Executive Director’s Report
8/17/20

Staffing during the Covid-19 Pandemic
Except for me, staff members continue to work remotely for the most part, but all have come in from time to time to work on tasks that can be completed most efficiently in the office. Because I live but a seven (7) minute walk from the office, I am fortunate to be able to come in every day.

Amendments to the Ordinance
1. On December 18, the City Council voted into law several amendments to the Governmental Ethics, which this Board played a role in drafting. These took effect on April 14, 2020, and prohibit City elected officials from acting as lobbyists on behalf of private clients before any other government unit in the State, or from receiving compensation or income from such lobbying by others, and prohibit elected officials from any other jurisdiction from acting as lobbyist on behalf of private clients before Chicago government.

Note: as was reported in the Tribune, on April 22, an amendment was submitted to the City Council that would effectively relax this latter prohibition by limiting the prohibition to elected officials from jurisdictions that have “pending or recurring legislative or contractual matters involving the City.” See: https://chicago.legistar.com/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=4424766&GUID=B022DC30-A23F-4E93-A035-468556C844A0&Options=Advanced&Search=

I do not know whether the City Council’s Committee on Ethics and Government Oversight will hold hearings on this proposed amendment. A more recent Tribune article, dated July 5, implies not: https://www.chicagotribune.com/politics/ct-lori-lightfoot-lobbyist-ordinance-stalled-20200705-nfbecc7mi5bw5mzyokabl5iiey-story.html. We will administer and enforce the law as written.

2. As has now been widely publicized, implementation of the non-profit lobbying provisions (also passed on July 24, 2019) was delayed to January 1, 2021. We anticipate that amendments will be submitted to the City Council perhaps in October 2020. Just as the Covid-19 pandemic began, we were working diligently with representatives from the Mayor’s Office and non-profit community on potential amendments.

3. There will be more discussion in closed session of potential amendments relating to the procedures covering investigations submitted to the Board by the Office of Inspector General (“IG”).

We have posted on our website a color-coded version of the Ordinance showing all changes made since January 2018.

2021 Budget
On July 24, we submitted our 2021 budget request, which reflects a cut of $9,031 in non-personnel costs, to offset the rise in personnel expenses in that amount.

Education
Classes and other presentations
We have cancelled all classes from March 17 on. We are unsure when we will be able to resume but are working to come up with a plan to move to virtual classes. We have extended all training deadlines accordingly. All Board classes cover sexual harassment.

On August 20 I am scheduled to give a presentation to members of the Chicago Animal Care Commission and senior staff from that agency, though this will likely be virtual.

On-line Training
For appointed officials. To date, 590 appointed officials have completed the new annual training for appointed officials. This represents 90% of the total. We are not going to enforce deadlines for this year’s training, due to the
Covid-19. We are grateful for the assistance of the Mayor’s Office of Inter-governmental Affairs (IGA), which is responsible for coordinating the appointments of all Mayoral appointees/appointed officials.

For all employees and aldermen. To date, 32,382 employees and all 50 aldermen have completed the program; 46 employees have not, though six (6) are in progress. This putting the City at 99.87% compliance. All but four (4) of those who have not completed the training are City Council employees, working remotely. All will complete it as soon as they can.

For lobbyists. I am pleased that an all-new, expanded training for lobbyists is completed and will be posted this week. Lobbyists will have until March 1, 2021 to complete it.

Council on Governmental Ethics Laws (“COGEL”)
As the President of COGEL, I can report that planning for the streamlined virtual conference in December continues. There will be two plenary sessions, and several videos of panel discussions. All will be offered free of charge to more than 600 COGEL members, including any Board members or staff of our office. The schedule is:

The following pre-recorded sessions will be approximately one hour long and will be available on-demand on the COGEL website throughout the month of December:

- Ethics Update (combined into one 60-minute session this year) (I and the Executive Director of the Ohio State Ethics Commission do this session every year)
- Elections Update
- Enforcement Update
- Campaign Finance Update (combined into one 60-minute session this year)
- Lobbying Update
- FOI Session
- Professional Development Session (Communication and Diversity)

The live COGEL sessions this year are as follows:

- December 1, 2020 3:00 PM ET
  President Welcome / Plenary Session

- December 8, 2020 3:00 PM ET
  Annual Business Meeting

- December 15, 2020 3:00 PM ET
  Awards Presentation / Networking Event / 2021 Conference Announcement

Common Cause Interview
On July 23, I was interviewed by Common Cause about the Board’s work and government ethics generally. The interview can be found here: https://www.facebook.com/CommonCauseIllinois/videos/294391388292891

Sister Agency Ethics Officers
On July 16, the ethics officers from the other local governmental agencies met via Zoom (the Cook County Board of Ethics, Chicago Public Schools, Chicago Park District, Chicago Transit Authority, City Colleges of Chicago, the Cook County Assessor’s Office, and Chicago Housing Authority). Our next meeting will be in October.

2020 Statements of Financial Interests. On February 28, notices to 3,616 City employees and officials were sent by email and U.S. first class mail advising them of the requirement to file 2020 Statements of Financial Interests before May 1. That included persons identified by each Ward or alderman who fall into the definition in the Ordinance of “City Council employee” even though they are paid as independent contractors. Due to the Covid-19 crisis we extended that deadline to July 1.
There remain just three (3) individuals left to file: two (2) employees and one (1) appointed official.

Those who failed to file by 11:59:59 pm on July 14 became subject to fines of $250/day until they file. We have collected $300 in fines and have at least $150 in outstanding fines. For the three (3) above, fines continue to accrue. All those who failed to provide a valid reason for not filing by the deadline were found to have violated the Ordinance. The names and fines of all 44 violators are posted, and those assessed fines are noted.

Forms are posted on our website as soon as they are processed by staff – our goal, which we met this year – is to have all filed forms posted within 24 hours of when they are filed. Once posted, they reside on the Board’s website for seven (7) years from the date of filing. After that time elapses, they are removed and destroyed, pursuant to the Board’s Document Retention Schedule kept with the Illinois Secretary of State and Local Records Commission of Cook County.

**Advisory Opinions**
Since the Board’s last meeting on July 13, we have issued 292 informal advisory opinions. The leading categories for informal opinions were, in descending order: Lobbying; Statements of Financial Interests; Gifts; City Property; Political Activity; Campaign Financing.

The leading City departments from which requesters came in this period were, in descending order: City Council; Mayor’s Office; Police Department/Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA); Fire Department; Mayor’s Office of People with Disabilities; and Department of Buildings.

Informal opinions are not made public but are logged, kept, and used for training and future advisory purposes. (This same practice occurs with our colleagues at the New York City Conflicts of Interest Board, who issue roughly the same number of informal opinions.) They form the basis for much of our annual and periodic educational programs. Formal opinions are made public, in full text, with names and other identifying information redacted out.

**Summary Index of Formal Advisory Opinions/Text of all Formal Advisory Opinions**
Every formal Board opinion issued since 1986 is posted on the Board’s website (more than 910), redacted in accordance with the Ordinance’s confidentiality provisions. Redacted opinions are posted once issued by or reported to the Board. Summaries and keywords for each of these opinions are available on the Board’s searchable index of opinions. Only a handful of other ethics agencies have comparable research tools.

We are unaware of jurisdictions that make their informal opinions public—though others issue them confidentially and enable requesters to rely on them in the event of an investigation or enforcement.

**Waivers**
Since July 1, 2013, the Board has had authority to grant waivers from certain provisions in the Ethics Ordinance. The Board has granted six (6) and denied two (2). By law, we make all granted waivers public on our website. A reconsideration of a request for a ninth is on today’s agenda.

**Summary Index of Board-Initiated Regulatory Actions/Adjudications/pre-2013 Investigations**
We post the summary index of all investigations, enforcement and regulatory actions undertaken by the Board since its inception in 1986 (other than those for violations of filing or training requirements or campaign financing matters). It includes an ongoing summary of all regulatory actions the Board undertook without an IG investigation.

The Board makes public the names of all violators and penalties it assesses where authorized by law to do so. There have been, to date, 125 such matters, but only in those that occurred after July 1, 2013 can the Board release the names of those found to have violated the Governmental Ethics Ordinance. Since July 1, 2013, alone, there have been 53 such matters.

**Summary Index of Ongoing IG/LIG Investigations/Adjudications**
We post and continually update, on our website, an ongoing investigative record showing the status of every completed investigative report brought to the Board by both the IG (a total of eleven since July 1, 2013, the last two (2) of which are on today’s agenda, one for a determination of a violation and fine assessment, the other for a status report concerning potential settlement) and the former Office of the Legislative Inspector General (“LIG”), since January 1, 2012, and
the status of all 50 petitions to commence investigations presented to the Board by the LIG. We update it as appropriate, consistent with the Ordinance’s confidentiality provisions.

Whenever the IG presents the Board with a completed ethics investigation in which the IG believes there have been violations of the Governmental Ethics Ordinance, the procedure that follows is governed by §2-156-385(3) and (4) of the Ordinance: the Board reviews the IG’s report, recommendations, and the entirety of the evidence submitted in its completed ethics investigation, including a review to ensure that the IG conformed with the requirement that it completed ethics investigations within two (2) years of commencing them (unless there is evidence that the subject took affirmative action to conceal evidence or delay the investigation), and that ethics investigations were commenced within five (5) years of the last alleged act of misconduct.

Then, if the Board finds that the evidence presented warrants a prima facie finding of probable cause to believe the subject violated the Ordinance, it notifies the subject of the allegations and affords the subject the opportunity to present written submissions and meet with the Board, together with an attorney or other representative present. The Ordinance provides that this meeting is ex parte – no one from the City’s Law Department or IG is present. Note that the Board may request clarification from the IG as to any evidence adduced in its investigation before making a probable cause finding (and indeed has done so). The Board cannot administer oaths at this meeting but can and does assess the subject’s credibility and the validity and weight of any evidence the subject provides.

If the subject is unable to rebut the Board’s prima facie probable cause finding, the Board may enter into a settlement agreement – all settlement agreements are made public – or the Board or subject may decide to proceed to a merits hearing that is not open to the public. That hearing would be held before an administrative law judge (ALJ) appointed by the Department of Administrative Hearings. The City would be represented by the Law Department (or a specially hired Assistant Corporation Counsel for that purpose), and the subject by his or her attorney. At the conclusion of the hearing, the ALJ submits his or her findings of fact and law to the Board, which can accept or reject them, based solely on the written record of the hearing. The Board will then issue a public opinion in which it finds one or more violations of the Ethics Ordinance (or finds none) and impose appropriate fines.

This process may seem cumbersome. However, it was added to the Ordinance and became effective on July 1, 2013, based on specific recommendations of Mayor Emanuel’s Ethics Reform Task Force in Part II of its 2012 Report – the primary purposes being (i): to guarantee due process for all those investigated by the IG (or former LIG); (ii) to ensure that only the Board of Ethics could make determinations as to whether a person investigated by the IG or LIG violated the Ordinance, given the Board’s extensive jurisprudence and unique expertise in ethics matters; and (iii) to balance due process for those investigated by the IG with an accurate and precise adjudication by the Board of Ethics and the public’s right to know of ethics violations.

On our website, we have a publication that describes this process in detail: https://www.chicago.gov/content/damcity/depts/ethics/general/Publications/EnforceProcedures.pdf

On today’s agenda are two IG cases, pending since October 2019 and May 2020, respectively. In the first, 19029.IG, the Board met with the respondent and his counsel at the July meeting. The case involves potential violations of the Ordinance’s post-employment, prohibited conduct, confidential information, and conflicts of interest provisions. A settlement offer has been sent to the respondent, but we have not yet heard whether he has accepted it. The second, 20005.IG, involves the filing false or misleading Statements of Financial Interests. The respondent submitted written materials to the Board but declined the opportunity to meet with the Board. The matter is on today’s agenda for the Board to issue a determination of violation and assess appropriate fines.

Note: in each of these cases, the fines range from $500-$2,000 per violation.

Please note finally that, in all matters adjudicated or settled on or after July 1, 2013, the Board makes public the names of all violators and penalties assessed, or a complete copy of the settlement agreement.

**Disclosures of Past Violations**

July 2013 amendments to the Ordinance provide that, when a person seeks advice from the Board about past conduct, and discloses to the Board facts leading it to conclude that he or she committed a past violation of the Ordinance, the
Board must determine whether that violation was minor or non-minor. If it was minor, the Board, by law, sends the person a confidential letter of admonition. If it was non-minor, then, under current law, the person is advised that he or she may self-report to the IG or, if he or she fails to do so within two (2) weeks, the Board must make that report.

Since the time this provision (§2-156-070(b)) became effective on July 1, 2013, the Board has advised three (3) aldermen, two (2) aldermanic staffers, two (1) mid-level City employees, one (1) department head and one (1) former department head that their past conduct violated the Ordinance. In three (3) of these cases, one (1) involving an alderman, the second an aldermanic staffer, and the third a former department head, the Board concluded that the apparent violations were not minor or technical, and the aldermen and aldermanic staff self-reported to the former LIG, and the former department head self-reported to the IG. Since the time that all matters involving the former LIG were consolidated with the IG, the IG has informed us that it has no record that the LIG ever commenced an investigation in the matter involving the alderman, and that the matter involving the aldermanic staff was closed, apparently without further investigation by the LIG.

In the four (4) cases in which the Board determined that minor violations had occurred, the Board sent confidential letters of admonition, as required by Ordinance.

**City Council Handbook**

The project of completing a handbook for the operations of aldermanic offices has been resurrected. We updated the content for which we are responsible and submitted it this week. We do not know when the final product will be released, or which aldermen will shepherd it. Previously, the role of shepherding this work fell with former 40th Ward Alderman Patrick O’Connor.

**Litigation**

On June 26, the City was served with a lawsuit, filed in Cook County Circuit Court, Chancery Division, by a former City employee of the Civilian Office of Police Accountability (COPA). The case is *Jason W. Lee v. City of Chicago*, 2020 CH 04524.

The plaintiff left City employment on February 28, 2020 and works as an attorney for the Policemen’s Benevolent and Protective Association. His suit alleges that the post-employment provisions of the Ordinance are unconstitutionally vague, and that the City improperly attempt to regulate the practice of law by Illinois attorneys. It asks for a declaratory judgment and permanent injunction prohibiting the City from enforcing these restrictions against him.

After the matter was briefed by both sides, on July 31, the Honorable Anna Demacopoulos denied the plaintiff’s request for a temporary restraining order and set the matter for a hearing on the permanent injunction for October 12 and 13. The judge also stated that if the City files a motion to dismiss the matter, she will hear that motion.

**Lobbyists-regulation and enforcement**

To date for 2020, there are 833 registered lobbyists – another all-time high – and we have collected $400,075 in lobbying registration fees. This represents 45% of our budget request for 2021.

Q2 activity reports were due by July 20, 2020. As of today, nine (9), two (2) of whom represent non-profits) have not filed their reports. If the other seven (7) do not file by August 18, we will find them in violation of the Ordinance, and they will be subject to fines of $1,000 per day beginning on Aug 19, 2020.

**Freedom of Information Act**

Since the last Board meeting, the Board has received six (6) new requests for records.

The first was for certain sitting appointed officials’ Statements of Financial Interests; we provided the link to our website, so the requestor may search for each of those persons.

The second was for a corrected list of department/aldermanic ethics officers; we provided the link to our website, so the requestor may search for the appropriate lists.
The third was a follow-up to the second, asking for all emails on 8-4-20 from/to R. Superfine/S. Berlin including words “45th Ward” or “Gardiner”; we pasted those emails into an attachment and sent to requestor.

The fourth was for training records for the ethics officer of the 45th Ward; we located and sent to requestor the responsive training records.

The fifth was for training records for an Alderman and for his Statements of Financial Interests; we located and sent the requestor a link to our website for the Statements of Financial Interests and set out the responsive training records.

The sixth was for an aldermanic written commitment to abide by the aspirational code of conduct. We could not locate a record, responded accordingly, and suggested the Clerk’s office, as it long ago collected aldermanic statements of financial interests.