned above are intended to provide an estimate as to project costs. Line items amounts may vary and amounts shown may be shifted from one category to another.

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Source: First National Realty & Development Company, Inc.

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to the increment fund include the following five taxes: Municipal Retailer Occupation Tax, Municipal Service Occupation Tax, Retailer Occupation Tax, Use Tax and Service Use Tax.

As shown on Exhibit 2 on the following page the last current 1985 equalized assessed valuation and property tax revenue for the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area are approximately \$1,302,119 and \$126,554, respectively. The assessed valuation and property tax revenue for the Project Site are approximately \$850,096 and \$82,622, respectively, which represents 65% of the Redevelopment Area's equalized assessed valuation and its real property taxes. The prospective estimate of equalized assessed valuation after redevelopment of the Chatham Ridge Project Site is approximately \$5,713,000 during the shopping center's first full year of operation (see Appendix B).

The total amount of sales tax and real estate tax revenue available to service the tax increment bonds is estimated in Appendix B and shown on page 27 as Exhibit 3. The sales tax revenue will be used exclusively for the development of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area. The Project Site would not reasonably be developed without the use of such incremental revenue. Any excess tax revenue not required for payment of the bond debt service costs and redevelopment project costs may be used for early repayment of debt or be distributed to the public taxing entities.

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EXHIBIT 2

CHATHAM RIDGE REDEVELOPMENT AREA 1985 EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION AND REAL PROPERTY TAXES

Property identification number	Equalized assessed valuation	Real property taxes	
20-33-305-004	Exempt		
-005	\$ 1,374	\$ 134	
-006	6,753	656	
-010	3,608	351	
-012	Exeing	ot	
-013	Exemp		
-018	(1)	(1)	
-022	39,170	3,807	
-024	9,522	925	
-025	12,535	1,218	
-026	(3)	(3)	
-027	112,820	10,965	
-028	Railroad (2)		
-029	106,635	10,364	
-030	159,606	15,512	
20-33-411-013	634,930	61,709	
-014	Railro	ad (2)	
-021	79,151	7,693	
-022	45,936	4,465	
-028(4)	90,079	8,755	
	\$1,302,119	\$126,554	

- (1) Only a small vacant portion of this tax parcel is included in the Redevelopment Area. It is assumed that the assessed valuation and property taxes for this parcel flow to the developed portion of the parcel and not the Redevelopment Area.
- (2) Taxes/payments in lieu predicated on value of property in whole State and allocated to various jurisdictions. It is not possible to ascertain taxes on railroad property at this time.
- (3) Not meaningful. Data not available from Assessor.
- (4) Only part of this tax parcel is in the Redevelopment Area. Equalized assessed valuation and property tax revenues as shown have been apportioned on the basis of land area.

Source: Cook County Assessor's Office.

EXHIBIT 3 CHATHAM RIDGE PROJECT SITE ANALYSIS OF INCREMENTAL TAX REVENUE

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	INCREMENTAL REAL ESTATE TAX REVENUE (1)	INCREMENTAL SALES TAX REVENUE (1)	TOTAL T.I.F. REVENUE
1987	0	0	0
1988	(13,100)	0	(13,100)
1989	393,200	514,666	907,866
1990	583,800	1,082,390	1,666,190
1991	617,500	1,136,510	1,754,010
1992	653,000	1, 193, 335	1,846,336
1993	685,650	1,253,002	1,938,652
1994	719,933	1,315,652	2,035,585
1995	755,930	1,301,435	2,137,365
1996	793,727	1,450,507	2,244,234
1997	833, 413	1,523,032	2 356 445
1998	875,084	1,599,184	2,474,268
1999	918,838	1,679,143	2,597,981
2000	964,780	1,763,100	2,727,880
2001	1,013,019	1,851,255	2,864,274
2002	1,063,670	1,943,818	3,007,488
2003	1, 116, 854	2,041,009	3,157,863
2004	1,172,697	2,143,059	3,315,756
2005	1,231,332	2,250,212	3,481,544
2006	1,292,899	2,362,723	3,655,622
2007	1,357,544	2,480,859	3,839,403

(1) There is a one year lag between the accrued incremental real estate and sales tax revenues shown in Appendix B, Exhibits 3 and C, and when the revenues become available to service obligations, as shown above.

(2) A 5% onnual inflation rate is assumed.

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Source: Laventhol & Horwath, See Appendix B for explanation.

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Nature and Term of Obligations to be Issued

Tax increment revenue obligations may be issued pursuant to the Act for a term not to exceed 20 years. One or more series of obligations may be issued from time to time in order to implement the redevelopment plan. All obligations are to be covered after issuance by projected and actual tax increment revenues and by such debt service reserves and sinking funds as may be provided by ordinance. The terms and conditions of the obligations will depend upon many factors, including recent financial market conditions and its perceived level of risk in the real estate project. Revenues not required for the retirement of obligations providing for reserves, sinking funds and payment of redevelopment project costs are to be declared surplus and become available for distribution annually to the taxing districts in the redevelopment area in the manner provided by the Act.

Such securities may be issued on either a taxable or taxexempt basis with either fixed rate or floating interest rates; with or without floating interest rates, with or without capitalized interest, with or without interest rate limits, and with or without redemption provisions.

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Provisions for Amendment

The Redevelopment Plan and Project may be amended in accordance with the terms of the Act.

Completion of Redevelopment Project and Retirement of Obligations to Finance Redevelopment Costs

The redevelopment of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area will be completed and all obligations issued to finance redevelopment project costs will be retired no later than December 1, 2009. Pursuant to this plan, the bonds will mature no later than 23 years from the adoption of the ordinance approving the redevelopment of the Chatham Ridge Redevelopment Area. Construction activities for the Chatham Ridge Project Site are expected to be completed in four years. Obligations may be retired within less than ten years, depending on the incremental real property and sales tax yield.

APPENDIX A

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF REDEVELOPMENT AREA

PARCEL I

THAT PART OF THE SOUTH 35.00 ACRES (EXCEPT THE EAST 304 FEET AS MEASURED AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE EAST LINE THEREOF) OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 33, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH, RANGE 14 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS, LYING SOUTH OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED LINE:

COMMENCING AT A POINT IN THE EAST LINE OF THE AFORESAID SOUTH EAST 1/4 THAT IS 629.10 FEET NORTH OF THE SOUTH EAST CORNER OF THE AFORESAID SECTION 33; THENCE WEST IN A LINE PARALLEL TO THE SOUTH LINE OF THE AFORESAID SOUTH EAST 1/4 (BEING THE NORTH LINE OF THE SOUTH 300 FEET OF THE NORTH 25.00 ACRES OF THE SAID SOUTH 35 ACRES) TO A POINT THAT IS 450.00 FEET EAST OF THE WEST LINE OF THE AFORESAID EAST HALF OF THE SOUTH EAST 1/4; THENCE NORTH ON A LINE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE LAST DESCRIBED LINE A DISTANCE OF 51.5 FEET; THENCE WEST ON A LINE AT A RIGHT ANGLE TO THE LAST DESCRIBED LINE AND PARALLEL TO THE SOUTH LINE OF THE AFORESAID SOUTH EAST 1/4 A DISTANCE OF 450.00 FEET MORE OR LESS TO THE WEST LINE OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE SOUTHEAST QUARTER OF SAID SECTION 33, INCLUDING THAT PART FALLING IN WEST 87TH STREET.

PARCEL II

THAT PART OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER AND THE EAST 1/2 OF THE NORTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 4, TOWNSHIP 37 NORTH, RANGE 14 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS LYING NORTHERLY OF THE SOUTHERLY LINE, AND SAID SOUTHERLY LINE EXTENDED, OF WEST 87TH STREET, WEST OF A LINE 304 FEET (MEASURED AT RIGHT ANGLES THERETO) WEST OF THE EAST LINE OF SAID NORTHEAST 1/4 SECTION AND EAST OF THE WEST LINE OF PARNELL AVENUE.

PARCEL III

THAT PART OF THE WEST 1/2 OF THE SOUTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 33, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH, RANGE 14 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS LYING SOUTH OF THE SOUTH LINE, AND SAID SOUTH LINE EXTENDED WEST, OF LOTS 4 AND 14 IN SEYMOUR ESTATE SUBDIVISION (A SUBDIVISION OF THE WEST 1/2 OF THE SAID SOUTHEAST QUARTER) AND INCLUDING 87TH STREET AND HOLLAND ROAD FALLING WITHIN, EXCEPTING THEREFROM THAT PORTION OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED LAND LYING SOUTH AND ADJOINING LOTS 4 AND 14 IN SAID SEYMOUR ESTATE SUBDIVISION BOUNDED AS FOLLOWS: COMMENCING ON A POINT ON THE CENTER LINE OF SOUTH STEWART AVENUE EXTENDED SOUTHERLY, WHICH POINT IS ALSO ON THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOT 4, EXTENDED WESTERLY THENCE EASTERLY ALONG SAID EXTENDED LINE AND THE SOUTHERLY LINES OF SAID LOTS 4 AND 14, 815 FEET, MORE OR LESS; THENCE SOUTHERLY AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE LAST DESCRIBED LINE 125 FEET, MORE OR LESS; THENCE WESTERLY ON A LINE PARALLEL TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOTS 4 AND 14, A DISTANCE OF 500 FEET; THENCE SOUTHERLY ON A LINE AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE LAST DESCRIBED LINE, A DISTANCE OF 625.00 FEET; THENCE WESTERLY ON A LINE PARALLEL TO THE SOUTHERLY LINE OF SAID LOTS 4 AND 14, 312.50 FEET MORE OR LESS TO A POINT ON THE EASTERLY BOUNDARY LINE OF THE C&W.I. RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY; THENCE NORTHWESTERLY ALONG SAID LINE UNTIL INTERSECTING WITH THE LINE OF THE CENTER LINE OF SOUTH STEWART AVENUE EXTENDED SOUTHERLY; THENCE NORTHERLY UNTIL REACHING THE POINT OF BEGINNING.

PARCEL IV

THAT PART OF THE EAST 1/2 OF THE WEST 1/2 OF SECTION 33, TOWNSHIP 38 NORTH, RANGE 14 EAST OF THE THIRD PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN IN COOK COUNTY, ILLINOIS LYING SOUTHWESTERLY OF THE NORTHERLY LINE OF 83RD STREET, AND SAID NORTHERLY LINE EXTENDED NORTHWESTERLY TO THE WESTERLY LINE OF VINCENNES AVENUE AND SOUTHEASTERLY OF THE WESTERLY LINE OF VINCENNES AVENUE, (EXCEPTING THEREOF THOSE PARTS FALLING IN BLOCKS 1 AND 3 OF WILLIAM O. COLES'S SOUTH ENGLEWOOD PARK SUBDIVISION, A SUBDIVISION OF THAT PART OF SOUTH ENGLEWOOD KNOWN ON THE ORIGINAL PLAT AS STEVEN A. NEWMAN'S PRIVATE GROUNDS IN THE EAST 1/2 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION RECORDED SEPTEMBER 11, 1873, BOOK 5, PAGE 99 AND BLOCK 17 OF THE PLAT OF PART OF SOUTH ENGLEWOOD, A SUBDIVISION OF THAT PORTION OF SAID SECTION, WHICH LIES WEST AND SOUTHWEST OF HOLLAND SETTLEMENT ROAD AND SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST OF VINCENNES AVENUE AND EAST OF THE CENTER LINE OF THE C.R.I. & P.R.R. RECORDED JANUARY 16, 1873, BOOK 3, PAGE 80, AND THOSE PARTS OF 85TH STREET, 86TH STREET AND 87TH STREET WHICH LIE WEST OF THE WEST LINE, AND SAID WEST LINE EXTENDED, OF PARNELL AVENUE), INCLUDING THOSE PARTS FALLING IN 83RD STREET, 84TH STREET, 87TH STREET AND VINCENNES AVENUE, AND INCLUDING ALL THOSE OTHER STREETS AND ALLEYS, DEDICATED OR OTHERWISE, FALLING WITHIN SAID LAND OR WHICH MAY REVERT TO THE PUBLIC IN THE FUTURE; BUT EXCEPTING THEREFROM THE PARCEL OF LAND BOUNDED AS FOLLOWS: BY THE EASTERLY BOUNDARY LINE OF THE C&W.I. RAILROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY, THE NORTHERLY LINE OF SOUTH VINCENNES AVENUE, THE NORTHERLY LINE OF WEST 83RD STREET AND THE WESTERLY LINE OF SOUTH STEWART AVENUE, (CONSISTING OF APPROXIMATELY 8.2206 ACRES, MORE OR LESS).

APPENDIX 3

ESTIMATED SALES AND REAL ESTATE TAX REVENUES

AVAILABLE FOR TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

The Redevelopment Plan for the Project Site provides information to estimate the incremental tax revenue generated by the contemplated Chatham Ridge shopping center. Two revenue sources are applicable as shown below, sales and real property taxes.

SALES TAX REVENUE

The sales tax revenue was estimated by identifying a probable retail mix of the shopping center and applying a sales volume figure for each retail use from the publication entitled "Dollars and Cents of Shopping Centers", published by the International Council of Shopping Centers. Future sales volumes assume no real growth above an estimated inflation rate of 5% annually; see Exhibits A and B at the end of this Appendix.

PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

The estimated equalized assessed valuation of the Chatham Ridge Project Site after redevelopment was estimated on the basis of the planned new construction. The Chatham Ridge shopping center is estimated to generate an equalized assessed valuation of \$5,713,000, representing a net increase of \$4,862,869 over the present. This equalized assessed valuation assumes the current 40% assessment ratio for commercial property in Cook County and a state multiplier of 1.8085. The market value for the land and construction cost for the proposed shopping center totals approximately \$7.9 million.

Future real property taxes generated by the shopping center are expected to be in the range of \$674,900 during the center's first full year of operation (Exhbibit C to this Appendix). This tax revenue is estimated by applying the 1985 property tax rate in the City of Chicago (\$9.719 per \$100 of assessed value) against the estimated equalized assessed value of the proposed redevelopment and inflating this base tax level by 5% per year. The real property tax increment that is available to support the T.I.F. bonds is shown in Exhibit C to this Appendix.

APPENDIX .

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EXHIBIT A CHATHAN RIDGE PROJECT SITE ESTIMATED ANNUAL SALES VOLUME PER SQUARE FOOT FOR THE FIRST TWO YEARS

	A7.087		ANNUAL SALES VOLUME PER SQUARE FOOT (2)		
	STORE TYPE (1)	SQUARE - FEET (1)	1988	1989	
Tenent A	Fast Food	2,250	\$170	\$179	
Tenant 5	Fast Food	3,000	170	179	
Tenant C	Fast Food	3,000	170	179	
Tenant E	Small	17,400	145	152	
Tenent F	Grocery	74,550	310	326	
Tenant G	Paint	10,800	115	121	
Tenant H	Appliance	24,950	125	131	
Tenant J	Drug	13,000	150	158	
Tenant K	τογ	36,792	90	95	
TOTAL		185,742			

- (1) Store mix and store size information was provided by First National Realty.
- (2) Sales volumes are based on an industry trade publication, "Dollars and Cents of Shopping Centers", which provides sales statistics by shopping center size and by store type. A five percent inflation rate is assumed in the annual sales estimates after 1988. There are only six months of operation in 1988.

APPENDIX 8

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EXHIBIT B CHATHAM RIDGE PROJECT SITE ESTIMATED SALES VOLUME AND TAX REVENUE FOR TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

	1988	` 198 9	1990	1991	1992
Tenant A	\$191,250	\$402,750	\$422,888	\$444,032	\$466,233
Tenant B	255,000	537,000	563,850	592,043	621,645
Tenent C	255,000	537,000	563,850	592,043	621,645
Tenent E	1,261,500	2,644,800	2,777,040	2,915,892	3,061,687
Tenant F	11,555,250	24,303,300	25,518,465	26,794,388	28, 134, 108
Tenant G	621,000	1,306,800	1,372,140	1,440,747	1,512,784
Tenant II	1,559,375	3,268,450	3,431,873	3,603,466	3,783,639
Tenant J	975,000	2,054,000	2,156,700	2,264,535	2,377,762
Tenant K	1,655,640	3,495,240	3,670,002	3,853,502	4,046,177
Total Sales	\$18,329,015	\$38,549,340	\$40,476,807	\$42,500,647	\$44,625,680
food and Drug Sales (1) Sales Tax Revenue at 1%	11,701,500 117,015	24,611,400 246,114	25,841,970 258,420	27,134,069 271,341	28,490,772 284,908
Ail Other Sales Sales Tax Revenue at 6%	6,627,515 397,651	13,937,940 836,276	14,634,837 878,090	15,366,578 921,995	16, 134, 908 968, 094
Total Sales Tax Revenue (2)	\$514,666	\$1,082,390	\$1,136,510	\$1,193,336	\$1,253,002

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(1) This category equals all sales for Tenant F (grocery) and 15% of sales for Tenant J (drug).

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⁽²⁾ The entire sales tax revenue shown above is assumed to be available for funding T.I.F. bonds.

APPENDIX B

EXHIBIT C CHATHAM RIDGE PROJECT SITE ESTIMATED REAL ESTATE TAX REVENUE AND INCREMENTAL REVENUE AVAILABLE FOR TAX INCREMENT FINANCING

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	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Estimated RE Tax Revenue Collected From New Development		376,300	674,900	708,600	744,100
Plus Construction Period RE Tax Revenue	78,000	108,000	0	0	0
Equals Total RE Tax Revenue	78,000	484,300	674,900	708,600	744,100
Existing RE Tax Revenue Base	91,100	91,100	91,100	91,100	91,100
Incremental RE Tax Revenue	(\$13,100)	\$393,200	\$583,800	\$617,500	\$653,000

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Notes: (1) Tax revenue is assumed to increase 5% annually. (2) There are only 6 months of operation assumed in 1988 during which an average occupancy of 90% is assumed. (3) The tax revenue base is fixed unless the tax rate increases.

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