CITY OF CHICAGO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018



Lori E. Lightfoot, Mayor Jennie Huang Bennett, Chief Financial Officer Erin Keane, City Comptroller

Prepared by the Department of Finance





OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

CITY OF CHICAGO

LORI E. LIGHTFOOT MAYOR

June 28, 2019

Dear Chicagoans:

Thank you for your interest in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Chicago for the 2018 fiscal year. We are pleased to make this detailed report available to you as we move forward together in identifying financial solutions and building a government that drives growth and opportunity for all of our neighborhoods and our city's future.

It is no secret that our city faces extraordinary financial challenges, driven by a legacy of pension liabilities, mounting personnel contract increases, and growing debt service obligations – all of which have been long in the making. While these costs loom large for next year and beyond, our administration will be looking at how city government functions to develop a sustainable roadmap for the future. As part of that, we will address our liabilities head on by fulfilling our pension obligations and making our government work more fairly and efficiently for all our residents.

Just like the four stars of our flag, we will build a path forward for our city guided by our central tenets of investing in the safety of our communities, expanding educational opportunities for youth, restoring long-term financial stability, and demanding nothing short of integrity and good government that serves all of Chicago.

I am honored to serve this city and am committed to ensuring our city's hard-earned resources are put to work growing our neighborhoods, strengthening our infrastructure and expanding opportunities that will allow every Chicagoan to build a family, grow their business and pursue their dreams.

We are committed to putting Chicago's fiscal house in order and working in partnership with residents, businesses and all of Chicago's stakeholders to forge a city that is stronger, fairer and more prosperous for all residents for generations to come.

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CITY OF CHICAGO THE CITY COUNCIL LORI E. LIGHTFOOT, Mayor

1 ot Word	DANIEL LA SPATA
	BRIAN HOPKINS
	PAT DOWELL
	SOPHIA D. KING
	LESLIE A. HAIRSTON
	RODERICK T. SAWYER
	GREGORY I. MITCHELL
	ANTHONY BEALE
	PATRICK D. THOMPSON
12th Ward	
	EDWARD M. BURKE
15th Ward	
17th Ward	DAVID MOORE
18th Ward	DERRICK G. CURTIS
19th Ward	
20th Ward	JEANETTE B. TAYLOR
21st Ward	
22nd Ward	MICHAEL D. RODRÍGUEZ
23rd Ward	
24th Ward	
25th Ward	BYRON SIGCHO-LOPEZ
26th Ward	
27th Ward	WALTER BURNETT, JR.
28th Ward	JASON C. ERVIN
	ARIEL E. REBOYRAS
	SCOTT E. WAGUESPACK
	CARRIE M. AUSTIN
	CARLOS RAMIREZ-ROSA
	GILBERT VILLEGAS
	EMMA MITTS
	NICHOLAS SPOSATO
	SAMANTHA NUGENT
	ANDRE V. VASQUEZ
	ANDRE V. VAGGOLZ
	BRENDAN REILLY
	MICHELE E. SMITH
	THOMAS M. TUNNEY
	JAMES M. GARDINER
	JAMES CAPPLEMAN
	MATTHEW J. MARTIN
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2018 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO

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PART I

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE CITY OF CHICAGO

June 28, 2019

To the Honorable Mayor Lori Lightfoot, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Chicago:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the City of Chicago ("City") for the fiscal year that ended December 31, 2018. State law requires that all governmental units publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited by a licensed public accountant.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. The purpose of the CAFR is to provide complete and accurate financial information which complied with the reporting requirements of the Municipal Code of Chicago ("Code"). The City's financial management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP.

The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The Code also requires that the City's basic financial statements are audited by independent certified public accountants selected by the Committee on Finance of the City Council. This requirement has been met, and the unmodified audit opinion rendered by Deloitte & Touche LLP is included in the financial section of this report. The audit was conducted as a subcontractor arrangement between Deloitte & Touche LLP and a consortium of Chicago-based minority- and women-owned certified public accounting firms.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the Code, an additional audit (Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, *Government Auditing Standards, and Office of Management and Budget's ("OMB") Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*) designed to meet the requirements of the OMB Uniform Guidance, a government-wide framework for grants management, is performed annually.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government. The City of Chicago, the third most populated city in the United States, was incorporated in 1837. It occupies land area of approximately 228 miles and, according to the 2018 U.S. Census Bureau, serves a population of more than 2.7 million residents. The City is a municipal corporation and home rule unit of local government under the Illinois Constitution of 1970 and is governed by an elected mayor and city council. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City of Chicago and is elected by general election to a four-year term. The City Council, the City's legislative body, consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms. The City provides public safety, street maintenance, sanitation services, water and sewer services, health, cultural, aviation and human services.

General Government Services ("General Fund"). The General Fund is the City's general operating fund and supports essential City services and activities, such as police and fire protection, trash collection, and public health programs. The General Fund also supports a portion of the City's share of pension contributions for its employees. General Fund revenues come primarily from a variety of local and intergovernmental taxes, fees and fines.

In addition to general government activities, the City has component units that are included in its reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and/or financial relationship. These component units include the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago, the Laborers' Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund, and the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation ("STSC"). Additional information about these component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Budget Process. Annual budgets are adopted for all of the City's funds, including the General Fund and certain special revenue and enterprise funds. Prior to October 15, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures and the means required and at least one public hearing is held regarding the proposed budget. The budget recommendation must be made available for public inspection at least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance, which must be enacted by December 31. Additional information on the budgetary process can be found in Note 3 of the notes in the financial statements.

Local Economy. Chicago continues to have the most diverse economy in the United States, with no single industry representing more than 14 percent of the economy. This diversity provides financial stability from mature industries in business and financial services, manufacturing, transportation and warehousing, education and healthcare, and enables the City to promote the growth of emerging industries in technology, tourism, biotech, and life sciences. Chicago has more than 400 major corporate headquarters, offices, and facilities with at least 1,000 employees located in the Chicago metropolitan area, including 34 Fortune 500 companies. For the sixth year in a row, the Chicago area has been recognized by Site Selection Magazine as the top U.S. city for corporate relocations and expansions.

Chicago remains a global financial and trading center and accounts for over one fifth of the world's global derivatives trading market. The Chicago Board Options Exchange is the largest options exchange in the United States, and Chicago-headquartered CME Group is the top derivatives exchange in the world.

Chicago's O'Hare and Midway International Airports are crucial to the global aviation system. In 2018, O'Hare was ranked the busiest airport in the world for aircraft operations, and together with Midway, handled over 105 million passengers, more than 1.1 million aircraft operations and nearly 1.9 million tons of cargo. Chicago's airports are hubs to three of the four largest carriers in the United States with more than 50 passenger airlines providing nonstop services from Chicago to more than 270 destinations worldwide.

Capital improvement programs are underway at both airports that will serve to strengthen Chicago's position as the country's leading aviation hub. O'Hare 21 is an \$8.5 billion plan to transform the airport from curb to gate and build the country's only Global Gateway terminal, increasing capacity by as much as 25 percent. The Midway Modernization Program includes expansions of the TSA security checkpoint area, terminal parking garage, and a redevelopment of Midway's concession program.

O'Hare and Midway are powerful economic engines, generating \$60 billion in annual economic activity and 540,000 jobs. The airports are self-supporting and do not use local or state tax dollars for operations or capital improvements.

In addition, Chicago continues to be a destination for both business and leisure travelers, drawn by the City's numerous cultural attractions, professional sports teams, festivals, museums, parks, restaurants and more. Tourism has grown substantially in recent years with a record 57.6 million visitors citywide in 2018, an increase of 4.3 percent over the prior year. Millennium Park was named the #1 attraction in Chicago, and is among the top 10 visited sites in the US with as many as 25 million guests in 2017.

Debt Administration. The City actively manages its debt portfolio to ensure that it sufficiently supports essential capital improvement programs without overburdening taxpayers. The City also regularly accesses the debt markets to fund its capital needs. As of December 31, 2018, the City has approximately \$8.2 billion of general obligation debt outstanding. Overall general obligation debt decreased by \$1.5 billion in 2018 due to the refunding of certain callable general obligation bonds by the STSC. The Sales Tax Securitization Revenue Bonds, Series 2018AB and Series 2018C refunding bonds issued by the STSC achieved \$81.2 million in present value savings in debt service for City taxpayers.

In addition to its general obligation debt, the City issues revenue debt secured by the following revenues: general airport revenues, water and wastewater fee revenue, and motor fuel tax revenue. Additional information on the City's outstanding indebtedness can be found in Note 10 of the notes in the financial statements.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives. Each year, the City presents a financial analysis based on the understanding that in order to protect the health and safety of all Chicago residents, it must take a long-term approach to financial planning to ensure it preserves strong neighborhoods, maintains critical infrastructure and fosters a vibrant local economy. This annual analysis, which is available on the City's website, provides a review of the City's revenues and expenditures over the past ten years, and a forecast of the City's finances for the next three years.

The City bases its annual budget on an assessment of the available resources for that year and an understanding of the City's service priorities, adopting a balanced budget each year in accordance with the Illinois Municipal Code.

As part of the annual budget process, the City evaluates each department's direct and indirect costs in order to accurately assess expenses across City government and strives to maintain a diversified revenue system that is responsive to the changing economy and designed to protect the City from short-term fluctuations in any individual revenue source. The City's financial policies are intended to secure the City's financial integrity and health, encourage equitable allocation of costs and resources, and mitigate potential financial risks, maximize economic efficiency, and allow sufficient flexibility to consider new fiscal and budgetary strategies.

Awards and Acknowledgements. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financing Reporting to the City of Chicago for its CAFR for the fiscal year 2017. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

We believe our current CAFR continues to meet the GFOA Certificate of Achievement program's requirements, and it has been submitted for consideration for this year's award.

This report could not have been prepared without the dedication and effective help of the staff of the Department of Finance. We wish to express our appreciation to those who contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Bennett

Jennie Huang Bennett Chief Financial Officer

Erin Keane City Comptroller



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Chicago Illinois

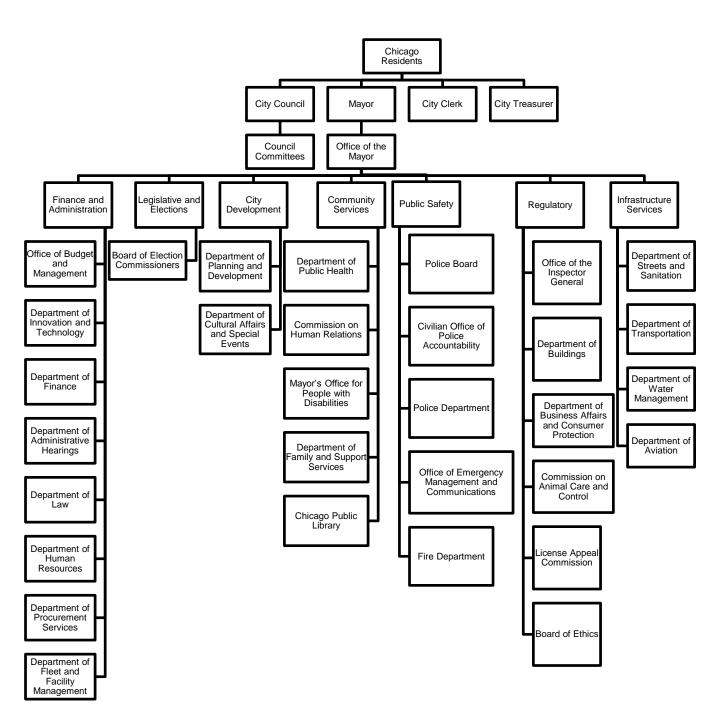
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF CHICAGO ORGANIZATION CHART AS OF 12/31/2018



PART II

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT, MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS AND THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Lori E. Lightfoot, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Chicago, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the City's Pension Plans (the "Plans"), which, in aggregate, represent 100 percent, 95 percent, and 100 percent, respectively, of the revenues, assets, and net position of the fiduciary funds, included in the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Plans, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Chicago, Illinois, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the respective budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and Pension Special Revenue Fund on the budgetary basis of accounting.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Notes 1 and 18 to financial statements, beginning net position was restated due to the City's adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions, and Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Statements, introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Fund Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the

auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the Combining and Individual Fund Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Deloitte + Touche LLP

June 25, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Chicago, Illinois (City) we offer readers of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, contained within this report.

2018 Financial Highlights

- Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of the City, in the government-wide financial statements, exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,364.7 million (*net deficit*). The net deficit is composed of \$3,966.7 million in net investment in capital assets and \$3,445.6 million in net position restricted for specific purposes offset by an unrestricted deficit of \$36,777.0 million. The net deficit increased in 2018 by \$996.6 million as a result of a \$558.7 million increase in the Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability due to the new financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* ("GASB 75") and due to expenses being greater than revenues by \$437.9 million for 2018.
- The City's total assets increased by \$2,451.0 million. This increase primarily relates to a \$1,230.1 million net increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments due to debt issuances and a \$1,066.2 million increase in capital assets as a result of the City's capital improvement program.
- The City's deferred outflows and deferred inflows decreased by \$1,233.6 million and \$2,045.5 million, respectively, primarily due to changes in assumptions for pension activities. The City's total liabilities increased by \$4,259.5 million. These were primarily related to increases in net pension liability of \$2,074.5 million, \$1,684.2 million increase of Chicago-O'Hare revenue bonds and \$558.7 million increase in OPEB due to the restatement for GASB 75.
- Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses), in the fund financial statements, during 2018 were \$7,876.0 million, a decrease of \$180.9 million (2.2%) from 2017. The change was primarily related to a decrease in debt issuances, offset by an increase in tax revenues.
- The General Fund ended 2018 with a total Fund Balance of \$332.3 million, of which \$161.9 million was Unassigned. Total Fund Balance increased from 2017 primarily because Revenues and Other Financing Sources were greater than Expenditures and Other Financing Uses by \$44.4 million.
- The City's General Obligation Bonds and notes outstanding decreased by \$1,478.8 million during the current fiscal year due to General Obligation Bonds and other debt payments and refundings of \$1,635.2 million, offset by a net increase in Line of Credit balances of \$156.4 million. There were no General Obligation Bonds issued in 2018.
- The General Fund expenditures on a budgetary basis were \$113.9 million less than budgeted due to positive variances for debt service transfers.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which include the following components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. These components are described below:

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's financial position, which assists in assessing the City's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These financial

statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means such statements follow methods that are similar to those used by most businesses. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, the reader should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during each fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (for example, uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and sanitation, transportation, health, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include services.

The government-wide financial statements present information about the City as a primary government, which includes the Chicago Public Library. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this management's discussion and analysis.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of a fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information for the eight funds that qualify as major is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The eight major governmental funds are as follows: the General Fund, the Federal, State and Local Grants Fund, the Special Taxing Areas Fund, the Service Concession and Reserve Fund, the Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, the STSC Debt Service Fund, the Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund, and the Pension Fund. Data from the other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City adopts an annual appropriation budget for its general and certain special revenue funds on a non-GAAP budgetary basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Blended Component Unit. The STSC component unit, despite being legally separate from the City, is reported as if it were part of the City because, in addition to being financially accountable for it, the STSC provides services exclusively to the City. The STSC blended component unit is reported as the STSC Debt Service Fund and a Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund.

Proprietary funds. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge user fees for services provided to outside customers including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds, like government-wide statements, use the accrual basis of accounting and provide both long- and short-term financial information. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The City uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, Skyway, and two airports operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but provide more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Chicago Skyway Fund, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund and the Chicago Midway International Airport Fund. All the proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used primarily to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City also uses fiduciary funds to account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for various entities. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. All of the City's fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund basic financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of data provided in the government–wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund basic financial statements.

Additional Information. The combining statements, which include nonmajor funds, for governmental funds and trust and agency funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a whole

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets by \$29,364.7 million at December 31, 2018. Of this amount, \$3,966.7 million represents the City's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, roads, bridges, etc.) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities and deferred inflows.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$3,445.6 million, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

(in millions of dollars)										
	Govern Activ	mental rities		ss-type /ities	Total					
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017				
Current and other assets	. ,	\$ 6,639.4 8,745.6	\$ 7,427.6 17,450.7	\$ 6,112.4 16,437.5	\$ 14,136.6 26,249.3	\$ 12,751.8 25,183.1				
Total Assets Deferred outflows	15,507.6 3,148.6	15,385.0 4,089.9	24,878.3 902.6	22,549.9 1,194.9	40,385.9 4,051.2	37,934.9 5,284.8				
Total	18,656.2	19,474.9	25,780.9	23,744.8	44,437.1	43,219.7				
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	39,518.9 2,423.4	37,411.5 2,364.5	20,824.2 1,561.9	18,771.4 1,521.5	60,343.1 3,985.3	56,182.9 3,886.0				
Total Liabilities	41,942.3	39,776.0	22,386.1	20,292.9	64,328.4	60,068.9				
Deferred Inflows	6,841.6	8,413.7	2,631.8	3,105.2	9,473.4	11,518.9				
Net Position:										
Net investment in capital assets	(332.2)	(551.1)	4,298.9	3,866.0	3,966.7	3,314.9				
Restricted	2,509.1	2,416.1	936.5	868.0	3,445.6	3,284.1				
Unrestricted	(32,304.6)	(30,579.8)	(4,472.4)	(4,387.3)	(36,777.0)	(34,967.1)				
Total net (deficit) position	\$ (30,127.7)	\$ (28,714.8)	\$ 763.0	\$ 346.7	\$ (29,364.7)	\$ (28,368.1)				

City of Chicago, Illinois Summary Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

Governmental Activities. Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased \$1,412.9 million to a deficit of \$30,127.7 million primarily due to an increase of \$558.7 million in the Other Post Employment Benefits liability due to the new financial reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 75 and due to expenses being greater than revenues and transfers by \$854.2 million for 2018. A significant portion of net position is either restricted as to the purpose they can be used for or they are classified as net investment in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, etc.). Consequently, unrestricted net position showed a \$32,304.6 million deficit at the end of this year. This deficit does not mean that the City does not have the resources available to pay its bills next year. Rather, it is the result of having long-term commitments that are greater than currently available resources. Specifically, the City did not include in past annual budgets the full amounts needed to finance future liabilities arising from personnel, property, pollution and casualty claims (\$1,076.8 million) and Municipal Employees', Laborers', Policemen's and Firemen's net pension liability and other post-employment benefits (\$27,446.2 million). The City will include these amounts in future years' budgets as they come due. In addition, the deferred inflow balance of \$1,492.2 million from concession service agreements will be amortized into income over the life of such agreements.

Revenues for all governmental activities in 2018 were \$7,445.1 million, an increase of \$509.7 million from 2017. Over half of the City's revenues were derived from taxes which increased by \$387.8 million (9.0%). In addition, Other revenues increased by \$80.3 million (26.0%) primarily due to the gain on the sale of capital assets.

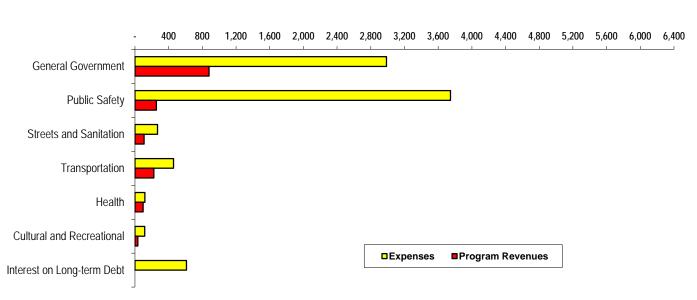
Expenses for governmental activities in 2018 were \$8,301.8 million, an increase of \$121.6 million (1.5%) over 2017. The amount that taxpayers paid for these governmental activities through City taxes was \$4,673.8 million. Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$911.2 million), or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$682.7 million).

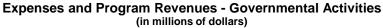
The City paid \$1,177.3 million for the "public benefit" portion with other revenues such as state aid, interest and miscellaneous income.

Although total net position of business-types activities was \$763.0 million, these resources cannot be used to make up for the deficit in net position in governmental activities. The City generally can only use this net position to finance the continuing operations of the water, sewer, Skyway, and airports activities.

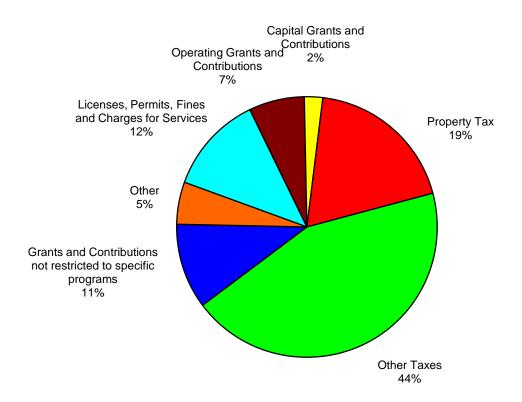
City of Chicago, Illinois Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ	ss-type ⁄ities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Revenues and Other Transfers:							
Program Revenues:							
Licenses, Permits, Fines and							
Charges for Services	\$ 911.2	\$ 900.3	\$ 2,661.1	\$ 2,527.8	\$ 3,572.3	\$ 3,428.1	
Operating Grants and Contributions	511.9	473.2	-	-	511.9	473.2	
Capital Grants and Contributions	170.8	205.5	140.1	120.0	310.9	325.5	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	1,405.4	1,327.2	-	-	1,405.4	1,327.2	
Other Taxes	3,268.4	2,958.8	-	-	3,268.4	2,958.8	
Grants and Contributions not							
Restricted to Specific Programs	788.7	762.0	-	-	788.7	762.0	
Other	388.7	308.4	96.5	83.6	485.2	392.0	
Total Revenues	7,445.1	6,935.4	2,897.7	2,731.4	10,342.8	9,666.8	
Expenses:							
General Government	2,985.4	2,914.7	-	-	2,985.4	2,914.7	
Public Safety	3,746.8	3,636.1	-	-	3,746.8	3,636.1	
Streets and Sanitation	267.4	247.8	-	-	267.4	247.8	
Transportation	458.6	414.0	-	-	458.6	414.0	
Health	117.2	124.1	-	-	117.2	124.1	
Cultural and Recreational	115.1	121.5	-	-	115.1	121.5	
Interest on Long-term Debt	611.3	722.0	-	-	611.3	722.0	
Water	-	-	577.3	581.6	577.3	581.6	
Sewer	-	-	281.9	293.0	281.9	293.0	
Midway International Airport	-	-	293.6	285.0	293.6	285.0	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	-	-	1,318.0	1,256.7	1,318.0	1,256.7	
Chicago Skyway	-	-	8.1	8.5	8.1	8.5	
Total Expenses	8,301.8	8,180.2	2,478.9	2,424.8	10,780.7	10,605.0	
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(856.7)	(1,244.8)	418.8	306.6	(437.9)	(938.2)	
Transfers In (Out)	2.5	2.2	(2.5)	(2.2)			
Change in Net Position	(854.2)	(1,242.6)	416.3	304.4	(437.9)	(938.2)	
Net (Deficit) Position, Beginning of Year as Restated (Note 18)	(29,273.5)	(27,472.2)	346.7	42.3	(28,926.8)	(27,429.9)	
Net (Deficit) Position, End of Year	\$ (30,127.7)	\$ (28,714.8)	\$ 763.0	\$ 346.7	\$ (29,364.7)	\$ (28,368.1)	







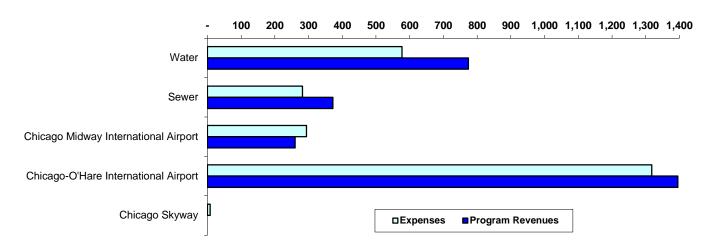


Business-type Activities. Total Revenues of the City's business-type activities increased by \$166.3 million in 2018 mostly from an increase in charges for services, rental income, and other general revenues.

- The Water Fund's total operating revenues increased by \$14.9 million (2.0%) from 2017 primarily due to a decrease in the provision for doubtful accounts resulting from collected water charges from prior years accounts receivable and an increase in water fees of \$4.9 million (0.6%) offset by a decrease in penalties resulting from the collected water charges from prior year accounts. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for the year ended 2018 increased by \$9.1 million (2.3%) from the year ended 2017 primarily due to an increase in transmission and distribution of \$20.1 million, central services and general fund reimbursement of \$5.3 million and customer accounting and collection of \$4.0 million offset by a decrease in pension expense of \$21.6 million.
- The Sewer Fund's total operating revenues increased in 2018 by \$12.1 million (3.4%) primarily due to pumpage and rate increases during the year that were offset by continued conversion of non-metered customers to metered customers. There was a rate increase of 1.54% during 2018. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization for 2018 decreased \$7.7 million (4.7%) from 2017 primarily due to a decrease in pension expense.
- Chicago Midway International Airport's total operating revenues for 2018 increased by \$11.5 million (5.9%) from 2017 primarily due to increases in the landing fees and terminal rental rates to pay for capital development of the airport and operational infrastructure reliability. Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization increased by \$10.4 million (6.11%) compared to 2017 due to increases in salaries and wages of \$3.2 million due to increased public safety presence, pension expense of \$2.6 million primarily as a result of composition of amounts being amortized from deferred inflows and outflows related to prior assumptions changes and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and repairs and maintenance of \$2.8 million due to increased equipment and fuel maintenance.
- Chicago O'Hare International Airport's total operating revenues for 2018 increased by \$85.7 million (8.8%) compared to 2017 due to increases in terminal rents and landing fees to fund capital development, increase in cargo and hangar ground rents of \$2.00/sq. ft. on airport property outside of the airfield area and \$2.25/sq. ft. in the airfield area as leases were finalized in 2017 and the full year impact was realized in 2018. In 2018, the City Council approved the new Airline Use and Lease Agreement ("AULA") for airlines operating at O'Hare, which went into effect as of July 1, 2018 for provisions regarding rates and charges. The AULA provides that the aggregate of all rentals, fees and charges to be paid by the signatory airlines shall be sufficient to pay for the net cost of operating, maintaining and developing O'Hare. Specifically, the AULA allows the City to commence a \$6.1 billion terminal expansion program (known as the Terminal Area Plan or "TAP") that includes construction of new gates and concourses, in addition to \$2.4 billion in additional pre-approved capital projects.

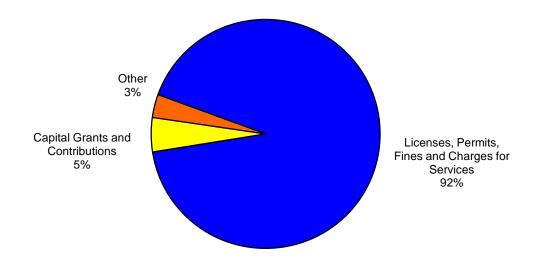
Operating expenses before depreciation, amortization and loss on capital asset disposals increased by \$57.8 million (8.9%) compared to 2017 primarily due to increases in salaries and wages of \$16.6 million as a result of increased public safety presence and increases in medical benefits costs, repairs and maintenance of \$19.7 million due to emergency airfield repairs and additional snow equipment rental as a result of extreme weather conditions, professional and engineering services of \$9.8 million primarily due to the inclusion of the CATCo Consortium Operations costs in the Airport's budget based on the new rate structure in the AULA, and other operating expenses of \$11.7 million primarily due to increases in indirect costs and insurance.

• The Chicago Skyway was leased for 99 years to a private company. The agreement granted the company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue during the term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion of which \$446.3 million was used to advance refund all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The upfront payment is being amortized into nonoperating revenue over the period of the lease (\$18.5 million annually).



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (in millions of dollars)

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At December 31, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,728.2 million, an increase of \$106.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$821.5 million was committed to specific expenditures, \$145.2 million was assigned to anticipated uses, a deficit of \$3,365.9 million was unassigned, \$2,011.3 million was restricted in use by legislation, and \$2,116.1 million was nonspendable.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$161.9 million with a total fund balance of \$332.3 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total General Fund balance represents 9.2% of total General Fund expenditures. The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by approximately \$44.0 million during the current fiscal year due to other financing sources offset by expenditures greater than revenues.

The Federal, State and Local Grants Fund has a total deficit fund balance of \$198.7 million. The deficit is \$42.7 million lower than 2017 primarily due to more timely reimbursement of expenditures.

The Special Taxing Areas Fund has a total fund balance of \$1,471.7 million, which is all restricted to specific expenditures.

The Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for deferred inflows from nonbusiness type long-term concession and lease transactions and has \$652.5 million committed to specific expenditures. The unassigned deficit of \$1,492.2 million results from the deferred inflows from long-term asset leases.

The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund has a total fund deficit of \$1,785.9 million. This is \$1,456.9 million lower than 2017, primarily due to the refunding of certain outstanding City bonds.

The STSC Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$2,148.7 million. The fund balance will be used for future debt service payments for certain outstanding bonds. In 2018, the STSC Fund Balance for nonspendable increased by \$1.3 billion due to the issuance of Bond Series 2018AB and Bond Series 2018C. The net proceeds will be amortized over the life of each bond.

The Community Development and Improvement Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$347.8 million. This is \$1.8 million higher than 2017.

Changes in fund balance. The fund balance for the City's governmental funds increased by \$106.3 million in 2018. This includes a decrease in inventory of \$0.5 million.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water, Sewer, Chicago Skyway, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport, and Chicago Midway International Airport Funds at the end of the year amounted to a deficit of \$4,472.4 million. The unrestricted net position deficit increased by \$85.1 million primarily due to an increase in net pension liability. Other factors concerning the finances of these five funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's 2018 General Fund Budget of \$3,852.5 million was approved by City Council on November 21, 2017. General Fund revenues ended the year \$83.2 million under the 2018 Final General Fund Budget primarily as a result of not using \$37 million of budgeted prior year available fund balance and lower than anticipated revenues from other sources. Expenditures were \$113.9 million less than budgeted amounts as a result of favorable variances in general government expenditures. Additional information on the City's budget can be found in Note 3 under Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability within this report.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2018 amount to \$26,249.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). These capital assets include land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, highways and bridges, and property, plant and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- During 2018, the City completed \$431.9 million in infrastructure projects including \$374.1 million in street construction and resurfacing projects, \$33.7 million in street lighting and transit projects, and \$19.3 million in bridge and viaduct reconstruction, and \$4.8 million in storm water projects. At year end, infrastructure projects still in process had expenses totaling nearly \$566.1 million.
- At the end of 2018, the new facilities of the Department of Fleet and Facilities Management currently had a construction in progress balance of \$36.0 million. The largest facility, located at 69th and Wentworth Avenue, opened in February 2019.
- At the end of 2018 the Water Fund had \$4,755.9 million invested in utility plant, net of accumulated depreciation. During 2018, the Water Fund expended \$391.6 million on capital activities. This included \$0.3 million for structures and improvements, \$124.7 million for distribution plant, \$13.5 million for equipment and \$253.1 million for construction in progress. During 2018, net completed projects totaling \$234.9 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable capital accounts. The major completed projects were installation and replacement of water mains (\$183.9 million), meter save program (\$26.3 million), and Jardine Water Purification Plant mixing and settling basin equipment (\$6.7 million).
- At the end of 2018, the Sewer Fund had net utility plant of \$2,735.4 million. During 2018, the Sewer Fund had capital additions being depreciated of \$237.5 million, and completed projects totaling \$59.0 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable facilities and structures capital accounts. The 2018 Sewer Main Replacement Program completed 21.8 miles of sewer mains and 44.5 miles of relining of existing sewer mains.
- At the end of 2018, Chicago-Midway International Airport had \$1,196.7 million invested in net capital assets. During 2018, the Airport had additions of \$80.9 million related to capital activities. Construction projects include runway rehabilitation, and passenger security checkpoint and terminal garage enhancements. During 2018, completed projects totaling \$18.0 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to building security, runway and taxi improvements and parking enhancements.
- At the end of 2018, Chicago-O'Hare International Airport had \$8.5 billion invested in net capital assets. During 2018, the Airport had additions of \$825.4 million related to capital activities. This included construction for relocation of airline facilities, Central De-icing Pad, Bravo Pad Parking, CONRAC/ parking, ATS rail, terminal improvements, 9C-27C runway construction and taxiway improvements. During 2018 completed projects totaling \$849.9 million were transferred from construction in progress to applicable buildings and other facilities capital accounts. These major completed projects were related to Central De-icing Pad, CONRAC/ Parking, Fuel Line Relocation projects, Bravo Pad Parking, terminal improvements, and runway and taxiway improvements.

City of Chicago, Illinois Capital Assets (net of depreciation) (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			ss-type /ities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Land Works of Art and	÷)	\$ 1,399.8	\$ 1,028.5	\$ 1,028.7	\$ 2,438.0	\$ 2,428.5	
Historical Collections	48.1	47.0	-	-	48.1	47.0	
Construction in Progress	637.2	694.0	1,922.0	1,873.7	2,559.2	2,567.7	
Buildings and Other Improvements	1,492.8	1,534.6	14,134.0	13,174.9	15,626.8	14,709.5	
Machinery and Equipment	299.1	285.0	366.2	360.2	665.3	645.2	
Infrastructure	4,911.9	4,785.2	-		4,911.9	4,785.2	
Total	\$ 8,798.6	\$ 8,745.6	\$ 17,450.7	\$ 16,437.5	\$ 26,249.3	\$25,183.1	

Information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 Capital Assets in this report.

Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$7,993.8 million in General Obligation Bonds/Line of Credit and \$214.0 million in General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations outstanding. Other outstanding long-term debt is as follows: \$2,036.4 million in Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds (STSC Bonds); \$249.9 million in Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds; \$19.9 million in Tax Increment Financing Bonds; and \$16,382.4 million in Enterprise Fund Bonds and long-term obligations. For more detail, refer to Note 10 Long-term Obligations in the Basic Financial Statements.

City of Chicago, Illinois General Obligation and Revenue Bonds (in millions of dollars)

		nmental ivities		ss-type vities	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
General Obligation Tax Increment	\$ 8,207.8 19.9	\$ 9,686.6 27.9	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 8,207.8 19.9	\$ 9,686.6 27.9	
Revenue Bonds	249.9	254.2	16,382.4	14,652.0	16,632.3	14,906.2	
STSC Bonds	2,036.4	743.7			2,036.4	743.7	
Total	\$ 10,514.0	\$ 10,712.4	\$ 16,382.4	\$ 14,652.0	\$ 26,896.4	\$ 25,364.4	

During 2018, the City and the STSC issued the following:

Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes:

- Chicago O'Hare International Airport Commercial Paper Notes (\$138.8 million).
- Chicago O'Hare International General Airport Senior Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A (AMT), Series 2018B (Non-AMT) and Series 2018C (Taxable) (\$2,012.9 million).
- Chicago Midway International Airport Second Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2018A (Taxable) (\$45.7 million).

Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds:

- Sales Tax Securitization Bonds Series 2018A and Taxable Series 2018B (\$680.3 million).
- Sales Tax Securitization Bonds Series 2018C (\$612.4 million).

At December 31, 2018 the City had credit ratings with each of the four major rating agencies as follows:

		Standard &		
Rating Agency	Moody's	Poors	Fitch	Kroll
General Obligation: City	Ba1	BBB+	BBB-	A
Revenue Bonds:				
O'Hare Airport: Senior Lien General Airport Revenue Bonds Senior Lien Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Customer Facility Charge (CFC)	A2 A2 Baa1	A A BBB	A A NR	A+ NR NR
Midway Airport: First Lien Second Lien	A2 A3	A A	NR A	NR A
Water: First Lien Second Lien	Baa1 Baa2	A+ A	AA AA-	NR AA
Wastewater: First Lien Second Lien	Baa2 Baa3	A+ A	NR AA-	NR AA-
Motor Fuel Tax	Ba1	BB+	BBB-	NR
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds		AA-	AAA	AAA

In February 2018, Kroll Bond Rating Agency, Inc. (KBRA) upgraded the rating of the City's General Obligation Bonds from BBB+ to A with a stable outlook.

In February 2018, Fitch Ratings, KBRA, Moody's, and Standard and Poor's withdrew their ratings on the City's Sales Tax revenue bonds as all of the outstanding Sales Tax bonds were defeased.

See Subsequent Events in the footnotes for ratings changes in 2019.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Regional, national, and global economies play a major role in the City's finances and economic growth. In 2018, the unemployment rate in the Chicago metropolitan area was 4.0%, marking the lowest rate since the Recession. Across the Chicagoland area and in Chicago, home prices continued to rise. In Chicago, the median home prices increased to \$285,000, which is a 2.4% increase over the 2017 median sale price. Tourism and business travel to Chicago increased by 4.3% over 2017 levels, reaching 57.6 million visitors in 2018. The Chicago tourism industry supported an estimated 150,000 jobs in 2018.

The City's 2019 General Fund Budget, totaling \$3,877.0 million, was approved by a 48 to 1 vote of City Council on November 14, 2018. The 2019 budget closed an operating budget deficit of \$97.9 million through a combination of reforms, spending cuts, and revenue growth. The 2019 budget includes a \$10 million deposit into the City's operating liquidity fund, which is part of the City's practice of adding to its budget stabilization funds.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Chicago Department of Finance.

Exhibit 1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			Pri	mary Governm	nent	
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,344,338	\$	674,952	\$	2,019,290
Investments		1,158,227	•	380,033	,	1,538,260
Receivables (Net of Allowances):		, ,		,		,,
Property Tax		2,004,049		-		2,004,049
Accounts and Due From Other Governments		1,067,614		477,324		1,544,938
Internal Balances		(68,704)		68,704		-
Inventories	••	25,463		21,242		46,705
Restricted Assets:		00 470		4 04 0 00 4		4 040 400
Cash and Cash Equivalents		93,179		4,218,984		4,312,163
Investments Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		584,884 491,341		1,510,458		2,095,342 491,341
Interest Receivable		491,341		- 13,461		13,461
Other Assets		8,610		62,467		71,077
Capital Assets:	••	0,010		02,101		11,011
Land, Art, and Construction in Progress		2,094,891		2,950,560		5,045,451
Other Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		6,703,703		14,500,102		21,203,805
Total Capital Assets	—	8,798,594		17,450,662		26,249,256
Total Assets		15,507,595		24,878,287		40,385,882
Deferred Outflows		3,148,560		902,604		4,051,164
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows			¢		\$	
Total Assets and Deletted Outhows	φ	18,656,155	\$	25,780,891	φ	44,437,046
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	843,167	\$	578,487	\$	1,421,654
Short-term Debt		-		2,040		2,040
Accrued Interest		283,196		309,351		592,547
Accrued and Other Liabilities		1,197,275		322,978		1,520,253
Unearned Revenue		99,747		328,801		428,548
Derivative Instrument Liability		-		20,239		20,239
Long-term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year		264,118		492,040		756,158
Due in More Than One Year		39,254,777		20,332,152		59,586,929
Total Liabilities		41,942,280		22,386,088		64,328,368
Deferred Inflows		6,841,569		2,631,782		9,473,351
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		48,783,849		25,017,870		73,801,719
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		(332,211)		4,298,879		3,966,668
Restricted for:		(, ,		,,		-,
Capital Projects		416,037		257,815		673,852
Debt Service		621,315		15,900		637,215
Special Taxing Areas		1,471,732		-		1,471,732
Passenger Facility Charges		-		231,621		231,621
Contractual Use Agreement		-		190,867		190,867
Airport General Fund		-		137,216		137,216
Customer Facility Charges		-		42,267		42,267
Other Purposes		-		60,854		60,854
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(32,304,567)		(4,472,398)		(36,776,965)
Total Net (Deficit)/Position		(30,127,694)	\$	763,021	\$	(29,364,673)
	Ť		Ť		<u> </u>	

See notes to basic financial statements.

	Evenence	F	ises, Permits, Fines and
unctions/Programs	 Expenses	Charg	es for Services
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities:			
General Government	\$ 2,985,409	\$	523,026
Public Safety	3,746,763	Ŧ	205,401
Streets and Sanitation	267,444		107,880
Transportation	458,611		53,247
Health	117,199		6,166
Cultural and Recreational	115,130		15,510
Interest on Long-term Debt	611,296		-
Total Governmental Activities	 8,301,852		911,230
Business-type Activities:			
Water	577,264		773,960
Sewer	281,948		369,703
Chicago Midway International Airport	293,594		253,504
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	1,318,038		1,263,971
Chicago Skyway	8,140		-
Total Business-type Activities	2,478,984		2,661,138
Total Primary Government	\$ 10,780,836	\$	3,572,368

See notes to basic financial statements.

Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
					Primary Government						
Operating Grants and Contributions			Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Total		
\$	355,536 48,389 - - 89,667 18,321	\$	- - - 170,830 -	\$	(2,106,847) (3,492,973) (159,564) (234,534) (21,366) (81,299)	\$	- - - -	\$	(2,106,84 (3,492,973 (159,564 (234,534 (21,360 (81,299		
	-		-		(611,296)				(611,296		
	511,913		170,830		(6,707,879)				(6,707,879		
	-		-		-		196,696		196,69		
	-		2,274 6,776		-		90,029		90,02		
	-						(33,314)		(33,31		
	-		131,020		-		76,953		76,95		
			-		-		(8,140)		(8,14		
	-		140,070		-		322,224		322,22		
\$	511,913	\$	310,900		(6,707,879)		322,224		(6,385,65		
Gene Tax	eral Revenues										
					1,405,396		-		1,405,39		
					700,823		-		700,82		
S	ales Tax				361,482		-		361,48		
Ti	ransportation Tax	<			506,193		-		506,19		
Τı	ransaction Tax .				547,262		-		547,26		
					703,261		-		703,26		
					279,515		-	-	279,51		
	ther Taxes		Restricted to		169,899		-		169,89		
					788,737		-		788,73		
			ngs		26,087		50,628		76,71		
			s		79,527		_		79,52		
Mis	cellaneous				282,990		45,953		328,94		
Trans	sfers				2,540		(2,540)				
-	otal General Rev	enues and	Transfers	_	5,853,712		94,041	_	5,947,75		
10				-			110.005		(407.00		
10	Change in N	et Positior	۱		(854,167)		416,265		(437,90		
	-		tated (Note 18)		(854,167) (29,273,527)		416,265 346,756		(437,90) (28,926,77)		

		General		deral, State and Local Grants		Special Taxing Areas
ASSETS	٠	407 740	۴		¢	400.005
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	197,712 138,872	\$	- 78,550	\$	496,095 680,889
Receivables (Net of Allowances):		130,072		78,550		000,009
Property Tax		-		_		587,786
Accounts		250,109		2,436		4,567
Due From Other Funds		220,143		25,358		218,608
Due From Other Governments		49,768		446,084		
Inventories		25,463		-		-
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		3,218		-
Restricted Investments		-		-		-
Restricted Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		-		-		-
Other Assets		-		3,267		-
Total Assets	\$	882,067	\$	558,913	\$	1,987,945
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	224,475	\$	165,182	\$	50,166
Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - Current		-		-		-
Accrued Interest		-		-		-
Due To Other Funds		163,969		263,367		1,901
Accrued and Other Liabilities		136,713		6,559		2,255
Claims Payable Unearned Revenue		21,055 603		-		-
Total Liabilities		546,815		99,144 534,252		- 54,322
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·
Deferred Inflows		2,925		223,409		461,891
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		25,463		-		-
Restricted		-		12,371		1,471,732
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		145,000		-		-
Unassigned		161,864		(211,119)		-
Total Fund Balance	_	332,327		(198,748)	_	1,471,732
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	882,067	\$	558,913	\$	1,987,945

See notes to basic financial statements.

Service Concession and Reserve		Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		STSC Debt Service		Community Development and Improvement Projects		Pension		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	33,932 66,215	\$	-	\$	284,858 151,902	\$	215,800 -	\$	115,941 41,799	\$	1,344,338 1,158,227
	-		519,752		-		-		870,175		26,336		2,004,049
	4,089		1,933		57,704		2,346		1,095		213,932		538,211
	-		412		2,090,686		15,428		64,116		105,540		2,740,29
	-		2,935		-		-		-		30,616		529,403
	-		-		-		-		-		, -		25,463
	63,490		-		-		-		-		26,471		93,179
	584,884		-		-		-		-		, -		584,884
	-		423,190		31,749		-		-		36,402		491,341
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,267
\$	652,463	\$	1,048,369	\$	2,180,139	\$	454,534	\$	1,151,186	\$	597,037	\$	9,512,653
\$	7	\$	-	\$	242	\$	60,903	\$	281,319	\$	58,456	\$	840,750
	-		77,037		-		-		-		-		77,037
	-		251,859		31,167		-		-		170		283,19
	-		2,090,686		-		44,092		176,042		244,980		2,985,03
	-		-		-		1,754		-		11,948		159,229
	-		-		-		-		-		-		21,05
	<u> </u>		-		-		-		-		-		99,74
	7		2,419,582		31,409		106,749		457,361		315,554		4,466,05
	1,492,160		414,677		-		-		693,825		29,485		3,318,372
					2,090,686								2,116,149
	-		-		2,090,000 58,044		- 347,785		-		- 121,338		2,011,27
	- 652,456		-		- 50,044				-		169,067		821,52
	- 002,400		-		-		-		-		231		145,23
	1,492,160)		(1,785,890)		-		-		-		(38,638)		(3,365,94
(.,,)				0 4 40 700		347,785						
((839,704)		(1,785,890)		2,148,730		347.785		-		251,998		1,728,23

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	8,798,594
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period	
expenditures and therefore are recorded as deferred inflows in the funds	1,826,212
Bond issuance costs that are expensed in statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	
but reported as other assets in the statement of activities	5,343
Certain liabilities, including bonds payable, deferred inflows and deferred outflows are	
not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(42,486,073)
Net position of governmental activities	(30,127,694)

Exhibit 4 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas		
Revenues:	¢	¢	¢		
Property Tax	\$.	- \$ -	\$-		
Utility Tax	432,0		-		
Sales Tax (Local)	56,9		-		
Transportation Tax	307,0		-		
State Income Tax	392,4	- 49	-		
State Sales Tax	477 -		-		
Transaction Tax	477,5		-		
Special Area Tax			673,523		
Recreation Tax	279,5		-		
Other Taxes	146,0		-		
Federal/State Grants	3,4		-		
Internal Service	270,1		-		
Licenses and Permits	139,7		-		
Fines	336,9		-		
Investment Income	1,6		6,076		
Charges for Services	193,4		6		
Miscellaneous	104,6	94	1,932		
Total Revenues	3,141,7	49 733,417	681,537		
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government	1,064,8	74 390,608	410,072		
Health	30,7	67 85,790	-		
Public Safety	2,229,4	55 54,839	461		
Streets and Sanitation	206,4	99 -	1		
Transportation	54,3	76 143,555	53,799		
Cultural and Recreational		- 12,579	-		
Employee Pensions			-		
Other	1,2	58 1,012	4,473		
Capital Outlay		- 2,380	-		
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	2,2	50 -	-		
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	7,9				
Total Expenditures	3,597,4	53 690,763	468,806		
Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	(455,7	04) 42,654	212,731		

Continued on following pages.

Service Concession and Reserve		Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	STSC Debt Service	Community Development and Improvement Projects	 Pension	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$ 530,031	\$-	\$-	\$ 870,534	\$-	\$	1,400,565
	-	22,324	-	-	-	243,278		697,662
	-	-	38,651	-	-	265,845		361,482
	-	11,817	-	-	-	187,292		506,193
	-	-	-	-	-	-		392,449
	-	-	50,220	-	-	342,624		392,844
	-	-	-	-	-	69,755		547,262
	-	-	-	-	-	25,616		699,139
	-	-	-	-	-	-		279,515
	-	-	-	-	-	23,869		169,899
	-	-	-	-	-	-		736,861
	-	-	-	-	-	28,324		298,496
	-	2,674	-	-	-	-		142,466
	-	-	-	-	-	18,195		355,095
	(191)	7,184	-	5,694	190	5,507		26,087
	-	-	-	-	-	40,901		234,396
	21,033	9,127	-	22,160	 103,063	20,981		282,990
	20,842	583,157	88,871	27,854	 973,787	1,272,187		7,523,401
	-	-	-	-	-	267,047		2,132,601
	-	-	-	-	-	-		116,557
	-	-	-	31,000	-	96,096		2,411,851
	-	-	-	-	-	52,951		259,451
	-	-	-	-	-	104,030		355,760
	-	-	-	-	-	85,154		97,733
	-	-	-	-	1,159,227	-		1,159,227
	-	-	-	-	-	391		7,134
	-	-	-	239,700	-	46,844		288,924
	-	203,960	-	-	-	129,060		335,270
	-	514,472	67,161		 -	15,161		604,768
	-	718,432	67,161	270,700	 1,159,227	796,734		7,769,276
	20,842	(135,275)	21,710	(242,846)	 (185,440)	475,453		(245,875)

Exhibit 4 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	 General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of Debt Issuance of Line of Credit Premium/(Discount) Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Proceeds from Sale of Assets Transfers In Transfers Out	\$ - - - 627,542 (127,390)	\$ - - - - -	\$	- - - 19,965 (108,258)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 500,152	 -		(88,293)		
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance, Beginning of Year Change in Inventory	 44,448 288,361 (482)	 42,654 (241,402) -		124,438 1,347,294 -		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 332,327	\$ (198,748)	\$	1,471,732		

Service Bond, Note STSC						ommunity velopment and			١	Vonmajor		Total	
	ncession		mption		Debt	provement	-	. .	Go	vernmental	Governmental		
and	Reserve	and li	nterest		Service	 Projects	Pension			Funds	Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,292,700	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,292,700	
	-	2	33,627		-	-		-		-		233,627	
	-		-		110,062	-		-		-		110,062	
	-	(1,3	92,431)		-	-		-		-		(1,392,431)	
	-		-		-	106,131		-		-		106,131	
	-		70,809		-	142,688		185,440		225,544		1,271,988	
	(15,639)	(2	33,627)		(70,809)	 (4,188)		-		(709,537)		(1,269,448)	
	(15,639)	(1,3	21,622)		1,331,953	 244,631		185,440		(483,993)		352,629	
	5,203	(1,4	56,897)		1,353,663	1,785		-		(8,540)		106,754	
	(844,907)	(3	28,993)		795,067	346,000		-		260,538		1,621,958	
	-		-		-	 -		-		-		(482)	
\$	(839,704)	\$ (1,7	85,890)	\$	2,148,730	\$ 347,785	\$	-	\$	251,998	\$	1,728,230	

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Exhibit 5 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 106,754
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current	
period	84,748
In the Statement of Activities, gain or loss on disposal and sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds are recorded	(26,604)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds	(6,670)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments	84,784
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds	(1,097,179)
Change in the net position of governmental activities	\$ (854,167)

Exhibit 6 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Devenueer	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:	¢ 405 700	Ф 405 7 00	¢ 400.000	¢ (2.040)
Utility Tax	\$ 435,700	\$ 435,700	\$ 432,060	\$ (3,640)
Sales Tax	54,800	54,800	56,986	2,186
Transportation Tax	309,500	309,500	307,084	(2,416)
Transaction Tax	422,638	422,638	477,507	54,869
Recreation Tax	268,890	268,890	279,515	10,625
Other Taxes	132,740	132,740	146,030	13,290
State Income Tax	386,714	386,714	392,449	5,735
Federal/State Grants	1,800	1,800	3,444	1,644
Internal Service	280,421	280,421	270,172	(10,249)
Licenses and Permits	131,050	131,050	139,792	8,742
Fines	326,200	326,200	336,900	10,700
Investment Income	8,000	8,000	1,627	(6,373)
Charges for Services	191,240	191,240	193,489	2,249
Miscellaneous	241,694	241,694	104,694	(137,000)
Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus				
and Reappropriations	37,000	37,000	-	(37,000)
Transfers In	624,090	624,090	627,542	3,452
Total Revenues	3,852,477	3,852,477	3,769,291	(83,186)
Expenditures: Current:				
General Government	1,370,690	1,370,690	1,217,183	153,507
Health	32,916	32,916	30,777	2,139
Public Safety	2,176,781	2,176,781	2,223,737	(46,956)
Streets and Sanitation	209,734	209,734	206,815	2,919
Transportation	57,400	57,400	55,121	2,279
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	2,250	2,250	2,250	-
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	2,706	2,706	2,706	-
Total Expenditures	3,852,477	3,852,477	3,738,589	113,888
Revenues (Under) Over Expenditures	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 30,702	\$ 30,702

Exhibit 7 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PENSION FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$	905,514	\$	905,514	\$ 870,534	\$	(34,980)
Investment Income		-		-	190		190
Other Revenue		103,063		103,063	103,063		-
Transfers In		178,922		178,922	 185,440		6,518
Total Revenues		1,187,499		1,187,499	 1,159,227		(28,272)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
City Contribution to -							
Municipal Employees'							
Annuity and Benefit Fund		344,000		344,000	345,260		(1,260)
City Contribution to -							
Laborers' and Retirement Board		10.000		10.000			(1.10)
Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund		48,000		48,000	48,140		(140)
City Contribution to -		FF7 000		FF7 000			00 540
Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund		557,000		557,000	527,454		29,546
City Contribution to -		229 400		238,499	238,373		126
Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund		238,499		230,499	 230,373		120
Total Expenditures		1,187,499		1,187,499	 1,159,227		28,272
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Exhibit 8 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Busir	ness	s-type Activit	ies ·	Enterprise F	und	ls		
			Ма	ajor Funds						
	Water	Sewer		Chicago- Midway International Airport		Chicago- O'Hare International Airport		Chicago Skyway		Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS										
CURRENT ASSETS:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$	206,922	\$ 73,084	\$	62,153	\$	332,057	\$	736	\$	674,952
Investments	264,309	97,690		5,081		12,271		682		380,033
Accounts Receivable (Net of										
Allowances)	193,388	109,429		18,651		92,960		4		414,432
Interest Receivable	2,222	-		145		671		4		3,042
Due from Other Funds	38,708	20,075		2,022		39,929		-		100,734
Inventories	20,453	789		-		-		-		21,242
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	127,032	173,559		104,883		786,847		-		1,192,321
Investments - Restricted	70,642	14,249		-		-		-		84,891
Interest Receivable - Restricted Other Assets - Restricted	256	2,189		-		- 1,923		-		2,445 1,923
—		 -		-						
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS NONCURRENT ASSETS:	923,932	491,064		192,935		1,266,658		1,426		2,876,015
				100 011		2 0 4 2 2 5 2				2 0 2 (/ / 2
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	-	- 1F/ 420		183,311		2,843,352		-		3,026,663
Interest Receivable - Restricted	-	156,439		296,144 1,706		972,984 9,310		-		1,425,567 11,016
Other Assets - Restricted	-	-		3,306		9,310 37,817		-		41,123
Due from Other Governments - Restricted	_	-		32,416		27,434		-		59,850
Other Assets	2,797	1,209		573		5,338		9,504		19,421
Property, Plant, and Equipment:	2,171	1,207		0/0		0,000		7,001		17,121
Land	6,858	560		116,250		892,248		12,609		1,028,525
Structures, Equipment and										
Improvements	5,536,536	3,304,057		1,703,964		10,229,588		490,818		21,264,963
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,215,511)	(661,173)		(719,107)		(3,901,958)		(267,112)		(6,764,861)
Construction Work in Progress	427,987	91,925		95,571		1,306,552		-	_	1,922,035
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	4,755,870	 2,735,369		1,196,678		8,526,430		236,315		17,450,662
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS:	4,758,667	2,893,017		1,714,134		12,422,665		245,819		22,034,302
TOTAL ASSETS	5,682,599	3,384,081		1,907,069		13,689,323		247,245		24,910,317
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	241,755	75,820		134,202		450,827		-		902,604
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS\$	5,924,354	\$ 3,459,901	\$	2,041,271	\$	14,140,150	\$	247,245	\$	25,812,921

		Bu	siness-type Activ	vities - Enterprise	Funds	
			Major Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Chicago- Midway International Airport	Chicago- O'Hare International Airport	Chicago Skyway	Total
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$ 23,600	\$ 3,291	\$ 23,388	\$ 85,097	\$-	\$ 135,376
Due to Other Funds	9,949	9,096	10,744	2,226	15	32,030
Accrued and Other Liabilities	231,527	41,227	1,542	14,668	-	288,964
Unearned Revenue	15,940	12,654	16,676	283,531	-	328,801
Current Liabilities Payable from						
Restricted Assets	197,930	187,808	104,441	786,846	-	1,277,025
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	478,946	254,076	156,791	1,172,368	15	2,062,196
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Revenue Bonds and						
Commercial Paper Payable	2,550,388	2,005,573	1,782,568	10,379,262	-	16,717,791
Line of Credit and TIFIA Loan Payable	-	-	-	258,150	-	258,150
Net Pension Liability	1,172,444	453,667	329,702	1,400,398	-	3,356,211
Derivative Instrument Liability	-	-	20,239	-	-	20,239
Other	1,577	-	1,954	-	-	3,531
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	3,724,409	2,459,240	2,134,463	12,037,810	-	20,355,922
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,203,355	2,713,316	2,291,254	13,210,178	15	22,418,118
DEFERRED INFLOWS	435,097	161,529	82,841	381,103	1,571,212	2,631,782
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment						
in Capital Assets	2,163,158	827,773	(172,197)	1,243,830	236,315	4,298,879
Restricted Net Position:						
Debt Service	-	-	5,381	10,519	-	15,900
Capital Projects	256	115,576	49,213	92,770	-	257,815
Passenger Facility Charges	-	-	3,854	227,767	-	231,621
Contractual Use Agreement	-	-	35,978	154,889	-	190,867
Air Development Fund	-	-	-	137,216	-	137,216
Customer Facility Charge	-	-	13,798	28,469	-	42,267
Other	-	-	12,461	48,393	-	60,854
Unrestricted Net (Deficit)	(877,512)	(358,293)	(281,312)	(1,394,984)	(1,560,297)	(4,472,398)
TOTAL NET POSITION/(DEFICIT)	\$ 1,285,902	\$ 585,056	\$ (332,824)	\$ 548,869	\$ (1,323,982)	\$ 763,021

Exhibit 9 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Busi	nes	s-type Activ	rities	- Enterprise	Fund	S		
					Ма	ijor Funds						
	Water			Sewer	Chicago- Midway International Airport		Chicago- O'Hare International Airport		Chicago Skyway			Total
Operating Revenues:												
Charges for Services - Net of Provision for Doubtful Accounts of \$8,205 for Water and \$12,611 for Sewer	¢ 744	- 1 4	¢	240 211	¢	104 125	¢	709,933	¢		¢	1,930,815
Rent	\$ 746,	-	\$	368,211	\$	106,125 100,408	\$	709,933 351,980	\$	-	\$	452,388
Other	27,-	414		1,492		-		-		-		28,906
						201 522		1 0/1 010				
Total Operating Revenues	773,	760		369,703		206,533		1,061,913		-		2,412,109
Operating Expenses:												
Personnel Services	134,			13,472		51,408		222,550		-		422,318
Contractual Services	57,3			3,664		24,144		111,642		-		196,765
Repairs and Maintenance		249		68,563		47,326		115,008		-		233,146
Commodities and Materials Depreciation and Amortization	23,8 74,6			- 48,504		- 51,383		- 259,467		- 8,140		23,844 442,130
Loss on Capital Asset Disposal	74,0	-		40,304		51,505		22,218		0,140		22,218
General Fund Reimbursements	88,2			51,188		_		-		_		139,474
Pension Expense	85, [,]			18,938		42,843		145,920		-		293,152
Other	19,			-		15,689		115,146		-		150,158
Total Operating Expenses	485,	992		204,329		232,793		991,951		8,140		1,923,205
Operating Income (Loss)	287,	968		165,374		(26,260)		69,962		(8,140)		488,904
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):												
Investment Income (Loss)	5 ()72		2,436		6,408		36,707		5		50,628
Interest Expense	(91,			(77,619)		(59,598)		(305,798)		-		(534,287)
Passenger Facility Charges	(7.1)	-		-		39,469		163,221		-		202,690
Customer Facility Charges		-		-		7,502		38,837		-		46,339
Noise Mitigation Costs		-		-		(648)		(6,097)		-		(6,745)
Cost of Issuance		-		-		(555)		(14,192)		-		(14,747)
Other	2,)58		5,010		1,083		19,267		18,535		45,953
Total Nonoperating Revenues												
(Expenses)	(84,	142)		(70,173)		(6,339)		(68,055)		18,540		(210,169)
Transfers Out Capital Grants	(2,	120) -		(120) 2,274		- 6,776		- 131,020	_	-		(2,540) 140,070
Net Income (Loss)	201,4	106		97,355		(25,823)		132,927		10,400		416,265
Net Position (Deficit) -	1	10/		407 704		(207.004)		415 040	1-	224.000		
Beginning of Year	1,084,4	196		487,701		(307,001)		415,942	(1	,334,382)		346,756
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 1,285,	902	\$	585,056	\$	(332,824)	\$	548,869	\$ (1	,323,982)	\$	763,021

Exhibit 10 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			Βι	usines	s-type Activit	ies -	Enterprise Fur	nds			
				Maj	or Funds						
-	Water		Sewer		Chicago- Midway ernational Airport	lı	Chicago- O'Hare nternational Airport	Chicago Skyway			Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:											
Received from Customers		\$	364,412	\$	218,913	\$	1,119,995	\$	-	\$	2,471,867
Payments to Vendors	(97,400)		(31,185)		(99,379)		(314,320)		-		(542,284)
Payments to Employees	(134,874)		(51,640)		(45,367)		(202,667)		-		(434,548)
Transactions with Other City Funds	(124,992)		(61,740)		(5,119)		(82,338)		-		(274,189)
Cash Flows Provided By											
Operating Activities	411,281		219,847		69,048		520,670		-		1,220,846
Cash Flows from Capital and Related											
Financing Activities:											
Proceeds from Issuance of Bonds/Commercial											
Paper/IEPA Loans/TIFIA Loans/LOC	108,279		91,664		45,670		2,173,861		-		2,419,474
Acquisition and Construction of			,				1 -1				
Capital Assets	(349,318)		(234,702)		(55,685)		(753,691)				(1,393,396)
Capital Grant Receipts	-		207		4,067		118,125				122,399
Bond Issuance Costs			-		(3,332)		(20,114)				(23,446)
Payment to Commercial Paper Note/LOC			-		-		(112,297)				(112,297)
Payment to Refund Bonds	-		-		(62,720)		(27,370)		-		(90,090)
Principal Paid on Debt	(102,197)		(57,417)		(27,930)		(298,185)				(485,729)
Interest Paid	(115,575)		(89,707)		(82,596)		(413,215)				(701,093)
Passenger and Customer Facility Charges	-		-		46,732		195,961				242,693
Concessionaire Funds	-		-		-		-		53		53
- Cash Flows (Used in) Provided By Capital											
and Related Financing Activities	(458,811)		(289,955)		(135,794)		863,075		53		(21,432)
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities:											
Noise Mitigation Program	-		-		(648)		(6,097)				(6,745)
Proceeds from Settlement Agreement			4,931		171		643		-		5,745
			1,751				010				0,710
Cash Flows Provided by (used in)			1 0 2 1		(777)		(E 4E 4)				(1 000)
Non Capital Financing Activities	-		4,931		(477)		(5,454)				(1,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:											
Purchases (Sale) of Investments, Net	108,547		139,815		146,856		648,567		93		1,043,878
Investment Income	12,013		9,007		10,321		51,976		5		83,322
Cash Flows Provided By											
Investing Activities	120,560		148,822		157,177		700,543		98		1,127,200
Net Increase in Cash and											
Cash Equivalents	73,030		83,645		89,954		2,078,834		151		2,325,614
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	260,924		162,998		260,393		1,883,422		585		2,568,322
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year		\$		\$	350,347	\$		\$	736	\$	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, ENU ULTEAL	ψ 333,734	φ	246,643	φ	330,347	φ	3,962,256	φ	130	φ	4,893,936

Exhibit 10 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

				Busi	iness	-type Activit	ies -	Enterprise F	unds	i		
					Ма	jor Funds						
	_	Water		Sewer		Chicago- Midway International Airport		Chicago- O'Hare ternational Airport	Chicago Skyway			Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to												
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢	207.040	¢	145 274	¢	(24.240)	¢	60.060	¢	(0.140)	¢	100 001
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	287,968	\$	165,374	\$	(26,260)	\$	69,962	\$	(8,140)	\$	488,904
Adjustments to Reconcile:												
Depreciation, Amortization and Loss on Capital		74,636		10 504		E1 202		281,685		8,140		464,348
Asset Disposals Pension Expense Other than Contribution		74,030 53,316		48,504 6,191		51,383 31,353		281,085 99,229		0,140		404,348
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts		8,205		12,611		31,303		77,229		-		20,824
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		0,200		12,011		0		-		-		20,024
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		(12,430)		(16,885)		2,220		(8,435)				(35,530)
(Increase) Decrease in Necessation (Increase) Decrease in Due From Other Funds		(12,430)		2,163		(439)		(672)				(985)
(Decrease) Increase in Voucher Warrants		(2,007)		2,105		(+37)		(072)				(703)
Payable and Due to Other Funds		(8,153)		(404)		692		11,306		-		3,441
Increase in Unearned Revenue and		(0,100)		(101)		072		11,000				0,111
Other Liabilities		8,162		2,107		10,143		66,517		-		86,929
Increase (Decrease) in Inventories and				_,								
Other Assets		1,614		186		(52)		1,078		-		2,826
Cash Flows from												
Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	411,281	\$	219,847	\$	69,048	\$	520,670	\$	-	\$	1,220,846
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Items:												
Capital asset additions in 2018												
with outstanding accounts payable,												
accrued, or other liabilities	\$	75,782	\$	82,446	\$	30,041	\$	236,181	\$	-	\$	424,450
The fair value adjustments (loss) to												
investments for 2018	\$	15,125	\$	7,805	\$	(3,809)	\$	(13,747)	\$	-	\$	5,374
See notes to basic financial statements.												

Exhibit 11 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust	Agency
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$ 159,516 -	\$ 182,187 167,863
Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government		
Obligations Stocks	1,839,944 3,664,384	-
Mortgages and Real Estate	633,689 1,497,249	-
Cash and Investments with	1,407,240	11 401
Escrow Agent Property Tax Receivable	-	11,401 112,594
Accounts Receivable, Net Due From City	1,239,948 176,042	11,975 -
Property, Plant, Equipment and other Invested Securities Lending Collateral	323 358,440	-
Total Assets	\$ 9,569,535	\$ 486,020
LIABILITIES		
Voucher Warrants Payable Accrued and Other Liabilities Securities Lending Collateral	\$ 261,095 - 358,440	\$ 55,243 430,777 -
Total Liabilities	\$ 619,535	\$ 486,020
Deferred Inflows	\$ 258	\$ -
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 619,793	\$ 486,020
NET POSITION		

Restricted for Pension Benefits	8,949,742
Total Net Position	\$ 8,949,742

Exhibit 12 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total
ADDITIONS	
Contributions: Employees City	\$ 309,318 1,235,137
Total Contributions	1,544,455
Investment Income:	
Net Depreciation in Fair Value of Investments	(638,215)
Interest, Dividends and Other	202,321
Investment Expense	
Net Investment Income	(476,562)
Securities Lending Transactions:	
Securities Lending Income	8,835
Securities Lending Expense	(6,177)
Net Securities Lending Transactions	2,658
Total Additions	1,070,551
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and Refunds of Deductions	2,172,025
Administrative and General	
Total Deductions	2,189,948
Net Increase in Net Position	(1,119,397)
Net Position:	
Beginning of Year	10,069,139
End of Year	\$ 8,949,742

1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Chicago (City), incorporated in 1837, is a "home rule" unit under State of Illinois law. The City has a mayor-council form of government. The Mayor is the Chief Executive Officer of the City and is elected by general election. The City Council is the legislative body and consists of 50 members, each representing one of the City's 50 wards. The members of the City Council are elected through popular vote by ward for four-year terms.

The accounting policies of the City are based upon accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Effective January 1, 2018, the City adopted the following GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"), replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB). GASB 75 details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. The City Adopted GASB 75 for the year ended December 31, 2018. GASB 75 required governments providing defined Other Postemployment Benefits. The Statement also enhanced accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (see RSI and Notes 11 and 18). Beginning Net Position was restated as a result of implementation of this standard (see Note 18).

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus* – ("GASB 85") the objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The statement addresses various miscellaneous issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (OPEB). Adoption of GASB 85 had no impact to the City's Financial Statements.

GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* – ("GASB 86") establishes accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources (resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt) are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. Adoption of GASB 86 had no impact to the City as historical defeasances of debt have not been from existing resources.

Other accounting standards that the City is currently reviewing for applicability and potential impact on the financial statements include:

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* – ("GASB 83"), addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets will have to recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. GASB 83 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* – ("GASB 84") will improve the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB 84 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* – ("GASB 87") will improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the

payment provisions of the contract. The Statement will establish a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that are currently not reported. GASB 87 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* – ("GASB 88") will improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. GASB 88 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period – ("GASB 89") will enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. GASB 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. GASB 89 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 ("GASB 90") aims to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. GASB 90 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* – ("GASB 91") provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and aims to eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. GASB 91 will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending December 31, 2021.

a) Reporting Entity – The financial reporting entity consists of the City and its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The financial statements for the City have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), applicable to governmental units, as required by the Municipal Code of Chicago (Code). The City includes the Chicago Public Library.

The City's financial statements include the following legal entities as fiduciary trust funds:

<u>The Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by a five-member board: three members are elected by plan participants and two are members ex-officio.

<u>The Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: two members are elected by plan participants, two are members ex-officio, two members are appointed by the City Department of Human Resources, one member is elected by retired plan participants and one member is elected by the local labor union.

<u>The Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are appointed by the Mayor.

<u>The Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago</u> is governed by an eight-member board: four members are elected by plan participants and four are members ex-officio.

Financial statements for each of these four pension plans (collectively, "Pension Plans") may be obtained at the respective Pension Plans' offices.

Blended Component Unit

The City's financial statements also include, as a blended component unit, the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation (the "STSC"). The STSC is a special purpose not-for-profit corporation incorporated under the provisions of the General Not-For-Profit Corporation Act of 1986 of the State of Illinois (805 ILCS 105) (the "State"), as amended, and organized in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the City of Chicago City Council on October 11, 2017. The STSC is a non-stock corporation, has no members, and is governed by a board of directors (the "Board"). Except as described in the following sentence, the Board has five voting directors all of whom are officials of the City. The STSC's Bylaws require the vote of an additional "independent director" as a condition to taking certain actions. The independent director would be appointed by the Mayor of the City prior to any such actions.

Pursuant to a sale agreement authorized by Division 13 of Article 8 of the Illinois Municipal Code, in 2017 the City entered into an Assignment, Purchase and Sale Agreement ("Sale Agreement") with the STSC under which the City sold its right, title and interest in and to certain sales tax revenues collected by the State (the "Sales Tax Revenues"). The Sales Tax Revenues consist of (a) revenues resulting from collection of three separate taxes (collectively, the "Home Rule Sales Tax Revenues") imposed by the City pursuant to its home rule powers and authority granted by State statute; and (b) revenues resulting from the collection of four separate taxes (collectively, the "Local Share Sales Tax Revenues") imposed by the State. In exchange for selling its right, title and interest in the Sales Tax Revenues, the City received a residual certificate which represents the City's ownership interest in excess Sales Tax Revenues to be received by the STSC to pay debt service requirements of any outstanding obligations and administrative costs during the term of the Sale Agreement. The Sale Agreement is effective until there are no secured obligations outstanding for the STSC.

The STSC provides benefits exclusively to the City, and as a result, is presented as a blended component unit of the City.

The City reports the General Fund of the STSC as a non-major special revenue fund and the Debt Service Fund of the STSC as a major debt-service fund.

Complete financial statements of the STSC can be obtained at www.salestaxsecuritizationcorporation.com.

The City's officials are responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making appointments and no financial accountability or fiscal dependency exists between the City and these organizations. Therefore, the Chicago Park District, Chicago Public Building Commission, Chicago Public Schools, Community College District No. 508, Chicago Housing Authority and the Chicago Transit Authority are deemed to be related organizations.

b) Government-wide and fund financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general

revenues. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period with the exception of property tax revenue, which is recorded as deferred inflows unless taxes are received within 60 days subsequent to year-end. Licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are not considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recorded as revenues when received in cash. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting, except for interest and principal on long-term debt, the long-term portion of compensated absences, claims and judgments, and pension obligations.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Federal, State and Local Grants Fund accounts for the expenditures for programs, which include general government, health, public safety, transportation, aviation, cultural and recreational, and capital outlays. The majority of revenues are provided by several agencies of the Federal government, departments of the Illinois State government and City resources.

Special Taxing Areas Fund accounts for expenditures for special area operations and maintenance and for redevelopment project costs as provided by tax levies on special areas.

Service Concession and Reserve Fund accounts for monies committed for mid- and long-term uses. The Mid-term portion is subject to appropriation for neighborhood human infrastructure programs, health, and other initiatives, whereas the Long-term portion is committed for future budgetary and credit rating stabilization. These reserves were created as a result of the Skyway Lease and Parking Meter System transactions. The deferred inflows result from long-term concession and lease transactions whose proceeds are recognized as revenue over the term of the agreements.

Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by property tax, utility tax, sales tax, transportation tax, and investment income.

STSC Debt Service Fund accounts for the expenditures for principal and interest as provided by sales tax revenues.

Community Development and Improvement Projects Funds account for proceeds of debt used to acquire property, finance construction, and finance authorized expenditures and supporting services for various activities.

Pension Fund accounts for the City's contribution to the City's four Employees' Annuity and Benefit Funds as provided by the tax levy and other sources of revenue, including the allocable share from Enterprise Funds and Special Revenue Funds.

Within the governmental fund types, fund balances are reported in one of the following classifications:

Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in a spendable form; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., City Council); to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is held by the City Council. The City Council passes Ordinances to commit their fund balances.

Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by: (a) the City Council itself; or (b) a body or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Budget Director or Comptroller has authority to assign amounts related to certain legal obligations outside of the appropriation process within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types (special revenue, debt service, and capital projects) resources are assigned in accordance with the established fund purpose and approved appropriation. Residual fund balances in these fund types that are not restricted or committed are reported as assigned.

Unassigned includes the residual fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds as business-type activities:

Water Fund accounts for the operations of the Chicago Water System (Water). The Water system purifies and provides Lake Michigan water for the City and 125 suburbs. The Water Fund operates two water purification facilities with a combined output pumping capacity of 2,160 million gallons per day and 12 pumping stations with a combined pumping capacity of 3,661 million gallons per day.

Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Wastewater Transmission System (Sewer). The Sewer system transports wastewater to the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago for processing and disposal. This service is provided for the residents and businesses of the City and certain suburban customers.

Chicago Midway International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago Midway International Airport (Midway) that provides regional travelers with access to airlines that generally specialize in low-cost, point-to-point, origin and destination passenger services. Midway Airport is conveniently located 10 miles from downtown Chicago.

Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund records operations of Chicago-O'Hare International Airport (O'Hare), the primary commercial airport for the City. The airlines serving the Airport operate out of four terminal buildings with a total of 191 gates as of December 31, 2018. Three domestic terminal buildings, having a total of 171 aircraft gates serve domestic flights and certain international departures. The International Terminal, with 20 aircraft gates and four hardstand positions, serves the remaining international departures and all international arrivals.

Chicago Skyway Fund records operations of the Chicago Skyway (Skyway) which provides vehicle passage across the Calumet River, between the State of Indiana and the State of Illinois (State) through the operation of a tollway which consists of a 7.8-mile span connecting the Dan Ryan Expressway to the Indiana Toll Road. Facilities include a single toll plaza consisting of a central office, maintenance garage and toll collection area. In January 2005, the City entered into a long-term Concession and Lease Agreement of the Skyway, granting a private company the ability to operate and to collect toll revenue during the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received a one-time upfront payment of \$1.83 billion.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Pension Trust Funds report expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Agency Funds account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for certain activities or for various entities. Payroll deductions and special deposits are the primary transactions accounted for in these funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, sewer, airports and skyway funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods and services, or privileges provided, or fines; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. General revenues include internally dedicated resources and taxes.

Certain indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The airport funds' principal operating revenues are derived from landing fees and terminal use charges as well as rents and concessions. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the City that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

d) Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and net position or equity

i) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments generally are held with the City Treasurer as required by the Code. Interest earned on pooled investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their average combined cash and investment balances. Due to contractual agreements or legal restrictions, the cash and investments of certain funds are segregated and earn and receive interest directly. The City uses separate escrow accounts in which certain tax revenues are deposited and held for payment of debt. The Code permits deposits only to City Council-approved depositories, which must be regularly organized

state or national banks and federal and state savings and loan associations, located within the City, whose deposits are federally insured.

Investments authorized by the Code include interest-bearing general obligations of the City, State and U.S. Government; U.S. Treasury bills and other noninterest-bearing general obligations of the U.S. Government purchased in the open market below face value; commercial paper and State and Local Government Series (SLGS), domestic money market funds regulated and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission and tax anticipation warrants issued by the City. The City is prohibited by ordinance from investing in derivatives, as defined, without City Council approval. The City values its investments at fair value or amortized cost. U.S. Government securities purchased at a price other than par with a maturity of less than or equal to one year are reported at amortized cost.

The City's four retirement plans are authorized to invest in bonds, notes, and other obligations of the U.S. Government; corporate debentures and obligations; insured mortgage notes and loans; common and preferred stocks; stock options; real estate; and other investment vehicles as set forth in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. These investments are reported at fair value.

Repurchase agreements can be purchased only from banks and certain other institutions authorized to do business in the State. The City Treasurer requires that securities that are pledged to secure these agreements have a fair value equal to the cost of the repurchase agreements plus accrued interest.

Investments generally may not have a maturity date in excess of thirty years from the date of purchase. Certain other investments are held in accordance with the specific provisions of applicable ordinances. Cash equivalents include certificates of deposit and other investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Deficit cash balances result in interfund borrowings from the aggregate of funds other than escrowed funds. Interest income and expense are generally not recognized on these interfund borrowings.

State statutes, the City and the City's Pension Plans' policies permit lending securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Securities lent at year-end for cash collateral are presented as not categorized in the schedule of custodial credit risk; securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the category for the collateral.

Securities Lending by the Pension Plans - The State Statutes and the Board of Trustees permit the Pension Plans to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return collateral for the same securities in the future. The Plans' custodians, acting as the lending agent, lends securities for collateral in the form of cash, U.S. Government obligations and irrevocable letters of credit equal to 102% of the fair value of domestic securities plus accrued interest and 105% of the fair value of foreign securities plus accrued interest. The Plan does not have the right to sell or pledge securities received as collateral unless the borrower defaults. All securities loans can be terminated on demand within a period specified in each agreement by either the Funds or the borrowers. The contracts with the Fund's custodian require the securities lending agent to indemnify the Funds.

Municipal Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 92 days at December 31, 2018. The cash collateral is invested in tri-party repurchase agreements and bank deposits which had a weighted average maturity of 26 days at December 31, 2018.

Laborers' Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 90 days at December 31, 2018. Cash collateral may be invested in a short-term investment pool, which had a weighted average maturity of 30 days at December 31, 2018.

Policemen's Employees' - The average term of the Fund's loan was approximately 1 day as of December 31, 2018. Cash collateral was reinvested in indemnified repurchase agreements which had an interest sensitivity of 1 day at December 31, 2018.

Firemen's Employees' - The average term of securities loaned was 51 days in 2018. Cash collateral may be invested in a short-term investment pool, which had a weighted average maturity of 27 days at December 31, 2018.

ii) Receivables and Payables activity between funds are representative of services rendered, outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is based on historical trends. The estimated value of services provided but unbilled at year-end has been included in receivables.

- iii) Inventory includes government-wide inventories, which are stated at cost determined principally, using the average cost method. For proprietary funds, the costs of inventories are recorded as expenses when used (consumption method). Governmental fund inventories are accounted for using the purchases method and represent nonspendable resources because they do not represent expendable available financial resources.
- iv) Restricted Assets include certain proceeds of the City's enterprise fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment. These assets are classified as restricted or committed in the basic financial statements because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or specific City Council action.

The Water and Sewer funds maintain Rate Stabilization Accounts where any net revenues remaining after providing sufficient funds for all required deposits in the bond accounts may be transferred upon the direction of the City to be used for any lawful purpose of the specific fund.

The O'Hare and Midway funds maintain Passenger Facility Charge accounts as restricted as they are subject to Federal Aviation Administration regulation and approval, to finance specific eligible capital and debt related activities.

v) Capital Assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets, or a network of assets, with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 (not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalization value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense (Governmental and Business Activities) incurred by the City during the current fiscal year was \$1,252.8 million, of which \$107.2 million was capitalized as part of the capital assets under construction projects in proprietary funds.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method, in the year subsequent to acquisition or when placed into service, over the following estimated useful lives:

Utility plant	25 -	100 years
Utility structures and improvements	50 -	100 years
Buildings and improvements	10 -	40 years
Airport runways, aprons, tunnels, taxiways, and paved roads		30 years
Bridge infrastructure	10 -	40 years
Lighting infrastructure		25 years
Street infrastructure	10 -	25 years
Transit infrastructure	25 -	40 years
Equipment (vehicle, office, and computer)	5 -	20 years

The City has a collection of artwork and historical treasures presented for public exhibition and education that are being preserved for future generations. The proceeds from sales of any pieces of the collection are used to purchase other acquisitions. A portion of this collection is not capitalized or depreciated as part of capital assets.

- vi) Deferred Outflows represent unamortized loss on bond refundings, the fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective hedges, differences between estimated and actual investment earnings related to pensions, changes in actuarial assumptions related to pensions and other pension related changes. Deferred Outflows for OPEB represent the difference between expected and actual non-investment experience and assumption changes.
- vii) Employee Benefits are granted for vacation and sick leave, workers' compensation and health care. Unused vacation leave is accrued and may be partially carried over for one year. Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of one day for each month worked, up to a maximum of 200 days. Severance of employment terminates all rights to receive compensation for any unused sick leave. Sick leave pay is not accrued. Employee benefit claims outstanding, including claims incurred but not reported, are estimated and recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Employees are eligible to defer a portion of their salaries until future years under the City's deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Third-party administrators who maintain the investment portfolio administer the Plan. The plan's assets have been placed in trust accounts with the plan administrators for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries and are not considered assets of the City.

The City is subject to the State of Illinois Unemployment Compensation Act and has elected the reimbursing employer option for providing unemployment insurance benefits for eligible former employees. Under this option, the City reimburses the State for claims paid by the State. Expenditures for workers' compensation are recorded when paid in the governmental funds. A liability for these amounts is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

viii)Judgments and claims are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. In the fund financial statements, expenditures for judgments and claims are recorded on the basis of settlements reached or judgments entered within the current fiscal year. Amounts that relate to deferred compensatory time and reserves for questioned costs are treated the same way.

ix) Long-term obligations are included in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements. Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt, except in the case of refunding debt transactions where the amortization period is over the term of the refunding or refunded debt, whichever is shorter.

The City enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates and/or cash flows on outstanding debt. For existing swaps, the net interest expenditures resulting from these arrangements are recorded as interest expense. The fair value of derivative instruments that are deemed to be effective is accounted for as deferred outflows. Derivative instruments that are deemed not effective are adjusted to fair value with the change in fair value recorded to investment earnings. Under certain bond ordinances adopted by the City Council, interest rate swaps and swaptions are authorized to be entered into by designated City officials in connection with certain bonds issued by the City. For swaps related to Midway Bonds, airline approval is also required before entering into a swap agreement.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received and discounts given on debt issued are reported as other financing sources or uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Certain debt obligations are to be paid from sales tax, motor fuel or special area taxes.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's four pension plans and additions to/deductions from the City's Pension Plans fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Pension Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The financial statements of the Plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

- x) Deferred inflows represent amounts to be recognized as revenue on a straight line basis over the life of the related long-term lease and concession agreements and differences between projected and actual actuarial experience related to pensions, and other pension related changes. In the fund financials, grants that meet all of the eligibility criteria except for time availability and property taxes levied for a future period are also included in deferred inflows. Deferred inflows for OPEB represent the difference between expected and actual non-investment experience and assumption changes.
- xi) Net Position in the government-wide statements is classified in three components:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or any other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
 - (2) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are legally restricted through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Restricted net position for business activities are provided in Exhibit 8, Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds.

(3) Unrestricted - All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." As of December 31, 2018, the unrestricted net position represents a deficit.

2) Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

- a) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.
 - i) The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net position governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds." The details of this \$1,826.2 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Deferred inflows - property tax	\$	1,591,921
Deferred inflows - grants		223,409
Deferred inflows - charges for services		2,925
Deferred inflows - utility tax		7,957
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds	<u>^</u>	1 000 010
- to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$	1,826,212

ii) Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Certain liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$42,486.1 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Long-term liabilities:	
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable	\$ (10,995,871)
Pension benefits	(26,761,592)
Other postemployment benefits	(684,632)
Pollution remediation	(44,415)
Claims and judgments	 (1,032,385)
Total Long-term liabilities	(39,518,895)
Accounts payable - infrastructure retainage	(2,417)
Bonds, notes and other obligations payable current	77,037
Deferred outflows - unamortized loss on refunding	148,573
Deferred outflows - pension costs	2,979,471
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefits costs	20,516
Deferred inflows - pension	(5,301,864)
Deferred inflows - other postemployment benefits	(47,545)
Accrued and other liabilities - compensated absences	(81,807)
Accrued and other liabilities - pension payable to pension funds	 (759,142)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds - to arrive at net position -	
governmental activities	\$ (42,486,073)

b) Explanation of certain differences between the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

i) The governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures." However, in the statements of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful

lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$84.7 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Capitalized asset expenditures Depreciation expense	\$ 507,711 (422,963)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ 84,748

ii) Another element of that reconciliation states that "Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position." The details of this increase of \$84.8 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Proceeds from line of credit	607)
	021)
(Premium) / Discount (110,0	062)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent 1,392,4	431
Principal retirement	270
Interest expense (6,5	528)
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds - to arrive at changes in net position - governmental activities \$ 84,7	784

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this decrease of \$1,097.2 million are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Claims and judgments	\$ (19,629)
Pension costs	(1,105,648)
Other post employment benefit liabilities	34,660
Pollution remediation	(9,371)
Vacation	3,291
Inventory	 (482)
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds - to arrive at	
changes in net position - governmental activities	\$ (1,097,179)

3) Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

- a) Annual Appropriation Budgets are established for the General Fund and the Vehicle Tax, Pension, Chicago Public Library and certain Miscellaneous, Special Events, Tourism and Festivals nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, on a non-GAAP budgetary basis:
 - i) In October, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget of expenditures and the means of financing them for the next year.
 - ii) The budget document is available for public inspection for at least ten days prior to passage of the annual appropriation ordinance by the City Council, which is also required to hold at least one public hearing.
 - iii) Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the appropriation ordinance.

- iv) Subsequent to the enactment of the appropriation ordinance, the City Council has the authority to make necessary adjustments to the budget, which results in a change in total or individual appropriations. The legal level of budgetary control is designated in the budget by object grouped by purpose.
- v) All annual appropriations unused and unencumbered lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the following year. Project-length financial plans are adopted for Capital Project Funds. Appropriations for Debt Service Funds are established by bond ordinance.
- b) Reconciliation of GAAP Basis to Budgetary Basis The City's budgetary basis of accounting used for budget vs. actual reporting differs from GAAP. For budgetary purposes, encumbrances are recorded as expenditures but are included in "Unassigned" fund balance for GAAP purposes. For budgetary purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers in are classified as revenues. For budgetary purposes prior years' resources used to cover current year budgetary expenditures are recorded as revenues. For GAAP purposes, proceeds of long-term debt and transfers out are treated as other financing sources. Provision for doubtful account expenditures are not budgeted. A reconciliation of the different basis of revenue and expenditure recognition for the year ended December 31, 2018 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	 General Fund
Revenues, GAAP Basis Add:	\$ 3,141,749
Transfers In	627,542
Revenues, Budgetary Basis	\$ 3,769,291
Expenditures, GAAP Basis	\$ 3,597,453
Transfers Out	127,390
Encumbered in 2018 Deduct:	11,000
Payments on Prior Years' Encumbrances Provision for Doubtful Accounts and Other	4,004 (1,258)
Expenditures, Budgetary Basis	\$ 3,738,589

c) Individual Fund Deficits include the Chicago Skyway Fund, an Enterprise Fund, which has a deficit fund balance of \$1,324.0 million which management anticipates will be funded through recognition of deferred inflows. Midway International Airport Fund has a deficit fund balance of \$332.8 million which will be funded through future revenues. Federal State and Local Grants, a governmental fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$198.7 million and will be funded by the recognition of deferred grant inflows and unearned revenue. The Service Concession and Reserve Fund, a Special Revenue Fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$839.7 million which will be funded through the recognition of deferred inflows. The Bond, Note Redemption and Interest Fund, a Debt Service Fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$1,785.9 million which will be funded through the amortization of the deferred inflow associated with the City's sale of sales tax revenues to the STSC. The STSC is a blended component unit and for presentation purposes deferred inflows have been reclassified as internal balances.

4) Restricted and Unrestricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

a) Investments As of December 31, 2018, the City had the following Investments (dollars in thousands):

Investment Type	Maturities (in Years)								
	Le	.ess Than 1 1-5 6-10		More Than 10		Total			
City Funds									
U.S. Treasuries	\$	109,621	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 109,621
U.S. Agencies*		544,183		520,946		9,304		-	1,074,433
Commercial Paper		1,861,993		-		-		-	1,861,993
Corporate Bonds		146,905		524,963		521,925		211,253	1,405,046
Corporate Equities		1,455		-		-		-	1,455
Certificates of Deposit and									
Other Short-term		3,901,045		-		-		-	3,901,045
Municipal Bonds		144,054		315,245		248,852		223,282	931,433
Supra National Bonds		-		49,981		-		-	49,981
State and Local									
Government Series		105,695		46,161		-		-	151,856
Asset Backed Securities		47,426		42,277		32,147		64,244	 186,094
Total City Funds	\$	6,862,377	\$	1,499,573	\$	812,228	\$	498,779	\$ 9,672,957

*U.S. Agencies include investments in government-sponsored enterprises such as Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Banks, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation.

Included in the table above are investments held with escrow agent.

Pension Trust Funds								
U.S. and Foreign								
Government Agencies	\$	33,530	\$	195,645	\$ 132,718	\$ 331,529	\$	693,422
Corporate Bonds		467,312		419,264	234,635	167,999		1,289,210
Corporate Equities	3	966,132		-	-	-		3,966,132
Pooled Funds		125,477		20,936	-	-		146,413
Real Estate		620,386		-	-	-		620,386
Securities Received from								
Securities Lending		358,440		-	-	-		358,440
Venture Capital		564,521		-	-	-		564,521
Certificates of Deposit and								
Other Short-term		206,658		-	-	-		206,658
Derivatives		22,231		-	-	-		22,231
Other		93,878		132,317	59,115	-		285,310
Total Pension Trust Funds	\$6	458,565	\$	768,162	\$ 426,468	\$ 499,528	\$	8,152,723
Total	\$ 13	320,942	\$ 2	2,267,735	\$ 1,238,696	\$ 998,307	\$1	7,825,680

City's Fair Value Measurements for Investments:

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices, and
- Level 3 Unobservable Inputs

Investments that are valued using net asset value per share (NAV) (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. Investments that are valued through other observable inputs (Level 2), are valued using methods that include, but are not limited to, model processes, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing.

The City's investments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2018 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Investments by Fair Value Level	Level 1		1	Level 2	Le	vel 3
U.S. Treasuries	\$	-	\$	14,934	\$	-
U.S. Agencies		-		857,788		-
Corporate Bonds		-		1,377,786		-
Municipal Bonds		-		886,342		-
Supra National Bonds		-		49,981		-
State and Local Government Series		-		151,856		-
Asset Backed Securities		-		150,036		-
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	-	\$	3,488,723	\$	-

Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and are held by governments other than the external investment pools are measured at amortized cost and are not reflected in the table above. The total of these investments at amortized cost for the City are \$6,184.2 million.

Pension Trust Funds' Investments measured at fair value as of December 31, 2018 are as follows (Dollars in thousands):

Total	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	
\$ 693,422	\$-	\$ 689,238	\$ 4,184	
915,444	-	915,444	-	
3,509,945	3,508,579	933	433	
124,050	43,047	81,003	-	
13,684	13,684	-	-	
358,440	-	358,440	-	
167,622	21,610	145,917	95	
22,231	37	22,194	-	
192,789	-	192,789	-	
5,997,627	3,586,957	2,405,958	4,712	
	\$ 693,422 915,444 3,509,945 124,050 13,684 358,440 167,622 22,231 192,789	\$ 693,422 \$ - 915,444 - 3,509,945 3,508,579 124,050 43,047 13,684 13,684 358,440 - 167,622 21,610 22,231 37 192,789 -	\$ 693,422 \$ - \$ 689,238 915,444 - 915,444 3,509,945 3,508,579 933 124,050 43,047 81,003 13,684 13,684 - 358,440 - 358,440 167,622 21,610 145,917 22,231 37 22,194 192,789 - 192,789	

Pension Trust Funds' Investments measured at net asset value:			 nfunded	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice
Corporate Bonds	\$	373,766	\$ 6,064	daily	5 days
Corporate Equities		456,187	-		
Pooled Funds		22,363	-		
Real Estate		606,702	44,475	as needed, N/A, illiquid	45/90 days, open end, not eligible, N/A
Venture Capital		564,521	70,460	as needed, N/A, not eligible, illiquid	90 days, not eligible, N/A
Certificates of Deposit					
and Other Short-term		39,036	-		
Other *		92,521	16,607	illiquid	N/A
Subtotal		2,155,096			
Pension Trust Funds' Investments Total	\$ 8	3,152,723			

* Other includes Fixed Assets & Hedge Fund of Funds.

Corporate bonds - Include debt instruments created by companies for the purpose of raising capital and pay a specified amount of interest on a regular basis.

Corporate equities - Include investments in funds primarily holding publicly traded US and non-US equity securities.

Pooled funds - Include investments that are pooled to maximize the total return.

Real estate funds - Include investments in open and closed-end real estate funds. Investments in open-end funds have limited redemption availability as redemption opportunities are based on available liquidity. Closed-end funds do not offer redemptions. Distributions from closed-end funds will be received as the underlying investments are liquidated.

Venture capital - Includes investments where the objective is to achieve long-term capital appreciation, preserve capital, and achieve a consistent pattern of returns through investments in limited partnerships, privately issued securities, private equity funds, and other pooled investments with a focus on the venture sector and undervalued alternative investments. Closed-end limited partnership interests are generally illiquid and cannot be redeemed.

Short-term investments - Include short-term investments of high quality and low risk to protect capital while achieving investment returns.

Other - Includes Hedge Funds of long/short equity hedge fund-of-funds.

- i) Interest Rate Risk The interest rate risk, or market risk, refers to the chance that investments in bonds also known as fixed-income securities will suffer as the result of unexpected interest rate changes. However, the City mitigates interest rate risks by diversifying portfolios to include a multitude of different bonds that have varying maturation schedules.
- ii) Credit Risk With regard to credit risk, the Code limits the investments in securities to:
 - (1) Interest-bearing general obligations of the United States and the State of Illinois;
 - (2) United States treasury bills and other non-interest-bearing general obligations of the United States or United States government agencies when offered for sale at a price below the face value of same, so as to afford the City a return on such investment in lieu of interest;
 - (3) Tax anticipation warrants, municipal bonds, notes, commercial paper or other instruments representing a debt obligation issued by the City, the Chicago Board of Education, the Chicago Housing Authority, the Chicago Park District, the Chicago Transit Authority, and the City Colleges of Chicago;
 - (4) Commercial paper which: (1) at the time of purchase, is rated in the two highest classifications by at least two accredited ratings agencies; and (2) matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase;
 - (5) Reverse repurchase agreement if: (1) the term does not exceed 90 days; and (2) the maturity of the investment acquired with the proceeds of the reverse repurchase agreement does not exceed the expiration date of the reverse repurchase agreement; Reverse repurchase agreements may be transacted with primary dealers and financial institutions, provided that the City has on file a master repurchase agreement;
 - (6) Certificates of deposit of banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance; provided that any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be collateralized as noted in *Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and Certificates of Deposit* below;
 - (7) Bankers acceptance of banks whose senior obligations, at the time of purchase, are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
 - (8) Tax-exempt securities exempt from federal arbitrage provisions applicable to investments of proceeds of the City's tax-exempt debt obligations;
 - (9) Domestic money market mutual funds regulated by and in good standing with the Securities and Exchange Commission; provided that such money market mutual funds' portfolios are limited to investments authorized by this section;
 - (10)Any other suitable investment instrument permitted by state laws governing municipal investments generally, subject to the reasonable exercise of prudence in making investments of public funds;
 - (11)Except where otherwise restricted or prohibited, a non-interest-bearing savings account, non-interest-bearing checking account or other non-interest bearing demand account established in a national or state bank, or a federal or state savings and loan association, when, in the determination of the treasurer, the placement of such funds in the non-interest bearing account is used as compensating balances to offset fees associated with that account that will result in cost savings to the City;
 - (12)Bonds of companies organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$1.0 billion that, at the time of purchase, are rated not less than two classes above investment grade, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
 - (13)Debt instruments of international financial institutions, including but not limited to the World Bank and

the International Monetary Fund, that, at the time of purchase, are rated within four intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating, or equivalent rating. The maturity of investments authorized in this subsection shall not exceed 10 years. For purposes of this subsection, an "international financial institution" means a financial institution that has been established or chartered by more than one country and the owners or shareholders are generally national governments or other international institutions such as the United Nations;

- (14)United States dollar denominated debt instruments of foreign sovereignties that, at the time of purchase, are rated within four intermediate credit ratings of the United States sovereign credit rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies, but not less than an A-rating or equivalent rating;
- (15)Interest-bearing bonds of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, of the State of Illinois, of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or of any other state, whether the interest earned thereon is taxable or tax-exempt under federal law. The bonds shall be registered in the name of the City or held under a custodial agreement at a bank. The bonds shall be rated, at the time of purchase, not less than A-, or equivalent rating, by at least two accredited rating agencies with nationally recognized expertise in rating bonds of states and their political subdivisions;
- (16)Bonds registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and for which the full faith and credit of the State of Israel is pledged for payment; provided that the bonds have an A-rating or above or equivalent rating by at least two accredited ratings agencies;
- (17)Bonds, notes, debentures, or other similar obligations of agencies of the United States rated, at the time of purchase, no less than AAA by at least two accredited rating agencies.
- (18)Asset-backed or agency mortgage-backed securities, any of which are rated at least investment grade by at least two accredited rating agencies, but no funds may be invested in: (1) obligations the payment of which represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral that pays no principal (e.g., MBS Interest-Only Strips); (2) obligations the payment of which represents the principal balance repayments from the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral that pays no interest (e.g., MBS Principal-Only Strips); (3) collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMOs") that have a stated final maturity date of greater than 10 years; and (4) CMOs the interest rate of which is determined in a manner that adjusts in the opposite direction to the changes in a market index (e.g., Inverse Floating Rate CMOs).

(19)Interests in the Chicago Community Catalyst Fund.

Total holdings across all funds held by the City shall have no less than an overall average rating of Aa1 on a quarterly basis, as rated by two accredited rating agencies.

The following schedule summarizes the City's and Pension Trust Funds' exposure to credit risk (in thousands):

			Pe	nsion Trust
Quality Rating	City	Quality Rating	Funds	
Aaa/AAA	\$ 4,239,208	Aaa/AAA	\$	193,067
Aa/AA	2,149,538	Aa/AA		127,868
A/A	906,791	A/A		192,475
Baa/BBB	141,510	Baa/BBB		347,348
Ba/BB	-	Ba/BB		186,908
В/В	-	B/B		116,451
Caa/CCC	-	Caa/CCC		21,913
Са	-	Ca		394
C/CC	-	CC/C		605
D/D	-	D/D		294
P1/A1	2,005,197	Not Rated		364,707
P2/A2	-	Other		334,729
MIG1/SP-1+	-			
MIG2/SP-1+	-			
Not Rated*	230,713			
Total Funds	\$ 9,672,957		\$	1,886,759

* Not rated is primarily composed of money market mutual funds.

iii) Custodial Credit Risk – Cash and Certificates of Deposit: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's Deposits may not be returned. The City's Investment Policy states that to protect the City public fund deposits, depository institutions are to maintain collateral pledges on City deposits and certificates of deposit during the term of the deposit.

For deposits in banks or savings and loan associations designated as municipal depositories which are insured by federal deposit insurance, any amount of the deposit in excess of the federal deposit insurance shall be either: (1) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by: (i) marketable U.S. government securities marked to market at least monthly; (ii) bonds, notes, or other securities constituting the direct and general obligation of any agency or instrumentality of the United States; or (iii) bonds, notes or other securities constituting a direct and general obligation of any county, township, city, village, incorporated town, municipal corporation, or school district, of the State of Illinois or of any other state, or of any political subdivision or agency of the State of Illinois or any other state which are rated in either the AAA or AA rating categories by at least two accredited ratings agencies and maintaining such rating during the term of such investments; (2) secured by a corporate surety bond issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in the State of Illinois and having a claims-paying rating in the top rating category as rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and maintaining such rating during the term of such investment; or (3) fully collateralized at least 102 percent by an irrevocable letter of credit issued in favor of the City by the Federal Home Loan Bank, provided that the Federal Home Loan Bank's short-term debt obligations are rated in the highest rating category by at least one accredited ratings agency throughout the term of the deposit.

The collateral required to secure City funds must be held in third party-safekeeping and pursuant to collateral agreements which would prohibit release or substitution of pledged assets without proper written notification and authorization of the City Treasurer. The final maturity of acceptable collateral pledged shall not exceed 120 months.

The bank balance of cash and certificates of deposit with the City's various municipal depositories was \$1,035.1 million. 97.7 percent of the bank balance was either insured or collateralized with securities held by City agents in the City's name. \$23.7 million was uncollateralized at December 31, 2018, and thus was subject to custodial credit risk.

- iv) Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City limits custodial credit risk exposure because investment securities are registered in the City's name and held by the City's third-party custodians.
- v) Foreign Currency Risk In the case of the Pension Trust Funds, this is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The risk of loss is managed by limiting its exposure to fair value loss by requiring their international securities managers to maintain diversified portfolios. The following schedule summarizes the Pension Trust Funds' exposure to foreign currency risk (in thousands):

Foreign Currency Risk	
Argentine peso	\$ 429
Australian dollar	57,065
Brazilian real	46,828
British pound	201,732
Canadian dollar	58,321
Chilean peso	1,533
Chinese yuan	(144)
Colombian peso	2,999
Czech Republic koruna	1,996
Danish krone	27,278
Egyptian pound	529
European euro	362,327
HK Chinese Yuan renminbi	869
Hong Kong dollar	149,190
Hungarian forint	4,433
Indian rupee	44,548
Indonesian rupiah	22,412
Japanese yen	271,109
Kenyan shilling	301
Malaysian ringgit	7,818
Mexican peso	15,550
New Israeli shekel	11,389
New Taiwan dollar	35,092
New Zealand dollar	(2,381)
Norwegian krone	16,743
Pakistan rupee	61
Peruvian Nuevo Sol	214
Philippines peso	5,620
Polish zloty	2,429
Qatari riyal	1,168
Russian ruble	26
Singapore dollar	12,877
South African rand	23,473
South Korean won	44,672
Swedish krona	41,923
Swiss franc	64,003
Taiwan dollar	6,930
Thailand baht	15,211
Turkish lira	1,883
United Arab Emirates dirham	639
Vietnamese Dong	 190
Total Pension Trust Funds	\$ 1,559,285

vi) The following schedule summarizes the cash and investments reported in the basic financial statements (dollars in thousands):

Per Note 4: Investments - City Investments - Pension Trust Funds	\$ 9,672,957 8,152,723
	\$ 17,825,680
Per Financial Statements:	
Restricted Investments	\$ 2,095,342
Unrestricted Investments	1,538,260
Investments with Fiduciary Funds	7,803,129
Investments with Escrow Agent	502,742
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	358,440
Investments Included as Cash and Cash	
Equivalents on the Statement of Net Position	 5,527,767
	\$ 17,825,680

5) Property Tax

The City's property tax becomes a lien on real property on January 1 of the year it is levied. The Cook County Assessor (Assessor) is responsible for the assessment of all taxable real property within Cook County (County), except for certain railroad property assessed directly by the State. The County Board has established a triennial cycle of reassessment in which one-third of the County will be reassessed each year on a repeating schedule established by the Assessor.

Property in the County is separated into multiple classifications for assessment purposes. After the Assessor establishes the fair market value of a parcel of land, that value is multiplied by one of the classification percentages to arrive at the assessed valuation (Assessed Valuation) for that parcel. These percentages range from 10.0 percent for certain residential, commercial, and industrial property to 25.0 percent for other commercial and industrial property.

The Illinois Department of Revenue has the statutory responsibility of ensuring uniformity of real property assessments throughout the State. Each year, the Illinois Department of Revenue furnishes the county clerks with an adjustment factor to equalize the level of assessment among counties. This factor (Equalization Factor) is then applied to the Assessed Valuation to compute the valuation of property to which a tax rate will be applied (Equalized Assessed Valuation). The County Clerk adds the Equalized Assessed Valuation of all real property in the County to the valuation of property assessed directly by the State of Illinois and subtracts total amounts of EAV in Tax Increment Financing Districts to arrive at the base amount (Tax Base) used in calculating the annual tax rates.

The County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy by the Tax Base and then computes the rate for each parcel of real property by aggregating the tax rates of all governmental units having jurisdiction over that particular parcel. The County Treasurer then issues the tax bills. Property taxes are deposited with the County Treasurer, who remits to the City its respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year on March 1 and August 1 or 30 days from mailing of tax bills if later than July 1. The first installment is 55.0 percent of the prior year's tax bill. The second installment tax bill equals the total tax liability for the year minus the first installment tax bill amount.

The City Council adopted an ordinance effective in 1994 limiting the City's aggregate property tax levy to an amount equal to the prior year's aggregate property tax levy plus the lesser of (a) five percent or (b) the percentage increase in the annualized Consumer Price Index. The ordinance provides an exception for that portion of any property tax debt service levy equal to the aggregate interest and principal payments on the City's general obligation bonds and notes during the 12-month period ended January 1, 1994, subject to annual increase in the manner described above for the aggregate levy, all as provided by the ordinance. Most general obligation bond levies approved after 2001 have also been excluded from this limit. In 2015 the City Council added an exception for portions of the property tax levy used to meet the City's pension obligations.

6) Interfund Balances and Transfers

a) The following balances at December 31, 2018 represent due from/to balances among all funds (dollars in thousands):

Fund Type/Fund	Due From	Due To		
Governmental Funds:				
General	\$ 220,143	\$	163,969	
Federal, State and Local Grants	25,358		263,367	
Special Taxing Areas	218,608		1,901	
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest *	412		2,090,686	
STSC Debt Service *	2,090,686		-	
Community Development and Improvement Projects	15,428		44,092	
Pension	64,116		176,042	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	105,540		244,980	
Total Governmental Funds	2,740,291		2,985,037	
Enterprise Funds:				
Water	38,708		9,949	
Sewer	20,075		9,096	
Chicago Midway International Airport	2,022		10,744	
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	39,929		2,226	
Chicago Skyway			15	
Total Enterprise Funds	100,734		32,030	
Fiduciary activities:				
Pension Trust	176,042		-	
Total Fiduciary activities	176,042		-	
Total	\$ 3,017,067	\$	3,017,067	

The balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

* The STSC is a blended component unit of the City. The due from balance within the STSC Debt Service fund relates to the reclassification of amounts as a result of blending deferred outflows. The Due From within the STSC Debt Service fund and the Due To within the City's Bond, Notes Redemption and Interest fund represent the sale of sales tax revenues that will be amortized over the duration of the related bonds.

b) The following balances at December 31, 2018 represent interfund transfers among all funds (dollars in thousands):

Fund Type/Fund	Т	ansfer In	Tr	ansfer Out
Governmental Funds:				
General	\$	627,542	\$	127,390
Special Taxing Areas		19,965		108,258
Service Concession and Reserve		-		15,639
Bond, Note Redemption and Interest		70,809		233,627
STSC Debt Service *		-		70,809
Community Development and Improvement Projects		142,688		4,188
Pension		185,440		-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds *		225,544		709,537
Total Governmental Funds		1,271,988		1,269,448
Business-type activities:				
Water		-		2,420
Sewer		-		120
Total Business-type activities		-		2,540
Total	\$	1,271,988	\$	1,271,988

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that the statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and to move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due.

* The STSC is a blended component unit of the City. Included within the Transfer Out balance of the Nonmajor Governmental Funds is the transfer of the residual sales tax revenues from the STSC General Fund (blended as a nonmajor special revenue fund) to the City's General Fund.

7) Capital Assets

a) **Capital Assets** activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Balance January 1, 2018		Additions and Fransfers		Disposals and Fransfers	De	Balance cember 31, 2018
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,399,778	\$	9,810	\$	(42)	\$	1,409,546
Works of Art and Historical Collections	Ψ	47,024	Ŷ	1,123	Ψ	(·=) -	Ŷ	48,147
Construction in Progress		694,049		409,227		(466,078)		637,198
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,140,851		420,160		(466,120)		2,094,891
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and Other Improvements		2,681,953		37,056		(26,033)		2,692,976
Machinery and Equipment		1,602,914		72,785		(17,833)		1,657,866
Infrastructure		9,576,727		427,314		(3,422)	-	10,000,619
Total capital assets, being depreciated		13,861,594		537,155		(47,288)		14,351,461
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and Other Improvements		1,147,361		69,276		(16,410)		1,200,227
Machinery and Equipment		1,317,943		56,495		(15,650)		1,358,788
Infrastructure		4,791,551		297,192		-		5,088,743
Total accumulated depreciation		7,256,855		422,963		(32,060)		7,647,758
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,604,739		114,192		(15,228)		6,703,703
Total governmental activities	\$	8,745,590	\$	534,352	\$	(481,348)	\$	8,798,594
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,028,750	\$	-	\$	(225)	\$	1,028,525
Construction in Progress		1,873,687		1,222,109		(1,173,761)		1,922,035
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,902,437		1,222,109		(1,173,986)		2,950,560
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and Other Improvements		19,114,986		1,446,979		(104,392)		20,457,573
Machinery and Equipment		780,524		31,818		(4,952)		807,390
Total capital assets, being depreciated		19,895,510		1,478,797		(109,344)		21,264,963
Less accumulated depreciation for:						<i></i>		
Buildings and Other Improvements		5,940,052		416,834		(33,278)		6,323,608
Machinery and Equipment		420,373		22,132		(1,252)		441,253
Total accumulated depreciation		6,360,425		438,966		(34,530)		6,764,861
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		13,535,085		1,039,831		(74,814)		14,500,102
Total business-type activities	\$	16,437,522	\$	2,261,940	\$	(1,248,800)	\$	17,450,662
Total Capital Assets	\$	25,183,112	\$	2,796,292	\$	(1,730,148)	\$	26,249,256

b) **Depreciation expense** was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows (dollars in thousands):

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 27,788
Public Safety	52,895
Streets and Sanitation	17,525
Transportation	306,230
Health	986
Cultural and Recreational	 17,539
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental activities	\$ 422,963
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 72,991
Sewer	47,096
Chicago Midway International Airport	51,383
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport	259,467
Chicago Skyway	 8,029
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type activities	\$ 438,966

8) Leases

a) Operating Leases

The City leases building and office facilities under noncancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were approximately \$16.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (dollars in thousands):

2019	\$ 17,683
2020	5,906
2021	5,408
2022	4,801
2023	4,307
2024 - 2028	4,769
2029 - 2033	1,530
2034 - 2038	393
2039 - 2043	87
Total Future Rental Expense	\$ 44,884

b) Lease Receivables

Most of the O'Hare land, buildings and terminal space are leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands):

0010	•	~~~~~~
2019	\$	328,780
2020		324,340
2021		311,735
2022		311,678
2023		303,700
2024 - 2028		1,455,215
2029 - 2033		1,433,481
2034 - 2038		299,978
2039 - 2043		295,878
2044 - 2048		270,539
2049 - 2053		130,361
Thereafter		509
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$	5,466,194

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on the tenants' revenues or fuel consumption are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for O'Hare, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except ramp rentals and automobile parking, amounted to \$515.3 million, including contingent rentals of \$66.2 million.

Most of the Midway land and terminal space is leased under operating lease agreements to airlines and other tenants. The following is a schedule of the minimum future rental income on noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands):

2019	\$ 73,130
2020	72,777
2021	72,600
2022	72,600
2023	70,147
2024 - 2028	305,744
2029 - 2033	103,896
2034 - 2038	2,503
2039 - 2043	 2,169
Total Minimum Future Rental Income	\$ 775,566

Contingent rentals that may be received under certain leases based on tenants' revenues are not included in minimum future rental income. Rental income for Midway, consisting of all rental and concession revenues except aircraft parking fees and certain departure fees (turns) and automobile parking, amounted to \$118.9 million, including contingent rentals of \$46.2 million.

9) Short-term Debt

Line of Credit At December 31, 2018, there was \$2.0 million outstanding on a revolving line of credit for O'Hare International Airport. The line of credit has been supported by an underlying letter of credit which will expire on December 12, 2019. Since the expiration of the letter of credit will be within one year from the date of the financial statements, the outstanding amount at December 31, 2018 has been reclassified from long-term debt to short-term debt.

2018	 Balance January 31		lditions	Reductions	 alance ember 31
Revolving Line of Credit	\$ 12,098	\$	-	\$ (10,058)	\$ 2,040

10) Long-term Obligations

a) Long-term Debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows (in thousands):

	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	F	Reductions	De	Balance ecember 31, 2018	Du	mounts ue within One Year
Governmental activities:								
Bonds and notes payable:								
General obligation and other debt	\$ 9,609,424	\$ -	\$	1,635,272	\$	7,974,152	\$	107,863
Line of Credit (LOC)	77,203	 233,627		77,203		233,627		-
Total General Obligation Debt, other debt and LOC	9,686,627	233,627		1,712,475		8,207,779		107,863
Tax increment	27,925	-		7,980		19,945		3,750
Revenue	254,224	-		4,295		249,929		4,515
STSC	743,735	 1,292,700		-		2,036,435		-
	10,712,511	1,526,327		1,724,750		10,514,088		116,128
Add unamortized premium/(discount)	88,675	110,062		40,439		158,298		-
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds	315,863	 29,175		21,553		323,485		22,293
Total bonds, notes and certificates payable	11,117,049	1,665,564		1,786,742		10,995,871		138,421
Other liabilities:								
Net pension liability	25,058,993	1,702,599		-		26,761,592		-
Other postemployment benefits obligation*	746,321	-		61,689		684,632		-
Pollution remediation	35,044	9,371		-		44,415		-
Claims and judgments	1,012,756	220,434		200,805		1,032,385		125,697
Total other liabilities	26,853,114	 1,932,404		262,494		28,523,024		125,697
Total governmental activities	\$ 37,970,163	\$ 3,597,968	\$	2,049,236	\$	39,518,895	\$	264,118
Business-type activities:								
Revenue bonds and notes payable:								
Water	\$ 2,401,005	\$ 148,305	\$	91,969	\$	2,457,341	\$	97,009
Sewer	1,861,381	89,597		57,417		1,893,561		62,346
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport**	8,633,782	2,249,980		565,782		10,317,980		291,035
Chicago Midway International Airport	1,755,835	 45,670		88,020		1,713,485		36,480
	14,652,003	2,533,552		803,188		16,382,367		486,870
Add unamortized premium/(discount)	1,040,375	53,981		87,558		1,006,798		-
Add accretion of capital appreciation bonds	82,509	6,891		10,584		78,816		5,170
Net pension liability	2,984,331	 371,880		-		3,356,211		-
Total business-type activities	\$ 18,759,218	\$ 2,966,304	\$	901,330	\$	20,824,192	\$	492,040
Total long-term obligations	\$ 56,729,381	\$ 6,564,272	\$	2,950,566	\$	60,343,087	\$	756,158

* Due to the implementation of GASB75, the beginning balance related to Other Postemployment Benefits Obligation liability has been restated (see Note 18).

** Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Line of Credit is no longer included due to reclassification to short-term debt.

The Pension obligation liability will be liquidated through a Special Revenue Fund (Pension Fund) as provided by tax levy and other operating revenues. The Other postemployment benefit obligation liability will be liquidated with resources from the General Fund.

b) Issuance of New Debt

i) General Obligation Line of Credit

During 2018, the City drew \$233.6 million from its Line of Credit to fund certain capital projects and operating uses. The City has excluded this line of credit amount from current liabilities, as it intends and has the ability to refinance the obligation on a long-term basis. As of December 31, 2018 the outstanding balance is \$233.6 million and the Line of Credit matures on May 31, 2020.

ii) Enterprise Fund Revenue Bonds and Notes

In August 2013, the City entered into a loan agreement with the United States Department of Transportation under the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) program to fund a portion of Consolidated Rental Car Facility at O'Hare, additions, extensions and improvements to the airport transit system (ATS) including the purchase of new ATS vehicles and certain public parking facilities. The loan amount of \$288.1 million is subordinate to the O'Hare Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2013. The interest rate is 3.86 percent and the final maturity of the loan is January 1, 2054. Disbursements of \$94.5 million were made in 2018. As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding TIFIA loan amount is \$258.2 million that includes accrued interest of \$6.9 million.

O'Hare issued \$138.8 million of Series 2016 Commercial Paper Notes in 2018. The proceeds were used to finance portions of the costs of authorized airport projects. As of December 31, 2018, there are no outstanding commercial paper notes.

Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A (\$600.8 million), Senior Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2018B (\$612.1 million) and taxable Series 2018C (\$800.0 million) were sold at a premium in December 2018. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2020 to January 1, 2054. The net proceeds of \$2,053.7 million will be used to fund certain capital projects (\$1,511.7 million), to fund the common debt service reserve (\$95.2 million), to repay Commercial Paper Notes (\$241.8 million), to repay Line of Credit Agreement Notes (\$10.1 million), to fund capitalized interest (\$167.7 million), and to refund certain maturities (\$25.6 million) of General Airport Revenue Bonds outstanding. The current refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payments by \$3.9 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$3.3 million and a book loss of approximately \$0.6 million.

Midway Second Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2018A (\$45.7 million) sold in August 2018. The bonds have interest rates ranging 2.937 percent to 3.897 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2019 to January 1, 2029. The net proceeds of \$45.1 million were used to refund all of the Midway Second Lien Series 2010C. The current and advance refunding of the bonds decreased the City's total debt service payment by \$65.7 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$17.5 million and a book loss of approximately \$3.5 million.

A loan agreement signed on May 17, 2016, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to line approximately 157 miles of existing sewer main. In 2018, the Sewer Fund drew \$63.8 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.86 percent with the maturity dates from November 1, 2018 to May 30, 2038.

A loan agreement signed on May 16, 2017, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency as part of a 5year rehabilitation program conducted throughout the city. Approximately 27,600 linear feet of 12 to 60 inch diameter sewer main will replace existing aging sewer main. In 2018, the Sewer Fund drew \$23.9 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.75 percent with the maturity dates from May 7, 2019 to November 7, 2038. A loan agreement signed on January 22, 2016, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to install approximately 4,900 lineal feet of reinforced concrete sewer main ranging from 36 to 72-inch diameter pipe on the 56th street corridor. The amount drawn from this loan agreement by the Sewer Fund in 2017 was \$4.0 million. In 2018, the Sewer Fund drew an additional \$0.2 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.86 percent with the maturity dates from August 18, 2016 to August 18, 2036.

A loan agreement signed on November 4, 2016, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency to install approximately 5,300 lineal feet of reinforced concrete sewer main ranging from 24 to 55 inch diameter pipe on Avenue "L" corridor. The amount drawn from this loan agreement by the Sewer Fund in 2017 was \$4.3 million. In 2018, the Sewer Fund drew an additional \$1.8 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.75 percent with the maturity dates from May 3, 2018 to November 3, 2037.

A loan agreement signed on May 27, 2014, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency for the replacement of the obsolete electrical switchgear and distribution equipment at the South Water Purification Plant and other installation building construction and minor architectural and electrical projects. The amount drawn from this loan agreement by the Water Fund in 2017 was \$40.4 million. In 2018, the Water Fund drew an additional \$3.9 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.99 percent with maturity dates from March 9, 2018 to September 9, 2037.

A loan agreement signed on June 3, 2016, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency for the citywide water main replacement program, 55 miles of antiquated, undersized or damaged water main replaced. In 2018, the Water Fund drew \$81.1 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.86 percent with maturity dates from July 17, 2018 to July 17, 2037.

A loan agreement signed on July 21, 2016, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency for the ongoing water main upgrade project, the replacement of 55 miles of water main in District 1 and 2. In 2018, the Water Fund drew \$40.8 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.86 percent and maturity dates from December 19, 2018 to June 19, 2038.

A loan agreement signed on December 13, 2016, with the Illinois Environment Protection Agency for the installation of water meters equipped with AMR (Automatic Meter Reading) at residences throughout the City that are currently unmetered. In 2018, the Water Fund drew \$22.5 million from this loan agreement. The loan agreement has an interest rate of 1.64 percent and maturity dates July 17, 2018 to July 17, 2037.

iii) STSC Bonds and Notes

The Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Sales Tax Securitization Bonds Series 2018AB bonds were sold at a premium in January 2018. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.82 percent to 5.0 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2031 to January 1, 2048. The net proceeds of \$720.1 million were transferred to the City in exchange for a pledge of the City's Sales Tax Revenues and used by the City to refund all or a portion of certain outstanding General Obligation bonds. The current refunding of the bonds increased the City's total debt service payments by \$349.6 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$40.1 million and a book loss of approximately \$6.0 million.

The Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Sales Tax Securitization Bonds Series 2018C bonds were sold at a premium in November 2018. The bonds have interest rates ranging from 5.0 percent to 5.25 percent and maturity dates from January 1, 2022 to January 1, 2048. Net proceeds of \$689.3 million were transferred to the City in exchange for a pledge of the City's Sales Tax Revenues and used by the City to refund all or a portion of certain outstanding General Obligation Bonds. The current refunding of the bonds increased the City's total debt service payments by \$101.6 million, resulting in a net economic gain of approximately \$39.1 million and a book loss of approximately \$3.2 million.

c) **Annual requirements** listed below for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Except for the Business-type activities, bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2019 have been excluded because funds for their payment have been provided for. Annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding as of December 31, 2018 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	General	Obligation	Tax Ir	ncrement
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
December 31,				
2019	\$ 160,745	\$ 405,256	\$ 3,750	\$ 875
2020	225,323	469,623	4,135	706
2021	286,916	458,743	4,375	494
2022	274,900	450,646	7,685	192
2023	277,230	438,188	-	-
2024-2028	1,397,410	1,986,343	-	-
2029-2033	1,938,400	1,566,200	-	-
2034-2038	2,280,436	843,940	-	-
2039-2043	1,060,270	163,644	-	-
	\$ 7,901,630	\$ 6,782,583	\$ 19,945	\$ 2,267

		Sales Tax											
		Revenue			Securitization Corporation					Business-ty	/pe /	Activities	
Year Ending	Р	rincipal		Interest	Р	rincipal	al Interest		F	Principal		Interest	
December 31,													
2019	\$	4,972	\$	10,637	\$	3,000	\$	89,442	\$	486,870	\$	744,267	
2020		5,352		10,404		3,150		89,292		481,204		771,261	
2021		5,757		10,141		41,805		89,135		448,048		746,876	
2022		6,187		9,864		48,610		87,333		476,406		725,597	
2023		6,646		9,563		50,635		85,305		482,095		703,214	
2024-2028		41,200		42,650		288,990		391,997		2,919,519		3,140,800	
2029-2033		57,618		31,682		351,135		321,163		3,246,705		2,325,106	
2034-2038		66,681		16,437		339,535		241,942		3,202,511		1,521,574	
2039-2043		23,575		7,044		464,385		159,306		2,053,169		812,255	
2044-2048		27,426		2,411		445,190		49,909		988,418		474,324	
2049-2053		-		-		-		-		1,177,957		197,251	
2054		-		-		-		-		419,465		9,523	
	\$	245,414	\$	150,833	\$ 2	2,036,435	\$ ^	1,604,824	\$1	6,382,367	\$	12,172,048	

For the debt requirements calculated above, interest rates for fixed rate bonds debt range from 0.74 percent to 7.781 percent and interest on variable rate debt was calculated at the rate in effect or the effective rate of a related swap agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2018. Letters of credit were issued by third party financial institutions that are expected to be financially capable of honoring their agreements.

O'Hare and Midway have variable rate bonds that may bear interest from time to time at a flexible rate, a daily rate, a weekly rate, an adjustable long rate, or the fixed rate as determined by the remarketing agent, in consultation with the City. An irrevocable letter of credit provides for the timely payment of principal and interest on the O'Hare's and Midway's variable rate Bonds. In the event that variable rate bonds are tendered by the owners thereof for purchase by the City and not successfully remarketed, the City would be obligated to reimburse the letter of credit bank for amounts drawn under the letter of credit to fund the purchase of such tendered bonds. If the City fails to reimburse the bank, the City's obligation to reimburse the bank may be converted to a term loan. There are no term loans currently outstanding under any reimbursement agreement. As of December 31, 2018, the principal balance of variable rate bonds was \$240.6 million and \$247.6 million for O'Hare and Midway, respectively.

d) Derivatives

i) Interest Rate Swaps

(1) Objective of the swaps. In order to protect against the potential of rising interest rates and/or changes in cash flows, the City has entered into various separate interest rate swaps at a cost less than what the City would have paid to issue fixed-rate debt. Midway has the following outstanding swaps (dollars in thousands):

			Fair Value	at	
	Changes in Fair	r Value	December 31,	Notional	
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Amount
Business-type Activities Hedges:					
Interest Rate Swaps	Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ 4,080	Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$ (20,239)	\$ 122,850

(2) Terms, fair values, and credit risk. The objective and terms, including the fair values and credit ratings, of the City's hedging derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2018, are as follows. The notional amounts of the swaps approximate the principal amounts of the associated debt. The City's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that are expected to approximately follow scheduled or anticipated reductions in the associated "bonds payable" category. Under the swaps on a net basis for each related series of bonds, the City pays the counterparty a fixed payment and receives a variable payment computed according to the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and/or The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index. The terms as of December 31, 2018, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

						Counter-
					Termi-	party
Associated	Notional	Effective		Fair	nation	Credit
Bond Issue	Amounts	Date	Terms	Values	Date	Rating

Hedging Instruments

Business-type Activities:

Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2004C&D):

Counterparty Goldman Sachs Bank USA	73,710	12/14/2004	Pay 4.174%; receive SIFMA Plus .05%	\$ (11,928)	1/1/2035	A1/A+
Counterparty Wells Fargo Bank NA	49,140	4/21/2011	Pay 4.247%; receive SIFMA Plus .05%	(8,311)	1/1/2035	Aa2/A+
			Total	\$ (20,239)		

See Table 31 in Statistical Section for Counterparty Entities and additional details for credit ratings. Type and objective for all the Swaps is the same, as mentioned earlier.

(3) Fair Value. As of December 31, 2018, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$20.2 million. As per industry convention, the fair values of the City's outstanding swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. Because interest rates are below the Fixed Rate Paid, the City's swaps had negative values.

Derivative instruments are valued in the market using regression analysis. Significant inputs to the derivative valuation for interest rate swaps are observable in active markets and are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

- (4) Credit Risk. The City is exposed to credit risk (counterparty risk) through the counterparties with which it enters into agreements. If minimum credit rating requirements are not maintained, the counterparty is required to post collateral to a third party. This protects the City by mitigating the credit risk, and therefore the ability to pay a termination payment, inherent in a swap. Collateral on all swaps is to be in the form of cash or Eligible Collateral held by a third-party custodian. Upon credit events, the swaps also allow transfers, credit support, and termination if the counterparty is unable to meet the said credit requirements.
- (5) Basis Risk. Basis risk refers to the mismatch between the variable rate payments received on a swap contract and the interest payment actually owed on the bonds. The two significant components driving this risk are credit and SIFMA/LIBOR ratios. Credit may create basis risk because the City's bonds may trade differently than the swap index as a result of a credit change in the City. SIFMA/LIBOR ratios (or spreads) may create basis risk. With percentage of LIBOR swaps, if the City's bonds trade at a higher percentage of LIBOR over the index received on the swap, basis risk is created. This can occur due to many factors including, without limitation, changes in marginal tax rates, tax-exempt status of bonds, and supply and demand for variable rate bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk on all swaps except those that are based on Cost of Funds, which provide cash flows that mirror those of the underlying bonds. For all other swaps, if the rate paid on the bonds is higher than the rate received, the City is liable for the difference. The difference would need to be available on the debt service payment date and it would add additional underlying cost to the transaction.
- (6) Tax Risk. The swap exposes the City to tax risk or a permanent mismatch (shortfall) between the floating rate received on the swap and the variable rate paid on the underlying variable-rate bonds due to tax law changes such that the federal or state tax exemption of municipal debt is eliminated or its value reduced. There have been no tax law changes since the execution of the City's swap transactions.
- (7) Termination Risk. The risk that the swap could be terminated as a result of certain events including a ratings downgrade for the issuer or swap counterparty, covenant violation, bankruptcy, payment default or other defined events of default. Termination of a swap may result in a payment made by the issuer or to the issuer depending upon the market at the time of termination.
- (8) Rollover Risk. The risk that the City may be exposed to rising variable interest rates if (i) the swap expires or terminates prior to the maturity of the bonds and (ii) the City is unable to renew or replace the swap.
- (9) Swap payments and associated debt. As of December 31, 2018, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their term are as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Variable-R	ate E	Bonds	I	nterest Rate	
Year Ending	P	Principal		Interest		aps, Net	Total
December 31,							
2019	\$	5,000	\$	2,054	\$	2,917	\$ 9,971
2020		5,225		1,964		2,788	9,977
2021		5,350		1,871		2,657	9,878
2022		5,675		1,773	2,517		9,965
2023		5,925		1,671		2,372	9,968
2024 - 2028		33,850		6,645		9,434	49,929
2029 - 2033		42,175		3,297		4,680	50,152
2034 - 2035		19,650		203		288	 20,141
	\$	122,850	\$	19,478	\$	27,653	\$ 169,981

e) Debt Covenants

- i) Water Fund The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Water Revenue Bonds require that net revenues available for bonds, as adjusted shall each fiscal year at least equal the greater of (i) 120 percent of the aggregate debt service requirement for the fiscal year on all the outstanding senior lien bonds, or (ii) the sum of (A) aggregate debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the outstanding senior lien bonds, plus (B) 110 percent of the aggregate debt service requirements for the fiscal year on the fiscal year on of the outstanding second lien bonds, plus (C) aggregate outstanding debt service requirements for the fiscal year on aggregate outstanding water commercial paper notes, plus (E) annual debt service requirement on any outstanding water line of credit. This requirement was met at December 31, 2018.
- ii) Sewer Fund The ordinances authorizing the issuance of outstanding Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds provide for the creation of separate accounts into which monies will be deposited, as appropriate. The ordinances require that net revenues available for bonds, as adjusted shall each fiscal year at least equal (A) 115 percent of the aggregate debt service requirement for the fiscal year on the outstanding senior lien bonds, plus (B) the sum of the aggregate annual debt service requirements for the fiscal year on of the outstanding second lien bonds, plus (C) 115 percent of the aggregate outstanding debt service requirements for the fiscal year on of the outstanding IEPA loans, plus (D) annual debt service requirement for the fiscal year on aggregate outstanding debt service on any outstanding wastewater line of credit and commercial paper notes. This requirement was met at December 31, 2018.
- iii) Chicago Midway International Airport Fund The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds requires that the City fix and establish, and revise from time to time whenever necessary, such rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that, in each Fiscal Year, Revenues, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient (a) to provide for the greater of (i) the amounts needed to make the Deposits required during such Fiscal Year into the Debt Service Funds, the Operations & Maintenance Reserve Account, the Working Capital Account, the Debt Service Reserve Fund, the Junior Lien Obligation Debt Service Fund, the Repair and Replacement Fund, and the Special Project Fund and (ii) an amount not less than 125 percent of the Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during such Fiscal Year reduced by an amount equal to the sum of any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Fiscal Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds. These requirements were met at December 31, 2018.

The Master Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago Midway Airport Second Lien Obligations requires that the City fix and establish and revise from time to time whenever necessary, such rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of Midway and for certain services rendered by the City in the operation of Midway in order that in each Fiscal Year, Revenues, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the First Lien Trustee or the Second Lien Trustee with respect to such Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the First Lien Revenue Fund or the Second Lien Revenue Fund on the first day of such Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account under the First Lien Indenture for the Second Lien Indenture, will be at least sufficient (1) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year and (2) to provide for the greater of (A) or (B) as follows: (A) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above; or (B) the greater of the amounts needed to make the deposits required under the First Lien Indenture described in the immediately preceding paragraph above or an amount not less than 110 percent of the sum of Aggregate First Lien Debt Service and Aggregate Second Lien Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during such Fiscal Year. reduced by (X) any amount held in any Capitalized Interest Account for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on First Lien Bonds, and (Y) any amount held in any capitalized interest account established pursuant to a Supplemental Indenture under the Second Lien Indenture for disbursement during such Bond Year to pay interest on Second Lien Obligations. These requirements were met at December 31, 2018.

iv) Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund - The Master Indenture of Trust securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport General Airport Senior Lien Obligations requires that the City will fix and establish, and revise from time to time whenever necessary, the rentals, rates and other charges for the use and operation of O'Hare and for services rendered by the City in the operation of O'Hare in order that Revenues in each Fiscal Year, together with Other Available Moneys deposited with the Trustee with respect to that Fiscal Year and any cash balance held in the Revenue Fund on the first day of that Fiscal Year not then required to be deposited in any Fund or Account, will be at least sufficient: (i) to provide for the payment of Operation and Maintenance Expenses for the Fiscal Year; and (ii) to provide for the greater of (a) the sum of the amounts needed to make the deposits required to be made pursuant to all resolutions, ordinances, indentures and trust agreements pursuant to which all outstanding Senior Lien Obligations or other outstanding Airport Obligations are issued and secured, and (b) one and tenhundredths times Aggregate Debt Service for the Bond Year commencing during that Fiscal Year, reduced by any proceeds of Airport Obligations held by the Trustee for disbursement during that Bond Year to pay principal of and interest on Senior Lien Obligations. This requirement was met at December 31, 2018.

The Master Trust Indenture securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) Obligations requires PFC Revenues, as defined, received by the City to be deposited into the PFC Revenue Fund. The City covenants to pay from the PFC Revenue Fund not later than the twentieth day of each calendar month the following amounts in the following order of priority: (1) to the Trustee for deposit in the Bond Fund, the sum required to make all of the Sub-Fund Deposits and Other Required Deposits to be disbursed from the Bond Fund [to meet debt service and debt service reserve requirements] in the calendar month pursuant to the Master Indenture; (2) to make any payments required for the calendar month with respect to Subordinated PFC Obligations; and (3) all moneys and securities remaining in the PFC Revenue Fund shall be transferred by the City (or the Trustee if it then holds the PFC Revenue Fund pursuant to the Master Indenture) to the PFC Capital Fund.

The Indenture of Trust Securing Chicago O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Senior Lien Revenue Bonds requires that, as long as any Bonds remain Outstanding, in each Fiscal Year, the City shall set the amount of the CFC (when multiplied by the total number of projected Contract Days) plus projected Facility Rent at an annual level sufficient to provide sufficient funds (1) to pay principal of and interest on the Bonds due in such Fiscal Year, (2) to reimburse the Rolling Coverage Fund, the Supplemental Reserve Fund, the Debt Service Reserve Fund and any Subordinate Reserve Fund for any drawings upon such Funds over a period not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City, (3) to provide funds necessary to pay any "vield reduction payments" or rebate amounts due to the United States under the Indenture for which funds in the Rebate Fund or the CFC Stabilization Fund are not otherwise available, (4) to maintain the balance of the CFC Stabilization Fund in an amount of no less than the CFC Stabilization Fund Minimum Requirement and to reimburse any drawings below the CFC Stabilization Fund Minimum Requirement over a period not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City, and (5) to maintain the balance of the Operation and Maintenance Fund in an amount of no less than the Operation and Maintenance Fund Requirement and to reimburse any drawings below the Operation and Maintenance Fund Minimum Requirement over a period of not to exceed twelve months, as determined by the City.

f) No-Commitment Debt and Public Interest Loans include various special assessment, private activity bonds and loans. These types of financings are used to provide private entities with low-cost capital financing for construction and rehabilitation of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. Bonds payable on no-commitment debt are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the City has no obligation to provide for their repayment, which is the responsibility of the borrowing entities. In addition, federal programs/grants, including Community Development Block Grants and Community Service Block Grants, provide original funding for public interest loans. Loans receivable are not included as assets because payments received on loans are used to fund new loans or other program activities in the current

year and are not available for general City operating purposes. Loans provided to third parties are recorded as current and prior year programs/grants expenditures. Funding for future loans will be from a combination of the repayment of existing loans and additional funds committed from future programs/grants expenditures.

g) Defeased Bonds have been removed from the Statement of Net Position because related assets have been placed in irrevocable trusts that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for payment of all principal and interest. Defeased bonds at December 31, 2018 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Amount	
	Defeased	Outstanding
General Obligation Emergency Telephone System - Series 1993	\$ 213,730	\$ 69,930
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 1993B	4,360	4,360
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2004A	75,835	9,935
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2008B	3,355	3,355
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2008C	294,425	294,425
General Obligation Project and Refunding Bonds - Series 2008E	20,440	20,440
General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Series 2009A	31,610	31,610
Lakefront Millennium Project Parking Facilities Bonds - Series 1998	149,880	43,880
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2002	110,580	109,975
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2009A	68,730	67,640
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2009B	2,150	2,150
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2009C	20,012	20,012
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2011A	214,340	214,340
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2008D	26,605	26,605
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2010A	13,645	13,645
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011A	348,075	348,075
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011B	121,905	121,905
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds Third Lien GARBS - Series 2011C	283,925	283,925
Chicago-Midway International Airport Second Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds -		
Series 2010C	60,090	57,580
Special Transportation Revenue Bonds - Series 2001	118,715	78,575
Total	\$ 2,182,407	\$ 1,822,362

11) Pension Funds and Other Postemployment Benefits

a) Pension

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description – Eligible City employees participate in one of four single-employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans). These Plans are: the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Municipal Employees'); the Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Laborers'); the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Policemen's); and the Firemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago (Firemen's). The plans are administered by individual retirement boards of trustees comprised of City officials or their designees and of trustees elected by Plan members. Certain employees of the Chicago Board of Education participate in Municipal Employees' or Laborers'. Each Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information that can be obtained at www.meabf.org, www.labfchicago.org, www.chipabf.org, and www.fabf.org.

Benefits provided - The Plans provide retirement, disability, and death benefits as established by State of Illinois law. Benefits generally vest after 10 years of credited service. Employees gualify for an unreduced retirement age minimum formula annuity based on a combination of years of service and age of retirement. Employees may also receive a reduced retirement age minimum formula annuity if they do not meet the age and service requirements for the unreduced retirement age annuity. The requirements of age and service are different for employees depending on when they first became members of their respective Plans. For all four Plans, employees who became members before January 1, 2011 are considered Tier 1 Employees. For Policemen's and Firemen's, those employees who became members on or after January 1, 2011 are considered Tier 2 Employees. For Municipal Employees' and Laborers', those employees who became members on or after January 1, 2011 but before July 6, 2017 are considered Tier 2 Employees. For Municipal Employees' and Laborers', those employees who became members on or after July 6, 2017 are considered Tier 3 Employees. Public Act 100-0023 (P.A. 100-0023), which established the requirements for Tier 3 employees, includes a provision for Tier 2 employees to elect to be considered as Tier 3 employees. The annuity is computed by multiplying the final average salary by a percentage ranging from 2.2 percent to 2.5 percent per year of credited service. The final average salary is the employee's highest average annual salary for any four consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who are Tier 1 Employees and any eight consecutive years within the last 10 years of credited service for participants who are Tier 2 Employees or Tier 3 Employees.

Benefit terms provide for annual adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employees' retirement date. For Tier 1 Employees, the annual adjustments for Municipal Employees' and Laborers' are 3.0 percent, compounded, and for Policemen's and the majority of participants in Firemen's 3.0 percent, simple, for annuitants born before January 1, 1966 and 1.5 percent, simple, born after January 1, 1966 or later. For Tier 2 Employees and Tier 3 Employees, the annual adjustments are equal to the lesser of 3.0 percent and 50 percent of CPI-U of the original benefit.

Employees covered by benefit terms - At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Municipal				
	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled	25,577	3,688	13,631	5,022	47,918
to but not yet receiving benefits	17,575	1,489	721	92	19,877
Active employees	31,285	2,715	13,438	4,487	51,925
	74,437	7,892	27,790	9,601	119,720

Contributions – For the Municipal Employees' and Laborers' Plans, P.A. 100-0023 was enacted on July 6, 2017. P.A. 100-0023 requires the City to contribute specific amounts to the Municipal Employees' and the Laborers' Plans in the aggregate amounts as follows: in payment year 2018, \$302.0 million; in payment year 2019, \$392.0 million; in payment year 2020, \$481.0 million; in payment year 2021, \$571.0 million; and in payment year 2022, \$660.0 million. Additionally, P.A. 100-0023 requires that beginning in payment year 2023, the City's annual contributions to MEABF and LABF each be an amount actuarially determined to be sufficient to produce a funding level of 90% for each such Plan by the end of 2058.

For Policemen's and Firemen's, Public Act 99-0506 (P.A. 99-0506) was enacted on May 31, 2016. P.A. 99-0506 requires the City to contribute specific amounts to the Policemen's and Firemen's Plans in the aggregate amounts as follows: in payment year 2018, \$727 million; in payment year 2019, \$792 million; and in payment year 2020, \$824 million. Additionally, P.A. 99-0506 requires that beginning in payment year 2021, the City's annual contributions to PABF and PABF each be an amount actuarially determined to be sufficient to produce a funding level of 90% for each such Plan by the end of 2055.

The City's contributions are budgeted in the same year as the applicable levy year for the property taxes funding the contributions. The City's contributions are then paid to the pension funds in the following year which is when the levied property taxes are collected and paid to the City by the Cook County Treasurer.

Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The actuarial reports were provided by each of the pension funds.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's
Inflation	2.50%	2.25%	2.75%	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.50% - 7.75% (a)	3.00% (b)	3.75% (c)	3.50% (d)
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% (e)	7.25% (e)	7.25%	6.75%

(a) (1.50%-6.50% for 2019-2022), varying by years of service

- (b) Plus a service based increase in the first 9 years
- (c) Plus additional percentage related to service
- (d) Plus additional service based increases
- (e) Net of investment expense

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table for Laborers' and Firemen's) for males or females, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales, as appropriate. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table for Laborers' and Firemen's). Disabled mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for Policemen's and Blue Collar mortality table for Firemen's.

The mortality actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were adjusted based on the results of actuarial experience study for the period as noted below:

Municipal Employees' - January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2016 Laborers' - January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2016 Policemen's - January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2013 Firemen's - January 1, 2012 - December 31, 2016

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target A	Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return							
	Municipal				Municipal							
Asset Class:	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's				
Equity	-	-	-	60.0%	-	-	-	7.19%				
Domestic equity	26.0%	-	-	-	5.10%	-	-	-				
U.S. equity	-	25.0%	21.0%	-	-	5.70%	6.00%	-				
Non U.S. equity	-	20.0%	21.0%	-	-	5.20%	7.40%	-				
Global low volatility equity	-	5.0%	-	-	-	4.70%	-	-				
International equity	22.0%	-	-	-	5.30%	-	-	-				
Fixed income	25.0%	20.0%	22.0%	20.0%	0.80%	(0.10%)	2.20%	3.75%				
Hedge funds	10.0%	10.0%	7.0%	-	3.40%	3.50%	4.20%	-				
Infrastructure	2.0%	-	-	-	5.00%	-	-	-				
Private debt	-	3.0%	-	-	-	7.60%	-	-				
Private equity	5.0%	4.0%	-	-	8.30%	8.70%	-	-				
Private markets	-	-	17.0%	-	-	-	6.70%	-				
GAA	-	-	5.0%	-	-	-	4.40%	-				
Real estate	10.0%	10.0%	7.0%	8.0%	4.70%	4.90%	4.10%	6.25%				
Private Real assets	-	3.0%	-	-	-	5.30%	-	-				
Other investments	-	-	-	12.0%	-	-	-	5.82%				
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%								

Discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018 was 7.0 percent. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made according to the contribution rate applicable for each member's tier and that employer contributions will be made as specified by Public Act 100-0023. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions and contributions from future plan members that are intended to fund the service cost of future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

Laborers' - A Single Discount Rate of 7.11 percent was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made under the statutory funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2072. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2072, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Policemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 7.18 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent (based on the most recent date available on or before the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that plan member contributions and employer contributions are made in accordance with the statutory requirements. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance benefit payments through the year

2079. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2079, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Firemen's - A Single Discount Rate of 6.61 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.75 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.71 percent (based on the most recent date available on or before the measurement date from the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release(H.15)). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the statutory contributions were sufficient to finance future benefit payments only through the year 2072. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2072, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal Employees'		Laborers'		Policemen's		Firemen's		Total
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$ 223,528	\$	40,801 *	\$	242,998 *	\$	97,143 *	\$	604,470
Interest	1,123,348		183,135		931,731		410,821		2,649,035
Differences between									
expected and actual experience	95,540		15,143		(281,151)		(56,418)		(226,886)
Assumption changes	-		(11,788)		(259,052)		382,611		111,771
Benefit payments including refunds	(916,198)		(160,061)		(771,104)		(324,662)		(2,172,025)
Pension plan administrative expense	-		(3,933)		(4,626)		(3,285)		(11,844)
Net change in total pension liability	526,218		63,297		(141,204)		506,210	-	954,521
Total pension liability:					. ,				
Total pension liability - Beginning	16,282,396		2,630,107		13,454,462		5,746,150		38,113,115
Total pension liability - Ending (a)		\$	2,693,404	\$	13,313,258	\$	6,252,360	\$	39,067,636
Plan fiduciary net position				_					
Contributions-employer	\$ 349,574	\$	47,844	\$	588,035	\$	249,684	\$	1,235,137
Contributions-employee	138,400	·	17,837		107,186	·	45,894	·	309,317
Net investment income (loss)	(204,975)		(75,219)		(137,977)		(58,000)		(476,171)
Benefit payments including							(
refunds of employee contribution	(916,198)		(160,061)		(771,104)		(324,662)		(2,172,025)
Administrative expenses	(6,639)		(3,933)		(4,626)		(3,285)		(18,483)
Other	-		661		1,600		6		2,267
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(639,838)	. —	(172,871)		(216,886)		(90,363)		(1,119,958)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,554,018		1,267,554		3,122,066		1,126,153		10,069,791
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		\$	1,094,683	\$	2,905,180	\$	1,035,790	\$	8,949,833
Net pension liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$ 12,894,434	\$	1,598,721	\$	10,408,078	\$	5,216,570	\$	30,117,803

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions: Changes in the municipal bond rate resulted in an increase in the single discount rate for Laborers, Policemen, and Firemen. In addition, the investment return assumption for Firemen decreased from 7.50% to 6.75% resulting in a decrease in the single discount rate for Firemen, which offset the increase from the change in the municipal bond rate. See discount rate section above.

The change in the single discount rate and other assumptions decreased the net pension liability by \$11.8 million for Laborers' and \$259.1 million for Policemen and increased the net pension liability by \$382.6 million for Firemen. These changes are being amortized into expense over a 4 year period for Laborers' and a 6 year period for Policemen and Firemen.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

Municipal Employees' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2018	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Municipal Employees' discount rate	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Municipal Employees' net pension liability.	\$ 15,018,712	\$ 12,894,434	\$ 11,132,768

Laborers' - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.11 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.11 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.11 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2018	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Laborers' discount rate	6.11%	7.11%	8.11%
Laborers' Employees' net pension liability	\$ 1,920,456	\$ 1,598,721	\$ 1,329,274

Policemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.18 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.18 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.18 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2018	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Policemen's Employees' discount rate	6.18%	7.18%	8.18%
Policemen's Employees' net pension liability .	\$ 11,955,692	\$ 10,408,078	\$ 9,104,012

Firemen's - The following presents the net pension liability as of December 31, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 6.61 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.61 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.61 percent) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

		Current	
Net pension liability December 31, 2018	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Firemen's Employees' discount rate	5.61%	6.61%	7.61%
Firemen's Employees' net pension liability	\$ 5,982,109	\$ 5,216,570	\$ 4,577,348

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Pension Plans reports.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense/(benefit) of \$1.1 billion for Municipal Employees', \$839 million for Policemen's, \$559 million for Firemen's, and (\$49) million for Laborers', for a total pension expense of \$2.4 billion. At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal Employees'				Labo	orer	ers' Policemen's			Firemen's					
	Defer	red		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred			Deferred
	Outflov	/s of		Inflows of	(Outflows of	Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	Outflows of			Inflows of
	Resou	rces		Resources		Resources		Resources	I	Resources	Resources		Resources	I	Resources
Differences between expected															
and actual experience	\$ 7	6,432	\$	179,468	\$	11,528	\$	30,737	\$	869	\$ 467,171	\$	29,747	\$	49,661
Changes of assumptions	1,74	2,351		4,690,283		-		476,784		212,000	217,531		653,446		36,341
Net difference between															
projected and actual earnings															
on pension plan investments	28	7,533		-		90,608	_	-		239,957	 -		94,579		-
Total	\$ 2,10	6,316	\$	4,869,751	\$	102,136	\$	507,521	\$	452,826	\$ 684,702	\$	777,772	\$	86,002

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense/(benefit) as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Municipal							
Year ended December 31:	Employees'	 Laborers'	P	olicemen's	Firemen's			
2019	\$ 175,442	\$ (299,878)	\$	(3,233)	\$	180,598		
2020	(1,594,569)	(145,996)		(47,080)		165,240		
2021	(1,462,676)	8,131		(50,891)		135,713		
2022	118,368	32,358		(23,381)		156,008		
2023	-	-		(86,583)		54,211		
2024		 -		(20,708)		-		
Total	\$ (2,763,435)	\$ (405,385)	\$	(231,876)	\$	691,770		

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to changes in proportionate share of contributions

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City reported a pension benefit of \$61.0 million, deferred inflows of \$205.0 million and deferred outflows of \$3.7 million related to changes in its proportionate share of contributions. This deferred amount will be recognized as pension expense/(benefit) over a period of four years.

Payable to the Pension Plans

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a payable of \$759.1 million in accrued and other liabilities for the outstanding amount of contributions to the Pension Plans required for the year ended December 31, 2018.

State Intercepts

During 2018, Firemen's and Policemen's filed requests with the State Comptroller to withhold State payments to the City based on the claim that the City owed the respective Plan additional pension contributions, pursuant to State law (40 ILCS 5). As a result, the State Comptroller withheld various grant payments from the City with the intent of remitting those funds to the appropriate Plan. For the year ended December 31,

2018, the City has recorded \$3.3 million for Firemen's and \$3.2 million for Policemen's related to these Statewithheld payments as part of pension expense. The City believes Firemen's and Policemen's claims are without merit. Litigation is pending in the Circuit Court of Cook County regarding the City's rights and obligations under the Pension Code and a return or credit against future contributions of any intercepted funds.

b) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) - City Obligation

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plans Description – The City's defined benefit OPEB plans are single-employer plans administered by the City. Certain annuitants are: (1) provided special benefits under the applicable collective bargaining agreements (CBA); (2) entitled to retiree health benefits pursuant to the City's prior promise; (3) entitled to certain Pension Fund subsidies required by court order under the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Pension Codes; or (4) provided statutorily required duty disabled benefits. Applicable state law authorized the four respective Pension Funds (Policemen's, Firemen's, Municipal Employees', and Laborers') to provide a fixed monthly dollar subsidy to each annuitant who had elected coverage under any City health plan through December 31, 2016. After that date, the Pension Fund took the position that they were not authorized by state law to continue to pay any subsidies. In June 2017, the Illinois Appellate Court found that the Pension Funds are obligated to continue to provide the fixed monthly dollar subsidies to certain eligible annuitants pursuant to the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Pension Code, as further discussed below. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 and benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Benefits provided –

CBA – Under the terms of the latest collective bargaining agreements for the Fraternal Order of Police and the International Association of Fire Fighters, certain employees who retire after attaining age 55 with the required years of service are permitted to enroll themselves and their dependents in the healthcare benefit program offered to actively employed members. They may keep this coverage until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility. CBA special early retirement benefits cease at Medicare eligibility age. CBA retirees are required to contribute 2% of their pension for health care coverage for those retiring after the end of 2017.

An extension of the CBA was negotiated (and finalized in 2014) governing the contract period (through June 30, 2016 for Police Captains, Sergeants and Lieutenants and June 30, 2017 for remaining Policemen and Firemen). As of the date of this report, negotiations are ongoing regarding new agreements which cover the retiree health benefits. Under the "maintenance of effort" protocols, the provisions of the prior agreement are honored until a new agreement is signed. Based upon prior history, the negotiations are assumed to be concluded by December 31, 2019. The OPEB liability assumes the expiration of the early retirement special benefits as of the December of the contract expiration year and also includes the liabilities for continuation of payments to those members who would have already retired under the CBA as of December 31 of that year. It is not known whether the CBA special early retirement health benefits will be specifically eliminated, modified, or extended at this time.

Non-CBA – As of January 1, 2014, the City promised to provide a healthcare plan with a subsidy of 55% of the cost of that plan to those City annuitants who retired prior to August 23, 1989. In 2017, the Illinois Appellate Court, in the Underwood v. City of Chicago case, held that current and future annuitants hired prior to the execution of the now expired 2003 Korshak settlement agreement, subject to certain eligibility requirements, are entitled to receive lifetime fixed rate monthly subsidies equal to the subsidy amounts provided in the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Pension Code. Those subsidies are, for Policemen's and Firemen's, \$21 per month or \$55 per month, depending on the annuitant's Medicare eligibility, and for Municipal Employees' and Laborers', \$25 per month for those annuitants who are 65 or older with at least 15 years of service. Upon remand, the circuit court later ruled that the Pension Funds are obligated to make the subsidy payments to the annuitants, but that decision may be subject to appeal. Regardless, the City is still statutorily obligated to make contributions to the Pension Funds in accordance with applicable levels required

by the tax levy statutes. The Pension Funds are in the process of preparing to issue retroactive payments for these subsidies for the period of time of January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2018 and will begin making the required monthly subsidy payments going forward. Not all of the Pension Funds included the liability for the monthly subsidies in their respective actuarial valuation reports under GASB 74. For that reason, the City has included the liability for the monthly fixed subsidies for this limited group under GASB 75 and is reported together with the non-CBA liability. Duty Disabled retirees who have statutory pre-63/65 coverage will continue to have fully subsidized coverage under the active health plan until age 65.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	CBA	Non-CBA	
	Benefits	Benefits	Total
Active employees	17,902	47,992	65,894
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently			
receiving benefits	2,802	17,812	20,614
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet			
receiving benefits	-		-
	20,704	65,804	86,508

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability of \$684.6 million was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The net OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Normal Age
Asset Valuation Method:	Market Value
Funding Policy:	Pay as You Go
Discount Rate:	4.10%
Health Care Trend Rates:	Graded 7.75% to ultimate rate of 5%
Retirement Age:	Varies by Bargaining Group – Rates are Graded by age and service

The valuation was adjusted based on the results of actuarial experience studies prepared by the Pension Funds. The discount rate of 4.10 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Discount Rate was based upon the average 20 year general obligation Municipal Bond rate index reported under by Bond Buyer.

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table for Laborers' and Firemen's) for males or females, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales, as appropriate. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table (Blue Collar mortality table for Laborers' and Firemen's). Post- Disablement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for Policemen's and Blue Collar mortality table for Firemen's.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (dollars in thousands):

	CBA Benfits	Non-CBA Benefits	Total
Total OPEB liability	 		
Service cost	\$ 3,954	\$ 10,673	\$ 14,627
Interest	15,049	9,411	24,460
Benefit changes	-	-	-
Differences between			
expected and actual experience	(35,640)	(7,490)	(43,130)
Assumption changes	(9,990)	22,922	12,932
Benefit payments including refunds	(49,972)	(20,606)	(70,578)
OPEB plan administrative expense	 -	 -	 -
Net change in total OPEB liability	(76,599)	14,910	(61,689)
Total OPEB liability:			
Total OPEB liability - Beginning	 462,457	 283,864	 746,321
Total OPEB liability - Ending (a)	\$ 385,858	\$ 298,774	\$ 684,632
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions-employer	\$ 49,972	\$ 20,606	\$ 70,578
Contributions-employee	-	-	-
Net investment income (loss)	-	-	-
Benefit payments including			
refunds of employee contribution	(49,972)	(20,606)	(70,578)
Administrative expenses	-	-	-
Other	 -	 -	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 -	 -	 -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability-ending (a)-(b)	\$ 385,858	\$ 298,774	\$ 684,632

Assumption changes reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.44% for beginning of the year values and 4.10% for the disclosure date.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.10%) than the current discount rate (dollars in thousands):

	Current										
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase						
		3.10%		4.10%		5.10%					
CBA Benefits	\$	401,280	\$	385,858	\$	371,493					
Non-CBA Benefits		318,023		298,774		281,328					
Total	\$	719,303	\$	684,632	\$	652,821					

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are a 1 percentage point lower (6.75% decreasing to 4.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.75% decreasing to 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (dollars in thousands):

	Current											
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1% Increase							
	6.75	5%-4.00%	7.7	5%-5.00%	8.75%-6.00%							
CBA Benefits	\$	371,809	\$	385,858	\$	400,742						
Non-CBA Benefits		283,774		298,774		315,668						
Total	\$	655,583	\$	684,632	\$	716,410						

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$35.9 million. At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (dollars in thousands):

		CBA E	Benefi	ts		Non-CB/	efits	Total				
	De	ferred	[Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred			Deferred
	Outf	lows of	II	Inflows of		utflows of	Inflows of		Outflows of			Inflows of
	Res	ources	R	Resources		esources	Resources		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and												
actual non-investment experience	\$	-	\$	31,900	\$	-	\$	6,704	\$	-	\$	38,604
Assumption Changes		-		8,941		20,516		-		20,516		8,941
Total	\$	-	\$	40,841	\$	20,516	\$	6,704	\$	20,516	\$	47,545

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense/(benefit) as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year Ending December 31:	CB	A Benefits	Non-C	BA Benefits	Total
2019	\$	(4,790)	\$	1,620	\$ (3,170)
2020		(4,790)		1,620	(3,170)
2021		(4,790)		1,620	(3,170)
2022		(4,790)		1,620	(3,170)
2023		(4,790)		1,620	(3,170)
Thereafter		(16,891)		5,712	 (11,179)
	\$	(40,841)	\$	13,812	\$ (27,029)

12) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; certain benefits for and injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City provides worker's compensation benefits and employee health benefits under self-insurance programs except for insurance policies maintained for certain Enterprise Fund activities. The City uses various risk management techniques to finance these risks by retaining, transferring and controlling risks depending on the risk exposure.

Risks for O'Hare, Midway, and certain other major properties, along with various special events, losses from certain criminal acts committed by employees and public official bonds are transferred to commercial insurers. Claims have not exceeded the purchased insurance coverage in the past three years. Accordingly, no liability is reported for these claims. All other risks are retained by the City and are self-insured. The City pays claim settlements and judgments from the self-insured programs with an excess liability insurance policy covering claims excess of the self-insured retention of \$20,000,000. Uninsured claim expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The General Fund is primarily used to record all non-Enterprise Fund claims. The estimated portion of non-Enterprise Fund claims not yet settled has been recorded in the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position as claims payable along with amounts related to deferred compensatory time and estimated liabilities for questioned costs. As of December 31, 2018, the total amount of non-Enterprise Fund claims was \$517.9 million and Enterprise Fund was \$76.4 million. This liability is the City's best estimate based on available information. Changes in the reported liability for all funds are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	2018	2017
Balance, January 1	\$ 604,262	\$ 585,372
Claims incurred and change in estimates	662,203	501,767
Claims paid on current and prior year events	(672,230)	(482,877)
Balance, December 31	\$ 594,235	\$ 604,262

13) Expenditure of Funds and Appropriation of Fund Balances

The City expends funds by classification as they become available, and *"Restricted"* funds are expended first. If/when City Council formally sets aside or designates funds for a specific purpose, they are considered *"Committed."* The Mayor (or his/her designee) may in this capacity, also set aside or designate funds for specific purposes and all of these funds will be considered *"Assigned."* Any remaining funds, which are not specifically allocated in one or more of the previous three categories, are considered *"Unassigned"* until such allocation is completed.

In addition to the categories above, any amounts that will be used to balance a subsequent year's budget will be considered *"Assigned"* as Budgetary Stabilization funds. The amounts may vary from fiscal year to fiscal year or depending on the City's budgetary condition, or may not be designated at all. The funds may be assigned by the Mayor or his designee, up to the amount of available *"Unassigned"* fund balance at the end of the previous fiscal year.

Fund Balance Classifications

On the fund financial statements, the Fund Balance consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	General	Federal, State and Local Grants	Special Taxing Areas	Service Concession and Reserve	Bond, Note Redemption and Interest	STSC Debt Service	Community Development Improvement Projects	Other Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Purpose:								
Inventory	\$ 25,463	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
STSC Blended Balance *	-	-	-	-	-	2,090,686	-	-
Restricted Purpose:								
Capital Projects	-	-	1,471,732	-	-	-	347,785	121,338
Grants	-	12,371	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	58,044	-	-
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed Purpose:								
Budget and Credit Rating Stabilization	-	-	-	652,456	-	-	-	-
Repair, Maintenance and City Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	169,067
Pension Contributions Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned Purpose:								
Future obligations	145,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	231
Special Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for Future								
Appropriated Fund Balance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	161,864	(211,119)	<u> </u>	(1,492,160)	(1,785,890)			(38,638)
Total Government Fund Balance	\$ 332,327	\$ (198,748)	\$1,471,732	\$ (839,704)	\$ (1,785,890)	\$2,148,730	\$ 347,785	\$ 251,998

* The STSC is a blended component unit of the City. The STSC Blended Balance above, represents the sale of sales tax revenues that will be amortized over the life of the related bonds. As discussed in the Fund Deficit footnote 3c, the deficit within the City's Bonds, Note Redemption and Interest Fund represents this sale that has been deferred and will be funded through the recognition of the related amortization.

At the end of the fiscal year, total encumbrances amounted to \$11.0 million for the General Operating Fund, \$41.1 million for the Special Taxing Areas Fund, \$36.2 million for the Capital Projects Fund and \$28.3 million for the Non Major Special Revenue Fund.

14) Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, the City reports deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Assets. Similarly, the City reports deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position in a separate section following Liabilities.

The components of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2018 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Ċ	Sovernmental Activities	Вι	usiness-type Activities
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred outflows from pension activities	\$	2,975,751	\$	463,299
Deferred outflows from other post employment	nt			
benefits activities		20,516		-
Changes in proportionate share				
of pension contributions		3,720		210,230
Unamortized deferred				
bond refunding costs		148,573		208,836
Derivatives	_	-		20,239
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,148,560	\$	902,604
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred inflows from pension activities	\$	5,096,909	\$	1,051,067
Deferred inflows from other post employment		-,,	Ŧ	.,,
benefits activities		47,545		-
Changes in proportionate share		,		
of pension contributions		204,955		9,503
Long-Term lease and				
Service concession arrangements		1,492,160		1,571,212
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	6,841,569	\$	2,631,782

The components of the deferred inflows of resources related to the governmental funds at December 31, 2018 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Ge	eneral	Stat Lo	deral, te and ocal rants	Ta	Special Conce Taxing an		Service Bond, Note Concession Redemption and and Reserve Interest		Pension		Gove	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	
Governmental Funds:																
Deferred inflow of resources:																
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$		\$ 46	1,891	\$	-	\$	414,677	\$6	93,825	\$	21,528	\$	1,591,921
Utility Taxes		-				-		-		-		-		7,957		7,957
Grants		-	22	23,409		-		-		-		-		-		223,409
Charges for Services		2,925				-		-		-		-		-		2,925
Long-term Lease and																
Concession Agreements		-				-	1,	492,160		-		-		-		1,492,160
Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,925	\$ 22	23,409	\$ 46	1,891	\$ 1,·	492,160	\$	414,677	\$6	93,825	\$	29,485	\$	3,318,372

15) Commitments and Contingencies

The City is a defendant in various pending and threatened individual and class action litigation relating principally to claims arising from contracts, personal injury, property damage, police conduct, alleged discrimination, civil rights actions, and other matters. City management believes that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

The City participates in a number of federal- and state-assisted grant programs. These grants are subject to audits by or on behalf of the grantors to assure compliance with grant provisions. Based upon past experience and management's judgment, the City has made provisions in the General Fund for questioned costs and other amounts estimated to be disallowed. City management expects such provision to be adequate to cover actual amounts disallowed, if any.

As of December 31, 2018, the Enterprise Funds have entered into contracts for approximately \$1.5 billion for construction projects.

The City's pollution remediation obligation of \$44.4 million is primarily related to Brownfield redevelopment projects. These projects include removal of underground storage tanks, cleanup of contaminated soil, and removal of other environmental pollution identified at the individual sites. The estimated liability is calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations.

16) Concession Agreements

The major fund entitled Service Concession and Reserve Fund is used for the purpose of accounting for the deferred inflows associated with governmental fund long-term lease and concession transactions. Deferred inflows are amortized over the life of the related lease and concession agreements. Proceeds from these transactions may be transferred from this fund in accordance with ordinances approved by the City Council that define the use of proceeds.

In February 2009, the City completed a \$1.15 billion concession agreement to allow a private operator to manage and collect revenues from the City's metered parking system for 75 years. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.15 billion which was recognized as a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$15.3 million of revenue for each year through 2083.

In November 2006, the Chicago Park District entered into an agreement to transfer its ownership interests in three underground downtown public parking garages to the City, all of which are adjacent to a fourth underground downtown public parking garage built by and already owned by the City. In December 2006, the City completed a long-term concession and lease agreement of the four-garage system to a private operator to manage the garages and collect parking and related revenues for the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$563.0 million, of which \$347.8 million was transferred by the City to the Chicago Park District, and the remainder was used to pay off the outstanding bonds that financed the construction of the City's original garage. The City recognized a deferred inflow that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$5.7 million of revenue for each year through 2105.

In January 2014, the original private concessionaire assigned all of its interests in the concession and lease agreement to a designee of its lenders in lieu of foreclosure by the lenders on their leasehold mortgage on the underground garages.

In May 2016, the designee assigned all of its interests in the concession and lease agreement to a new entity. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the garages, the City approved the transfer of the concession and lease agreement.

In January 2005, the City completed a long-term concession and lease of the Skyway. The concession granted a private company the right to operate the Skyway and to collect toll revenue from the Skyway for the 99-year term of the agreement. The City received an upfront payment of \$1.83 billion; a portion of the payment (\$446.3 million) advance refunded all of the outstanding Skyway bonds. The City recognized a deferred inflow of \$1.83 billion that will be amortized and recognized as revenue over the 99-year term of the agreement. The City recognizes \$18.5 million of revenue related to this transaction for each year through 2103. Skyway land, bridges, other facilities and equipment continue to be reported on the Statement of Net Position and will be depreciated, as applicable, over their useful lives. The deferred inflow of the Skyway is reported in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position.

In February 2016, the owners of the Skyway concessionaire sold their ownership interests in the concessionaire to a new entity. Pursuant to the concession and lease agreement for the Skyway, the City approved the transfer of ownership interests.

17) Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* ("GASB 77"), requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose: (1) Brief descriptive information concerning the agreement; (2) The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period; and 3) Commitments made by government, other than to abate taxes, that are part of the tax abatement agreement.

Tax Abatement Agreements Entered into Directly by the City

The Boeing Company

The City entered into a Tax Reimbursement Payment Agreement with The Boeing Company ("Boeing") as of November 1, 2001. The relocation of Boeing constituted a substantial public benefit from its creation of not less than 500 permanent FTE jobs and through payment of various taxes and governmental charges and was expected to foster further economic growth and development in the City.

Boeing may submit to the City for each year of the agreement an annual reimbursement form for reimbursement of an amount equal to the portion of the Boeing General Real Estate Taxes paid during such calendar year to the City, the Board of Education of the City of Chicago and the City Library Fund, in aggregate. In the form, Boeing must certify compliance with the terms of the agreement including, without limitation, Boeing continues to meet certain operational criteria, occupies not less than 125,000 rentable square feet at the building as its corporate headquarters, has at least \$25.0 billion in annual world-wide revenues, and employs a minimum of 500 full time employees within Chicago.

The above listed real estate taxes are reimbursed by way of an annual payment to Boeing in an amount equal to the allocable share of the real estate taxes. The City is entitled to terminate the agreement and/or recover certain payments if Boeing does not comply with the terms of the agreement. For the 2018 reporting period, the tax reimbursement to Boeing totaled \$1.9 million.

Tax Increment Financing

The City adopted certain ordinances approving various redevelopment plans pursuant to provisions of the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act, 65 ILCS 5/11-7 4.4-1 (the "Act"). The redevelopment plans designate a "redevelopment project area" under the Act, and adopt tax increment allocation financing for each redevelopment project area.

In an effort to promote redevelopment and finance construction projects in the redevelopment project areas to eradicate blighted conditions, the City uses tax increment financing to reimburse developers for the costs of the TIF-funded improvements pursuant to the terms and conditions of redevelopment agreements entered into by the City and a developer. Projects range from new construction to redevelopment and expansion initiatives throughout the City. The maximum reimbursable amount is set forth in each agreement. If the total project cost is lower than the project budget established in the agreement, the reimbursable amount will be prorated.

For the 2018 reporting period, the amount of property tax revenue forgone by the City due to the agreements under the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act amounts to \$95.4 million on an accrual basis of accounting.

Tax Abatement Agreements Entered Into By Other Governments

Cook County

Cook County provides tax reductions under numerous programs with individuals, local businesses, and developers. The objective of the agreements is to encourage the development and rehabilitation of new and existing industrial and commercial property, reutilization of abandoned property, and increase multi-family residential affordable rental housing throughout Cook County by offering a real estate tax incentive. An eligibility

application must be filed prior to commencement of a project and include a resolution from the municipality where the real estate is located. Once the project has been completed, the applicant must file an Incentive Appeal Form with the County Assessor's Office. Upon approval by the County Assessor's Office and based on the property classification, the applicant is eligible to receive one of the following tax incentives:

- Class 7a, 7b, and C: Property will be assessed at 10% of market value for the first 10 years, 15% in the 11th year and 20% in the 12th year.
- Class 7c: Property will be assessed at 10% of market value for the first 3 years, 15% in the 4th year and 20% in the 5th year.
- Class 6b: Property will be assessed at 10% of the market value for 10 years and for any subsequent 10-year renewal periods; if not renewed, 15% in the 11th year and 15% in the 12th year.
- Class L: Renewable properties will be assessed at 10% of market value for the first 10 years and for any subsequent 10-year renewal periods; if not renewed, 15% in the 11th year and 20% in the 12th year. Commercial properties will be assessed at 10% of market value for the first 10 years, 15% in the 11th year and 20% in the 12th year.

In the absence of the incentive, the property tax would be assessed at 25% of its market value. This incentive constitutes a substantial reduction in the level of assessment and results in significant tax savings for eligible applicants. For the 2018 reporting period, the amount of property tax revenue forgone by the City due to these incentives is estimated at \$13.2 million.

18) Restatements Due to Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During fiscal year 2018, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB) an amendment of GASB Statement No. 45", revised standards of accounting and reporting for OPEB expenses and liabilities as well as allowed for the deferral of certain OPEB expense elements. As a result of implementing this statement, net position was restated at January 1, 2018. The City's net OPEB obligation of \$187.6 million accounted for under GASB Statement No. 45 was eliminated and replaced by a net OPEB liability of \$746.3 million. The impact of these changes on the beginning balances reported in the financial statements is shown below (in thousands):

	_	As Originally Reported		SB 75 stment	As Restated after GASB 75 Impact			
Governmental Activities:								
Total Net (Deficit), January 1, 2018	\$	(28,714,847)	\$	(558,680)	\$	(29,273,527)		

19) Subsequent Events

Ratings

In April 2019, S&P Global Ratings upgraded the rating of the City's Tax Increment Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds (Pilsen Redevelopment Project), Series 2014AB from A to A+ with a stable outlook. **Bonds**

In January 2019, the Sales Tax Securitization Corporation sold Sales Tax Securitization Bonds, Taxable Series 2019A (\$605.4 million). The STSC 2019A bonds were issued at interest rates of 4.637% and 4.787% with mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2048. Proceeds will be used to provide funds for the City to refund certain of the City's outstanding General Obligation bonds and to pay costs of issuance.

In April 2019, the City sold General Obligation Bonds, Series 2019A (\$722.0 million). The General Obligation 2019A bonds were issued at interest rates between 5.0% and 5.5% with mandatory sinking fund or maturity dates between January 1, 2027 and January 1, 2049. Proceeds will be used to fund certain capital projects, to retire the City's outstanding commercial paper notes, and to pay costs of issuance.

Commercial Paper and Lines of Credit

As of December 31, 2018, the outstanding balance for the City's General Obligation Line of Credit was \$233.6 million. In January 2019, the City issued \$150.2 million in General Obligation Commercial Paper notes to pay down \$150 million of the General Obligation Line of Credit balance and to pay costs of issuance on the notes. The City has since paid down an additional \$40.9 million of the General Obligation Line of Credit and all of the General Obligation Commercial Paper notes. The City's repayment obligation under the line of credit and commercial paper notes are a general obligation of the City.

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REQUIRED

SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Four Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$ 223,528	\$ 572,534	\$ 619,743	\$ 226,816
Interest	1,123,348	915,711	878,369	909,067
Benefit changes	-	-	-	2,140,009
Differences between expected and actual experience	95,540	(177,755)	(127,119)	(109,835)
Assumption changes	-	(7,431,191)	(578,920)	8,711,755
Benefit payments including refunds	(916,198)	(888,174)	(859,672)	(826,036)
Pension plan administrative expense		-		-
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 526,218	\$ (7,008,875)	\$ (67,599)	\$ 11,051,776
Total pension liability - beginning	16,282,396	23,291,271	23,358,870	12,307,094
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 16,808,614	\$ 16,282,396	\$ 23,291,271	\$ 23,358,870
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions-employer	\$ 349,574	\$ 261,764	\$ 149,718	\$ 149,225
Contributions-employee	138,400	134,765	130,391	131,428
Net investment income	(204,975)	610,515	281,419	114,025
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(916,198)	(888,174)	(859,672)	(826,036)
Administrative expenses	(6,639)	(6,473)	(7,056)	(6,701)
Other		5,394		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (639,838)	\$ 117,791	\$ (305,200)	\$ (438,059)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,554,018	4,436,227	4,741,427	5,179,486
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,914,180	\$ 4,554,018	\$ 4,436,227	\$ 4,741,427
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 12,894,434	\$ 11,728,378	\$ 18,855,044	\$ 18,617,443
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	23.29 %	27.97 %	19.05 %	20.30 %
Covered payroll*	\$ 1,734,596	\$ 1,686,533	\$ 1,646,939	\$ 1,643,481
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	743.37 %	695.41 %	1,144.85 %	1,132.81 %

*Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Four Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Laborers':	 2018	2017	 2016	2015
Total pension liability				
Service cost *	\$ 40,801	\$ 80,232	\$ 82,960	\$ 38,389
Interest	183,135	154,047	150,166	153,812
Benefit changes	-	150	-	384,033
Differences between expected and actual experience	15,143	(62,178)	(30,428)	(46,085)
Assumption changes	(11,788)	(1,074,754)	(62,905)	1,175,935
Benefit payments including refunds	(160,061)	(157,050)	(154,683)	(152,530)
Pension plan administrative expense	 (3,933)	 (3,985)	 (4,080)	 (3,844)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 63,297	\$ (1,063,538)	\$ (18,970)	\$ 1,549,710
Total pension liability - beginning	 2,630,107	 3,693,645	 3,712,615	2,162,905
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,693,404	\$ 2,630,107	\$ 3,693,645	\$ 3,712,615
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions-employer	\$ 47,844	\$ 35,457	\$ 12,603	\$ 12,412
Contributions-employee	17,837	17,411	17,246	16,844
Net investment income	(75,219)	207,981	57,997	(22,318)
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(160,061)	(157,050)	(154,683)	(152,530)
Administrative expenses	(3,933)	(3,985)	(4,080)	(3,844)
Other	 661	 -	 -	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (172,871)	\$ 99,814	\$ (70,917)	\$ (149,436)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 1,267,554	1,167,740	 1,238,657	 1,388,093
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,094,683	\$ 1,267,554	\$ 1,167,740	\$ 1,238,657
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 1,598,721	\$ 1,362,553	\$ 2,525,905	\$ 2,473,958
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	40.64 %	48.19 %	31.61 %	33.36 %
Covered payroll **	\$ 211,482	\$ 208,442	\$ 208,155	\$ 204,773
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	755.96 %	653.68 %	1,213.47 %	1,208.15 %

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Continued Last Four Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:	2018	2017		2016			2015	
Total pension liability								
Service cost *	\$ 242,998	\$	237,333	\$	220,570	\$	213,585	
Interest	931,731		917,720		851,098		832,972	
Benefit changes	-		-		606,250		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(281,151)		(299,923)		1,801		(105,969)	
Assumption changes	(259,052)		238,975		112,585		-	
Benefit payments including refunds	(771,104)		(747,891)		(707,196)		(676,777)	
Pension plan administrative expense	 (4,626)		(4,843)		(4,750)		(4,508)	
Net change in total pension liability	\$ (141,204)	\$	341,371	\$	1,080,358	\$	259,303	
Total pension liability - beginning	13,454,462	13,113,091			12,032,733		11,773,430	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 13,313,258	\$	\$ 13,454,462		\$ 13,113,091		\$ 12,032,733	
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions-employer	\$ 588,035	\$	494,483	\$	272,428	\$	572,836	
Contributions-employee	107,186		103,011		101,476		107,626	
Net investment income	(137,977)		412,190		142,699		(5,334)	
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(771,104)		(747,891)		(707,196)		(676,777)	
Administrative expenses	(4,626)		(4,843)		(4,750)		(4,508)	
Other	1,600		97		1,413		3,092	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (216,886)	\$	257,047	\$	(193,930)	\$	(3,065)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,122,066		2,865,019		3,058,949		3,062,014	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,905,180	\$	3,122,066	\$	2,865,019	\$	3,058,949	
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 10,408,078	\$	10,332,396	\$	10,248,072	\$	8,973,784	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
pension liability	21.82 %		23.20 %		21.85 %		25.42 %	
Covered payroll**	\$ 1,205,324	\$	1,150,406	\$	1,119,527	\$	1,086,608	
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	863.51 %		898.15 %		915.39 %		825.85 %	

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Concluded Last Four Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Firemen's:	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability				
Service cost *	\$ 97,143	\$ 93,367	\$ 94,115	\$ 87,203
Interest	410,821	371,622	342,085	338,986
Benefit changes	-	-	227,213	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(56,418)	26,954	24,110	(7,981)
Assumption changes	382,611	414,219	(74,373)	176,282
Benefit payments including refunds	(324,662)	(306,098)	(286,759)	(278,017)
Pension plan administrative expense	(3,285)	(3,172)	(3,217)	(3,149)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 506,210	\$ 596,892	\$ 323,174	\$ 313,324
Total pension liability - beginning	5,746,150	5,149,258	4,826,084	4,512,760
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,252,360	\$ 5,746,150	\$ 5,149,258	\$ 4,826,084
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions-employer	\$ 249,684	\$ 228,453	\$ 154,101	\$ 236,104
Contributions-employee	45,894	47,364	48,960	46,552
Net investment income	(58,000)	140,570	60,881	7,596
Benefit payments including refunds of employee contribution	(324,662)	(306,098)	(286,759)	(278,017)
Administrative expenses	(3,285)	(3,172)	(3,217)	(3,149)
Other	6	22	(53)	7
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (90,363)	\$ 107,139	\$ (26,087)	\$ 9,093
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,126,153	1,019,014	1,045,101	1,036,008
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,035,790	\$ 1,126,153	\$ 1,019,014	\$ 1,045,101
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 5,216,570	\$ 4,619,997	\$ 4,130,244	\$ 3,780,983
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
pension liability	16.57 %	19.60 %	19.79 %	21.66 %
	10.07 70	17.00 70	17.77 70	21.00 /0
Covered payroll **	\$ 456,969	\$ 469,407	\$ 478,471	\$ 465,232
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of				
covered payroll	1,141.56 %	984.22 %	863.22 %	812.71 %

* Includes pension plan administrative expense

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Municipal Employees':

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions as
	Actuarially	the Actuarially			a percentage of
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contribution	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Contributions	Contribution	Deficiency	Payroll *	Payroll
2009	\$ 413,509	\$ 148,047	\$ 265,462	\$ 1,551,973	9.54 %
2010	483,948	154,752	329,196	1,541,388	10.04 %
2011	611,756	147,009	464,747	1,605,993	9.15 %
2012	690,823	148,859	541,964	1,590,794	9.36 %
2013	820,023	148,197	671,826	1,580,289	9.38 %
2014	839,039	149,747	689,292	1,602,978	9.34 %
2015	677,200	149,225	527,975	1,643,481	9.08 %
2016	961,770	149,718	812,052	1,646,939	9.09 %
2017	1,005,457	261,764	743,693	1,686,533	15.52 %
2018	1,049,916	349,574	700,342	1,734,596	20.15 %

* Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Laborers':

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions as
	Actuarially	the Actuarially			a percentage of
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contribution	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Contributions *	Contribution	Deficiency	Payroll **	Payroll
2009	\$ 33,518	\$ 14,627	\$ 18,891	\$ 208,626	7.01 %
2010	46,665	15,352	31,313	199,863	7.68 %
2011	57,259	12,779	44,480	195,238	6.55 %
2012	77,566	11,853	65,713	198,790	5.96 %
2013	106,199	11,583	94,616	200,352	5.78 %
2014	106,019	12,161	93,858	202,673	6.00 %
2015	79,851	12,412	67,439	204,773	6.06 %
2016	117,033	12,603	104,430	208,155	6.05 %
2017	124,226	35,457	88,769	208,442	17.01 %
2018	129,247	47,844	81,403	211,482	22.62 %

* The LABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using dollar payments and a 30 year open amortization period.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars are in thousands)

Policemen's:

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions as
	Actuarially	the Actuarially			a percentage of
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contribution	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Contributions *	Contribution	Deficiency	Payroll **	Payroll
2009	\$ 339,488	\$ 172,044	\$ 167,444	\$ 1,011,205	17.01 %
2010	363,625	174,501	189,124	1,048,084	16.65 %
2011	402,752	174,035	228,717	1,034,404	16.82 %
2012	431,010	197,885	233,125	1,015,171	19.49 %
2013	474,177	179,521	294,656	1,015,426	17.68 %
2014	491,651	178,158	313,493	1,074,333	16.58 %
2015	785,501	575,928	209,573	1,086,608	53.00 %
2016	785,695	273,840	511,855	1,119,527	24.46 %
2017	910,938	494,580	416,358	1,150,406	42.99 %
2018	924,654	589,635	335,019	1,205,324	48.92 %

* The PABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice; therefore, for fiscal years 2015 and after, the actuarially determined contribution is equal to the normal cost plus a 30-year level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. Prior to 2015 the actuarially determined contribution was equal to the "ARC" which was equal to normal cost plus a 30-year open level percent amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Firemen's:

		Contributions			
		in Relation to			Contributions as
	Actuarially	the Actuarially			a percentage of
Years Ended	Determined	Determined	Contribution	Covered	Covered
December 31,	Contributions *	Contribution	Deficiency	Payroll **	Payroll
2009	\$ 203,867	\$ 89,212	\$ 114,655	\$ 400,912	22.25 %
2010	218,388	80,947	137,441	400,404	20.22 %
2011	250,056	82,870	167,186	425,385	19.48 %
2012	271,506	81,522	189,984	418,965	19.46 %
2013	294,878	103,669	191,209	416,492	24.89 %
2014	304,265	107,334	196,931	460,190	23.32 %
2015	323,545	236,104	87,441	465,232	50.75 %
2016	333,952	154,101	179,851	478,471	32.21 %
2017	372,845	228,453	144,392	469,407	48.67 %
2018	412,220	249,684	162,536	456,969	54.64 %

* The historical FABF Statutory Funding does not conform to Actuarial Standards of Practice, therefore, the Actuarially Determined Contribution is equal to the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using level dollar payments and a 30 year amortization period. Amounts for fiscal years prior to 2015 were based on the "ARC" which was equal to normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded liability using a 30-year open period level dollar amortization.

** Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - Concluded

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:	Municipal Employees'		Laborers'	_	Policemen's		Firemen's	_
Actuarial valuation date	12/31/2018	(a)	12/31/2018		12/31/2018		12/31/2018	
Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method	Entry age normal 5-yr. Smoothed Market							
Actuarial assumptions:								
Inflation	2.50%		2.25%		2.75%		2.25%	
Salary increases	3.50% - 7.75%	(b)	3.00%	(C)	3.75%	(d)	3.50%	(e)
Investment rate of return	7.00%	(f)	7.25%	(g)	7.25%		6.75%	
Retirement Age Mortality Other information	(h) (k) (o)		(i) (l) (p)		(j) (m) (p)		(i) (n) (p)	

(a) Actuarially determined contribution amount is determined as of December 31, 2018 with appropriate interest to the end of the year.

(b) (1.50%-6.50% for 2019-2022), varying by years of service.

(C) Plus a service-based increase in the first 9 years.

(d) Plus service based increases consistent with bargaining contracts.

(e) Salary increase rates based on age-related productivity and merit rates plus inflation.

(f) Net of investment expense.

(g) Net of investment expense, including inflation.

- (h) For employees first hired prior to January 1, 2011, rates of retirement are based on the recent experience of the Fund (effective December 31, 2017). For employees first hired on or after January 1, 2011 and before July 6, 2017, rates of retirement for each age from 62 to 80 were used (effective December 31, 2011). For employees first hired on or after July 6, 2017, rates of retirement for each age from 62 to 80 were used (effective December 31, 2017).
- (i) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2016.
- (j) Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the December 31, 2014, actuarial valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period January 1, 2009, through December 31, 2013.
- (k) Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, set forward two years for males and one year for females, and projected generationally using scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on 120% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables projected generationally using scale MP-2016.
- (I) Post Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 117% for males, and 102% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales. No adjustment is made for post-disabled mortality. Pre Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 109% for males, and 103% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.
- (m) Post-Retirement Healthy mortality rates: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table weighted 108% for males and 97% for females. Pre-Retirement mortality rates: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Total Employee mortality table weighted 85% for males and 115% for females. Disabled Mortality: Sex distinct Retirement Plans 2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table weighted 115% for males and 115% for females.

(n) Post Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 106% for males, and 98% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.
 Disabled Mortality: Scaling factors of 107% for males, and 99% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Healthy Annuitant mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.
 Pre-Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 92% for males, and 100% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.
 Pre-Retirement Mortality: Scaling factors of 92% for males, and 100% for females of the RP-2014 Blue Collar Employee mortality table, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2017 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales.
 Future mortality improvements in pre- and post-retirement mortality are reflected by projecting the base mortality tables back from the year 2014 to the year 2006 using the MP-2014 projection scale.
 Other projection scale and projecting from 2006 using the MP-2017 projection scale.

- (o) Other assumptions: Same as those used in the December 31, 2018, actuarial funding valuations.
- (p) The actuarial valuation is based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Fiscal Year (dollars are in thousands)

CBA Benefits	2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 3,954
Interest	15,049
Benefit changes	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(35,640)
Assumption changes	(9,990)
Benefit payments including refunds	(49,972)
OPEB plan administrative expense	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (76,599)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	462,457
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 385,858
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions-employer Contributions-employee Net investment income Benefit payments including refunds of member contribution Administrative expenses Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 49,972 - - (49,972) - - -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 385,858
Covered employee payroll*	\$ 182,222
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of	
covered employee payroll	211.75 %

*Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - Concluded Last Fiscal Year (dollars are in thousands)

Non-CBA Benefits	_	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$	10,673
Interest		9,411
Benefit changes		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(7,490)
Assumption changes		22,922
Benefit payments including refunds		(20,606)
OPEB plan administrative expense		-
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	14,910
Total OPEB liability - beginning		283,864
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	298,774
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions-employer	\$	20,606
Contributions-employee		-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments including refunds of member contribution		(20,606)
Administrative expenses		-
Other		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	298,774
Covered employee payroll*	\$2	2,580,360
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		11.58 %

*Covered payroll is the amount in force as of the actuarial valuation date and likely differs from actual payroll paid during fiscal year.

Note:

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, the City will accumulate ten years of data.

COMBINING AND

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS

GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	-		nal Final Actual						Positive
LOCAL TAX REVENUE										
UTILITY TAX:										
Gas	\$ 119,000	\$	119,000	\$	128,580	\$	9,580			
Electric	98,200		98,200		98,510		310			
Telecommunication	99,000		99,000		87,440		(11,560)			
Commonwealth Edison	90,000		90,000		90,847		847			
Cable Television	29,500		29,500		26,683		(2,817)			
Total Utility Tax	435,700		435,700		432,060		(3,640)			
SALES TAX:										
Home Rule Retailers' Occupation	54,800		54,800		56,986		2,186			
TRANSPORTATION TAX:										
Parking	132,500		132,500		133,997		1,497			
Vehicle Fuel	52,000		52,000		53,676		1,676			
Ground Transportation	125,000		125,000		119,411		(5,589)			
Total Transportation Tax	309,500		309,500		307,084		(2,416)			
TRANSACTION TAX:										
Real Property	170,100		170,100		175,500		5,400			
Personal Property Lease	246,250		246,250		295,432		49,182			
Motor Vehicle Lessor	6,288		6,288		6,575		287			
Total Transaction Tax	422,638		422,638		477,507		54,869			
RECREATION TAX:										
Amusement	189,000		189,000		195,500		6,500			
Automatic Amusement	450		450		376		(74)			
Liquor	32,500		32,500		33,012		512			
Boat Mooring	1,330		1,330		1,841		511			
Cigarette	20,100		20,100		21,269		1,169			
Off Track Betting	550		550		477		(73)			
Soft Drink	 24,960		24,960		27,040		2,080			
Total Recreation Tax	 268,890		268,890		279,515		10,625			
BUSINESS TAX:										
Hotel	119,000		119,000		130,393		11,393			
Foreign Fire Insurance	4,500		4,500		5,131		631			
Shopping Bag Tax	 5,000		5,000		6,391		1,391			
Total Business Tax	 128,500		128,500		141,915		13,415			
TOTAL LOCAL TAX REVENUE	 1,620,028		1,620,028		1,695,067		75,039			

Schedule A-1 - Continued CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Original Final Budget Budget		0		Actual Amounts		
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE								
STATE INCOME TAX:								
Income	\$	252,510	\$	252,510	\$	255,028	\$	2,518
Personal Property Replacement		134,204		134,204		137,421		3,217
Total State Income Tax		386,714		386,714		392,449		5,735
STATE SALES TAX:								
State Retailers' Occupation		-		-		-		-
STATE AUTO RENTAL TAX:								
Municipal Auto Rental		4,240		4,240		4,115		(125)
FEDERAL/STATE GRANTS:								
Grants	_	1,800		1,800		3,444		1,644
TOTAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE		392,754		392,754		400,008		7,254
LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE								
INTERNAL SERVICE:								
Water Fund		88,286		88,286		88,286		-
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Fund		29,359		29,359		27,742		(1,617)
Vehicle Tax Fund		30,021		30,021		30,021		-
Chicago Midway International Airport Fund		7,711		7,711		6,471		(1,240)
Federal Funds		21,900		21,900		16,651		(5,249)
Sewer Fund		49,425		49,425		49,425		-
Emergency Communication Fund		7,813		7,813		7,813		-
Federal Funds - Pensions		19,414		19,414		18,658		(756)
Intergovernmental Vouchers (IV)		5,064		5,064		5,124		60
Transportation		3,921		3,921		6,440		2,519
Department of Fleet and Facility Management		6,922		6,922		4,488		(2,434)
Miscellaneous - Planning, Purchasing, etc		2,631		2,631		576		(2,055)
Public Safety - Police, Fire and OEMC		319		319		(29)		(348)
Other		7,635		7,635		8,506		871
Total Internal Service		280,421		280,421		270,172		(10,249)
LICENSES AND PERMITS:								
Alcoholic Liquor Dealers' License		12,600		12,600		12,451		(149)
Business License		20,300		20,300		21,409		1,109
Building Permits		45,000		45,000		42,466		(2,534)
Fines and Penalties		6,500		6,500		15,350		8,850
Other		46,650		46,650		48,116		1,466
Total Licenses and Permits		131,050		131,050		139,792		8,742

Schedule A-1 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)
LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE - Concluded				
FINES:				
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	\$ 326,200	\$ 326,200	\$ 336,900	\$ 10,700
INVESTMENT INCOME:	· · · · · ·			
Interest on Investments	8,000	8,000	1,627	(6,373)
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:				<u>.</u>
Inspection	12,500	12,500	12,838	338
Information	1,000	1,000	1,086	86
Safety	73,500	73,500	73,735	235
Sanitation	61,240	61,240	63,044	1,804
Reimbursement of Current Expense	6,300	6,300	4,553	(1,747)
Other	28,700	28,700	30,472	1,772
Total Charges for Services	183,240	183,240	185,728	2,488
MUNICIPAL UTILITIES:				
Parking	8,000	8,000	7,761	(239)
Total Municipal Utilities	8,000	8,000	7,761	(239)
LEASES, RENTALS AND SALES:				
Sale of Land and Buildings	7,600	7,600	6,235	(1,365)
Vacation of Streets and Alleys	3,000	3,000	2,236	(764)
Sale of Impounded Autos	14	14	14	-
Sale of Materials	300	300	699	399
Rentals and Leases	25,661	25,661	26,540	879
Total Leases, Rentals and Sales	36,575	36,575	35,724	(851)
MISCELLANEOUS:				
Property Damage	152	152	149	(3)
Other	204,967	204,967	68,821	(136,146)
Total Miscellaneous	205,119	205,119	68,970	(136,149)
TOTAL LOCAL NON-TAX REVENUE	1,178,605	1,178,605	1,046,674	(131,931)
Budgeted Prior Year's Surplus				
and Reappropriations	37,000	37,000	-	(37,000)
Transfers In	624,090	624,090	627,542	3,452
Total Revenues	\$ 3,852,477	\$ 3,852,477	\$ 3,769,291	\$ (83,186)

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 6,528,090	\$	6,528,090	\$	6,918,703
2005.0100-Contractual Services	229,458		229,458		207,518
2005.0200-Travel	27,830		27,830		20,094
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	 30,000		30,000		22,491
Total	6,815,378	·	6,815,378		7,168,806
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL - 03 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services	5,007,319		5,007,319		4,670,331
2005.0100-Contractual Services	839,085		839,085		838,966
2005.0200-Travel	30,025		30,025		30,020
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	18,135		18,135		17,423
2005.0700-Contingencies	980		980		(40,270)
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	1,000		1,000		1,000
Total	 5,896,544		5,896,544		5,517,470
OFFICE OF BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT - 05 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services	2,989,062		2,989,062		2,898,034
2005.0100-Contractual Services	33,986		33,986		24,238
2005.0200-Travel	1,000		1,000		858
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,800		5,800		1,663
Total	3,029,848		3,029,848	_	2,924,793
DEPARTMENT OF INNOVATION					
AND TECHNOLOGY - 06 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services	8,966,198		8,966,198		8,694,512
2005.0100-Contractual Services	13,825,595		13,825,595		12,790,054
2005.0200-Travel	4,050		4,050		2,962
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	19,450		19,450		9,472
Total	 22,815,293	·	22,815,293		21,497,000
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES					
CITY COUNCIL - 15 -					
2005.0000-Personnel Services	15,876,573		15,876,573		15,594,294
2005.0100-Contractual Services	70,150		70,150		66,595
2005.0200-Travel	1,000		1,000		-
2005.0700-Contingencies	43,000		43,000		35,437
2005.0982-Order of the City Council	1,000		1,000		-
2005.9008-Aldermanic Expense Allowance	4,850,000		4,850,000		4,758,002
2005.9010-Legal, Technical, Medical and Professional					
Services, Appraisals, Consultants, Printers, Court					
Reporters and Contractual Services:					
To Be Expended at the Direction of the	92,072				12,294
Chairman of the Committee on Finance			92,072		

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued						
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued						
CITY COUNCIL - 15 - Concluded 2005.9072-Contingent and Other Expenses for						
Corporate Purposes not Otherwise Provided for:						
To Be Expended under the Direction of the President	•	4 0 0 0	•	4 000	^	0.040
Pro Tempore of the City Council Total	-	4,000 20,937,795	\$	4,000 20,937,795	\$	3,618 20,470,240
I Olai		20,937,795		20,937,795	·	20,470,240
COMMITTEE ON FINANCE - 15 -						
2010.0000-Personnel Services		1,821,680		1,821,680		1,807,961
2010.0100-Contractual Services		190,400		190,400		138,966
2010.0200-Travel		8,000		8,000		-
2010.0300-Commodities and Materials		51,500		51,500		34,262
2010.0700-Contingencies		100		100		-
2010.9005-For the Payment of Legal Fees Pursuant to Sec. 2-152-170 of the Municipal Code:						
To Be Expended under the Direction of the						
Committee on Finance		50,000		50,000		-
2010.9006-Legal Assistance to The City Council:		00,000		00,000		
To Be Expended under the Direction of the						
Chairman of the Committee on Finance		50,000		50,000		-
2010.9010-Legal, Technical, Medical and Professional						
Services, Appraisals, Consultants, Printers, Court						
Reporters and Contractual Services:						
To Be Expended at the Direction of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance		92,500		92,500		24 122
Total	-	2,264,180		2,264,180		24,133 2,005,322
		2,204,100		2,204,100		2,000,022
COUNCIL OFFICE OF FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - 15 -						
2012.0000-Personnel Services		274,056		274,056		230,376
2012.0700-Contingencies		27,160		27,160		355
Total		301,216		301,216		230,731
COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET AND GOVERNMENT						
OPERATIONS - 15 -						
2214.0000-Personnel Services		492,468		492,468		812,709
2214.0100-Contractual Services		15,000		15,000		31,476
2214.0300-Commodities and Materials		12,000		12,000		23,723
2214.0400-Equipment		9,500		9,500		10,883
2214.0700-Contingencies		15,000		15,000		17,806
Total		543,968		543,968		896,597

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued			
COMMITTEE ON AVIATION - 15 -			
2220.0000-Personnel Services			\$ 95,438
2220.0100-Contractual Services	200	200	-
2220.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-
2220.0700-Contingencies		750	-
Total	109,496	109,496	95,438
COMMITTEE ON LICENSE AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 15 -			
2225.0000-Personnel Services	107,246	107,246	125,744
2225.0100-Contractual Services	7,500	7,500	1,689
2225.0300-Commodities and Materials	10,500	10,500	3,215
Total	125,246	125,246	130,648
COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY - 15 -	450.055	450.055	404 004
2235.0000-Personnel Services	159,355	159,355	131,664
2235.0100-Contractual Services	1,000	1,000	997
2235.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,000	1,000	992
2235.0700-Contingencies	500 161,855	500	345
Total	101,000	161,855	133,998
COMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL			
PROTECTION - 15 -			
2240.0000-Personnel Services	90,300	90,300	90,330
2240.0100-Contractual Services	2,006	2,006	1,308
2240.0300-Commodities and Materials	800	800	-
2240.0700-Contingencies		500	
Total	93,606	93,606	91,638
COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES, RULES AND ETHICS - 15 -			
2245.0000-Personnel Services	105,068	105,068	106,906
2245.0100-Contractual Services	40,000	40,000	38,220
2245.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	476
Total	145,568	145,568	145,602
COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC, CAPITAL			
AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT - 15 - 2255.0000-Personnel Services	102,575	102,575	102,615
2255.0000-Personnel Services	1,000	1,000	102,015
2255.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-
2255.0700-Contingencies		1,000	-
Total	105,075	105,075	102,615
1 Ulai	105,075	105,075	102,015

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - Continued			
COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT - 15 -			
2260.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 163,48	3 \$ 163,483	\$ 152,716
2260.0100-Contractual Services	3,00	0 3,000	1,091
2260.0700-Contingencies	2,00	0 2,000	-
Total	168,48	168,483	153,807
COMMITTEE ON ZONING, LANDMARKS AND BUILDING STANDARDS - 15 -			
2275.0000-Personnel Services	310,57	4 310,574	369,372
2275.0100-Contractual Services	15,30		34,477
2275.0300-Commodities and Materials	74,70	0 74,700	45,028
Total	400,57	4 400,574	448,877
COMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND REAL ESTATE - 15 -			
2280.0000-Personnel Services	198,16	4 198,164	198,918
2280.0300-Commodities and Materials	8,00	•	6,719
Total	206,16		205,637
COMMITTEE ON HUMAN RELATIONS - 15 -			
2286.0000-Personnel Services	92,55	6 82,556	75,456
2286.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,00		9,803
Total	93,55	,	85,259
COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT AND AUDIT - 15 -			
2290.0000-Personnel Services	503,56	5 503,565	463,749
2290.0100-Contractual Services	30,00	•	2,503
2290.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,00		20,027
Total	538,56	5 538,565	486,279
CITY COUNCIL LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - 15 -			
2295.0000-Personnel Services	362,14	4 362,144	318,488
2295.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,00		5,254
Total	366,14		323,742
TOTAL CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES	26,561,49	26,561,491	26,006,430

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY CLERK - 25 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 2,694,693	\$ 2,694,693	\$ 2,611,948
2005.0100-Contractual Services	1,311,066	1,311,066	1,148,129
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	 193,790	193,790	 174,196
Total	 4,199,549	 4,199,549	 3,934,273
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 - City Comptroller			
2011.0000-Personnel Services	2,813,836	2,813,836	2,565,263
2011.0100-Contractual Services	48,718	48,718	44,723
2011.0200-Travel	1,000	1,000	-
2011.0300-Commodities and Materials	 17,920	 17,920	 655
Total	 2,881,474	 2,881,474	 2,610,641
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 - Accounting and Financial Reporting			
2012.0000-Personnel Services	4,556,491	4,556,491	4,591,216
2012.0100-Contractual Services	767,632	767,632	449,938
2012.0200-Travel	3,000	3,000	3,000
2012.0300-Commodities and Materials	15,000	15,000	9,222
Total	 5,342,123	 5,342,123	 5,053,376
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
Financial Strategy and Operations			
2015.0000-Personnel Services	5,918,561	5,918,561	5,314,507
2015.0100-Contractual Services	983,485	983,485	836,940
2015.0200-Travel	6,704	6,704	2,656
2015.0300-Commodities and Materials	61,300	61,300	14,241
2015.0400-Equipment	156,750	156,750	51,765
Total	 7,126,800	 7,126,800	 6,220,109
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
Revenue Services and Operations			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	24,028,787	24,028,787	21,572,336
2020.0100-Contractual Services	29,074,332	29,074,332	27,430,065
2020.0200-Travel	10,000	10,000	1,066
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	223,459	223,459	196,305
2020.0400-Equipment	153,100	153,100	
2020.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	45,000	45,000	45,000
Total	 53,534,678	 53,534,678	 49,244,772
TOTAL FINANCE	 68,885,075	 68,885,075	 63,128,898

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
CITY TREASURER - 28 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 882,848	\$ 882,848	\$ 808,784
2005.0100-Contractual Services	730,558	730,558	576,424
2005.0200-Travel	15,000	15,000	4,341
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	6,500	6,500	5,725
2005.0500-Permanent Improvements	40,000	40,000	39,980
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	6,000	6,000	-
Total	1,680,906	1,680,906	1,435,254
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE			
HEARINGS - 30 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	3,116,268	3,116,268	2,893,385
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,376,182	5,376,182	4,841,551
2005.0200-Travel	700	700	700
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	39,504	39,504	35,989
Total	8,532,654	8,532,654	7,771,625
	, ,		
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -	00 070 074	00 070 074	04 770 044
2005.0000-Personnel Services	26,373,674	26,373,674	24,772,044
2005.0100-Contractual Services	2,858,298	2,858,298	2,846,519
2005.0200-Travel	80,264	80,264	59,206
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	101,415	101,415	100,605
Total	<u>14,157</u> 29,427,808	<u>14,157</u> 29,427,808	<u>14,157</u> 27,792,531
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES - 33 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services	E 910 907	E 910 907	E 600 250
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,819,807	5,819,807	5,629,352
	659,665	659,665	391,431
2005.0200-Travel 2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	2,560	2,560	2,400
	29,775	29,775	17,101 210,000
2005.9067-For Physical Exams 2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	210,000	210,000	210,000
Total	2,000 6,723,807	<u>2,000</u> 6,723,807	6,250,284
10tai	0,723,007	0,720,007	0,200,204
DEPARTMENT OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES - 35 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	6,158,034	6,158,034	5,772,543
2005.0100-Contractual Services	650,420	650,420	569,256
2005.0200-Travel	7,090	7,090	3,542
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	21,635	21,635	16,809
2005.0400-Equipment	4,000	4,000	3,669
Total	6,841,179	6,841,179	6,365,819
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT			
BUREAU OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION - 38 -			
2103.0000-Personnel Services	2,997,851	2,997,851	2,923,146
2103.0100-Contractual Services	651,883	651,883	611,052
2103.0300-Commodities and Materials	41,500	41,500	37,996
Total	2 601 224	2 601 224	2 572 104

3,691,234

3,691,234

3,572,194

Total

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -			
2126.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 33,561,447	\$ 33,561,447	\$ 33,901,805
2126.0100-Contractual Services	30,743,614	30,743,614	30,041,393
2126.0200-Travel	11,000	11,000	485
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials	4,044,330	4,044,330	4,023,840
Total	68,360,391	68,360,391	67,967,523
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 -			
2131.0000-Personnel Services	3,769,703	3,769,703	3,894,999
2131.0100-Contractual Services	14,592,126	14,592,126	14,391,817
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials	35,502,387	35,502,387	32,240,260
2131.9067-For Physical Exams 2131.9160-For Expenses Related to Services	46,500	46,500	13,355
Provided by PBC	513,695	513,695	496,396
Total	54,424,411	54,424,411	51,036,827
BUREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS - 38 -			
2140.0000-Personnel Services	36,706,368	36,706,368	37,885,363
2140.0100-Contractual Services	15,398,036	15,398,036	14,966,585
2140.0200-Travel	5,000	5,000	3,896
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	20,793,116	20,793,116	20,743,447
Total	72,902,520	72,902,520	73,599,291
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND			
FACILITY MANAGEMENT	199,378,556	199,378,556	196,175,835
BOARD OF ELECTION COMMISSIONERS - ELECTION AND ADMINISTRATION DIVISION - 39 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	8,391,954	8,391,954	8,070,338
2005.0100-Contractual Services	6,598,114	6,598,114	6,576,076
2005.0200-Travel	14,936	14,936	8,336
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	601,373	601,373	594,024
Total	15,606,377	15,606,377	15,248,774
COMMISSION ON HUMAN RELATIONS - 45 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,099,492	1,099,492	941,031
2005.0100-Contractual Services	128,491	128,491	88,559
2005.0200-Travel	600	600	555
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	1,500	1,500	1,408
2005.0400-Equipment	1,410	1,410	1,410
Total	1,231,493	1,231,493	1,032,963

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
MAYOR'S OFFICE FOR PEOPLE			
WITH DISABILITIES - 48 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services \$	1,191,731	\$ 1,191,731	\$ 1,155,522
2005.0100-Contractual Services	390,523	390,523	347,793
2005.0200-Travel	11,961	11,961	8,456
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	10,586	10,586	7,784
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	23,000	23,000	23,000
Total	1,627,801	1,627,801	1,542,555
DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY AND SUPPORT SERVICES - 50 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	4,376,519	4,376,519	5,384,130
2005.0100-Contractual Services	648,547	648,547	623,093
2005.0200-Travel	3,800	3,800	3,321
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	23,460	23,460	20,395
2005.9143-Workforce Services for Target Populations	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,216,313
2005.9204-Youth Mentoring Programs	7,000,000	7,000,000	6,998,634
2005.9253-Early Childhood Education Program	15,075,000	15,075,000	11,496,921
2005.9254-Violence Reduction Program	3,105,000	3,105,000	3,100,275
2005.9255-Homeless Services for Youth	1,540,979	1,540,979	1,540,978
2005.9259-Summer Programs	17,663,403	17,663,403	16,842,359
2005.9260-After School Programs	19,756,201	19,656,201	19,532,430
2005.9261-Children's Advocacy Center	900,000	900,000	900,000
2005.9262-Earned Income Tax Credit	850,000	850,000	850,000
2005.9263-Homeless Services	7,899,876	7,999,876	8,054,607
2005.9290-Homeless Supportive Services	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,783,227
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	94,105	94,105	94,105
Total	82,036,890	82,036,890	78,440,788
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT - 54 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	9,524,509	9,524,509	9,262,406
2005.0100-Contractual Services	3,511,931	3,511,931	3,130,775
2005.0200-Travel	7,810	7,810	6,240
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	21,298	21,298	10,978
2005.0400-Equipment	20,500	20,500	16,392
2005.9110-Property Management, Maintenance			
and Security	70,000	70,000	40,198
2005.9183-Foreclosure Prevention Program	339,000	339,000	339,000
2005.9211-Single-Family Troubled Building Initiative	75,000	75,000	75,000
2005.9212-Multi-Family Troubled Building Initiative	175,000	175,000	175,000
2005.9224-Micro Market Recovery Program	700,000	700,000	700,000
Total	14,445,048	14,445,048	13,755,989

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued			
POLICE BOARD - 55 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 283,272	\$ 283,272	\$ 235,684
2005.0100-Contractual Services	188,333	188,333	171,178
2005.0200-Travel	1,324	1,324	268
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		590	-
Total	473,519	473,519	407,130
CIVILIAN OFFICE OF POLICE ACCOUNTABILITY - 60 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	10,208,036	10,208,036	9,155,851
2005.0100-Contractual Services	2,982,777	2,982,777	1,762,849
2005.0200-Travel	15,000	15,000	2,095
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	83,580	83,580	41,371
Total	13,289,393	13,289,393	10,962,166
LICENSE APPEAL COMMISSION - 77 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	84,420	84,420	84,632
2005.0100-Contractual Services	101,747	101,747	85,565
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		500	465
Total		186,667	170,662
BOARD OF ETHICS - 78 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	765,541	765,541	773,909
2005.0100-Contractual Services	60,448	60,448	31,940
2005.0200-Travel	4,605	4,605	1,476
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,209	1,573
Total	833,803	833,803	808,898
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	412,341,387	412,341,387	378,715,997
2005.0100-Contractual Services	93,132,204	93,132,204	80,673,008
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	240,200	240,200	15,000
2005.0912-For Payment of Bonds		5,268,479	5,619,820
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort	0, 0,0.1 _	0,200,110	0,010,020
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert			
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	15,423,400	15,423,400	48,630,429
2005.0934-Claims for Damages and Liabilities Against			
the City when Ordered Paid by the City Council	200,000	200,000	110,293
2005.0947-For Payment of Bonds	-	1,478,572	1,478,570
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary			
Grant Funds Currently in Effect and New Grants	8,555,830	8,287,351	7,927,260
2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax	897,841	897,841	410,696

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Concluded				
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	\$	35,305,550	\$ 35,305,550	\$ 36,015,387
2005.9097-For Capital Construction		4,655,000	4,655,000	4,655,000
2005.9121-Lobbyist on Behalf of the City of Chicago		480,000	480,000	131,500
2005.9176-West Nile Virus Program		425,000	425,000	424,938
2005.9180-For World Business Chicago Program		1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
2005.9240-CTA Capital		16,000,000	16,000,000	15,999,996
2005.9241-Community Navigator Services for the				
Justice System		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
2005.9291-Legal Protection Fund		1,300,000	1,300,000	1,300,000
2005.9294-CPS Security		14,000,000	14,000,000	14,000,000
2005.9377-For Transfers to Debt Service		118,000,000	118,000,000	-
2005.9635-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire				
Department Salaries		2,852,109	2,852,109	2,852,109
2005.9636-To Reimburse Midway Fund for Fire				
Department Benefits		1,467,410	1,467,410	1,467,410
2005.9638-For Corporate Fund Subsidy of Chicago				
Public Library		15,193,000	15,193,000	15,193,000
2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation		81,271,000	81,271,000	81,271,000
2005.9981-Laborers' Fund Pension Allocation		19,753,000	19,753,000	19,753,000
Total		850,171,503	 850,171,503	 718,844,413
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	1	,370,690,582	 1,370,690,582	 1,217,183,356
HEALTH				
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH - 41 -				
1005.0000-Personnel Services		16,147,904	16,147,904	15,394,171
1005.0100-Contractual Services		15,741,321	15,741,321	14,543,621
1005.0200-Travel		8,550	8,550	4,865
1005.0300-Commodities and Materials		1,005,149	1,005,149	825,603
1005.0400-Equipment		13,435	13,435	9,208
Total		32,916,359	 32,916,359	 30,777,468
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	 ,,	 ,,,0
TOTAL HEALTH		32,916,359	 32,916,359	 30,777,468

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY		_		
CHICAGO POLICE DEPARTMENT - 57 -				
1005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 1,426,588,160	\$	1,426,588,160	\$ 1,407,980,810
1005.0100-Contractual Services	36,865,832		36,865,832	36,792,244
1005.0200-Travel	111,570		111,570	111,454
1005.0300-Commodities and Materials	7,450,845		7,450,845	6,344,897
1005.0400-Equipment	36,250		36,250	36,000
1005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort				
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert	40.044.050		10 044 250	102 400 000
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	19,844,350		19,844,350	103,480,696
Medical Expenses for Employees Injured on Duty Who				
Are Not Covered Under Workers' Compensation Act	19,000,000		19,000,000	17,756,557
1005.9067-For Physical Exams	2,036,069		2,036,069	1,380,386
Total	 1,511,933,076		1,511,933,076	 1,573,883,044
	 		, , ,	 , , ,
OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND				
COMMUNICATIONS - 58 -				
2705.0000-Personnel Services	25,419,372		25,419,372	24,409,510
2705.0100-Contractual Services	925,469		925,469	897,529
2705.0200-Travel	80,503		80,503	77,176
2705.0300-Commodities and Materials	138,365		138,365	128,193
2705.0400-Equipment	 6,700		6,700	 6,700
Total	 26,570,409		26,570,409	 25,519,108
CHICAGO FIRE DEPARTMENT - 59 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services	564,845,565		564,845,565	564,167,959
2005.0100-Contractual Services	7,195,896		7,195,896	5,670,191
2005.0200-Travel	50,900		50,900	14,332
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	2,726,094		2,726,094	2,439,788
2005.0400-Equipment	194,000		194,000	191,013
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort				
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert				
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	2,702,000		2,702,000	1,527,489
2005.0937-For Cost and Administration of Hospital and				
Medical Expenses for Employees Injured on Duty Who				
Are Not Covered Under Workers' Compensation Act	9,000,000		9,000,000	4,397,858
2005.9067-For Physical Exams	 1,080,000		1,080,000	 351,686
Total	 587,794,455		587,794,455	 578,760,316

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY - Concluded			
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS - 67 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 19,628,998	\$ 19,628,998	\$ 19,352,523
2005.0100-Contractual Services	2,105,244	2,105,244	1,917,634
2005.0200-Travel	155,000	155,000	135,982
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	42,000	42,000	31,562
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort			
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert			
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	300,000	300,000	22,000
2005.0989-For Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants			
and Payroll Checks and for Refunding Duplicate			
Payments and Payments Made in Error	100,000	100,000	23,347
2005.9019-For Board Up and Demolition of			
Abandoned Buildings	3,000,000	3,000,000	920,725
Total	25,331,242	25,331,242	22,403,773
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND			
CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	40.000.474	40.000.474	40.050.555
	13,902,171	13,902,171	12,658,555
2005.0100-Contractual Services	4,609,444	4,609,444	3,887,780
2005.0200-Travel	27,343	27,343	13,782
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	123,234	123,234	92,195
2005.0500-Permanent Improvements	10,000 18,672,192	10,000 18,672,192	16,652,312
	10,072,192	10,072,192	10,052,512
COMMISSION ON ANIMAL CARE AND CONTROL - 73 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	5,031,507	5,031,507	5,183,861
2005.0100-Contractual Services	789,058	789,058	725,496
2005.0200-Travel	480	480	100
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	658,279	658,279	609,135
Total	6,479,324	6,479,324	6,518,592
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	2,176,780,698	2,176,780,698	2,223,737,145
STREETS AND SANITATION			
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE - 81 -			
	1 000 151	1 000 154	1 0/5 070
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,883,451	1,883,451	1,945,973
	191,389	191,389	168,854
2005.0200-Travel	40	40	- E 000
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	6,150	6,150	5,638
2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort			
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert	F 40 000	F 40 000	040 077
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	540,000	540,000	313,277
Total	2,621,030	2,621,030	2,433,742

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
STREETS AND SANITATION - Concluded			
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE -			
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIVISION - 81 -			
2006.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 1,831,863	\$ 1,831,863	\$ 1,756,467
2006.0100-Contractual Services	34,308	34,308	25,828
2006.0200-Travel	250	250	-
2006.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,250	5,250	4,913
Total	1,871,671	1,871,671	1,787,208
BUREAU OF SANITATION - 81 -			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	95,705,356	95,705,356	94,934,480
2020.0100-Contractual Services	57,813,908	57,813,908	55,713,091
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	160,016	160,016	150,136
2020.0400-Equipment	33,102	33,102	31,034
Total	153,712,382	153,712,382	150,828,741
BUREAU OF RODENT CONTROL - 81 -			
2025.0000-Personnel Services	9,527,859	9,527,859	9,366,764
2025.0100-Contractual Services	1,712,849	1,712,849	1,672,934
2025.0300-Commodities and Materials	92,962	92,962	91,639
2025.0400-Equipment	8,722	8,722	8,195
Total	11,342,392	11,342,392	11,139,532
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS - 81 -			
2045.0000-Personnel Services	18,978,316	18,978,316	18,407,991
2045.0100-Contractual Services	3,004,714	3,004,714	2,937,823
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	664,125	664,125	564,856
Total	22,647,155	22,647,155	21,910,670
BUREAU OF FORESTRY - 81 -			
2060.0000-Personnel Services	14,823,897	14,823,897	16,107,218
2000.00004 ersonner Services	2,499,630	2,499,630	2,413,416
2060.0200-Travel	2,499,000	3,540	1,773
2060.0200-Materials	101,445	101,445	91,569
2060.0400-Equipment	110,801	110,801	100,924
Total	17,539,313	17,539,313	18,714,900
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	209,733,943	209,733,943	206,814,793

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TRANSPORTATION			
COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE - 84 -			
2105.0000-Personnel Services \$	2,771,985		
2105.0100-Contractual Services	208,655	208,655	197,053
2105.0200-Travel	2,700	2,700	2,616
2105.0300-Commodities and Materials	7,100	7,100	6,904
2105.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort			
Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses and Expert			
Costs, as Approved by the Corporation Counsel	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,282,066
Total	4,290,440	4,290,440	4,092,881
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION - 84 -			
2115.0000-Personnel Services	4,852,581	4,852,581	4,503,149
2115.0100-Contractual Services	167,525	167,525	149,298
2115.0200-Travel	300	300	141
2115.0300-Commodities and Materials	14,200	14,200	13,454
Total	5,034,606	5,034,606	4,666,042
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING - 84 -			
2125.0100-Contractual Services	1,791,330	1,791,330	1,706,686
Total	1,791,330	1,791,330	1,706,686
DIVISION OF TRAFFIC SAFETY - 84 -	000 044	000.044	040.007
2130.0000-Personnel Services	936,041	936,041	819,287
2130.0100-Contractual Services 2130.0200-Travel	14,608,200	14,608,200	14,496,965
2130.0200-Travel	300 5,100	300 5 100	12
Total	15,549,641	<u>5,100</u> 15,549,641	4,792
—	-,,-		,,
DIVISION OF SIGN MANAGEMENT- 84 - 2140.0000-Personnel Services	3,399,982	2 200 092	2 120 556
2140.0000-Personnel Services	465,971	3,399,982 465,971	3,120,556 455,859
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	533,983	533,983	503,556
2140.0400-Equipment	27,800	27,800	27,739
Total	4,427,736	4,427,736	4,107,710
	+,+21,100		
DIVISION OF PROJECT DEVELOPMENT - 84 -			
2145.0000-Personnel Services	3,171,099	3,171,099	2,694,732
2145.0100-Contractual Services	785,889	785,889	762,600
2145.0200-Travel	2,150	2,150	2,907
2145.0300-Commodities and Materials	61,150	61,150	60,027
2145.9142-Ex-Offender/Re-Entry Initiatives	250,000	250,000	250,000
Total	4,270,288	4,270,288	3,770,266

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TRANSPORTATION - Concluded			
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS - 84 -			
2150.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 8,059,398	\$ 8,059,398	\$ 7,794,405
2150.0100-Contractual Services	264,523	264,523	240,241
2150.0200-Travel	16,000	,	8,409
2150.0300-Commodities and Materials	562,625		553,437
2150.0400-Equipment	21,000		19,965
Total	8,923,546	8,923,546	8,616,457
DIVISION OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION - 84 -			
2155.0000-Personnel Services	12,514,441	12,514,441	12,316,014
2155.0100-Contractual Services	276,154	276,154	222,223
2155.0200-Travel	1,250	1,250	-
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials	305,161	305,161	286,759
2155.0400-Equipment	15,325		14,398
Total	13,112,331	13,112,331	12,839,394
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	57,399,918	57,399,918	55,120,492
PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT			
2005.9540 - Payment of General Obligation			
Certificate	2,250,000	2,250,000	2,250,000
TOTAL PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT	2,250,000	2,250,000	2,250,000
	, ,		
INTEREST AND OTHER FISCAL CHARGES			
2005.9540-Interest on General Obligation Certificate	2,705,500	2,705,500	2,705,500
TOTAL INTEREST AND OTHER			
FISCAL CHARGES	4,955,500	4,955,500	4,955,500
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ <u>3,852,477,000</u>	\$3,852,477,000	\$3,738,588,754

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS -FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS

Schedule B-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2018 With Comparative Totals for December 31, 2017 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General Government			Health		Public Safety		Trans- portation
ASSETS: Investments Receivables (Net of Allowances) Due From Other Funds Due From Other Governments Restricted Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets	\$	4,332 1,335 13,672 108 - -	\$	8,311 62 73 31,700 - -	\$	4,904 598 1,548 50,997 - -	\$	12,612 51 - 186,687 - -
Total Assets	\$	19,447	\$	40,146	\$	58,047	\$	199,350
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Voucher Warrants Payable Bonds, Notes and Other Obligations Payable - Current Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governmental Units Accrued and Other Liabilities Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities		488 - 27,618 - 325 2,439 30,870	\$	18,885 - 17,886 - 612 9,812 47,195	\$	11,541 - 40,132 - 150 7,200 59,023	\$	55,235 - 104,183 - 553 31,323 191,294
Deferred Inflows: Deferred Inflows		72		5,982		31,405		142,354
Fund Balance (Deficit): Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		- (11,495) (11,495)	_	(13,031) (13,031)	_	- (32,381) (32,381)	_	- (134,298) (134,298)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	19,447	\$	40,146	\$	58,047	\$	199,350

			(Cultural				Urban			rafund	Totals		tals	
Av	iation	ronmental Control	Re	and creational		Human Services	D	evelop- ment	Capital Activity Outlay Elimination			2018		2017	
\$	42 - 41	\$ 3,562 - 2,429	\$	4,086 11 192	\$	37,707 286 7,403	\$	1,910 93 -	\$ 1,084 - -	\$	- -	\$	78,550 2,436 25,358	\$	91,884 4,275 22,474
	-	 1,576 - -		6,719 - -		163,307 3,215 2,963		- 3 304	 4,990 - -		-		446,084 3,218 3,267		393,967 3,218 3,267
\$	83	\$ 7,567	\$	11,008	\$	214,881	\$	2,310	\$ 6,074	\$	-	\$	558,913	\$	519,085
\$	2	\$ 960	\$	166	\$	74,399	\$	81	\$ 3,425	\$	-	\$	165,182	\$	160,258
	- 7	- 5 -		- 49 -		- 72,869 -		- 234 -	- 384 -		-		- 263,367 -		- 253,145 -
	4 -	 - 7		136 525	_	4,708 44,730	_	71 550	 - 2,558		-		6,559 99,144		6,099 97,835
\$	13	\$ 972	\$	876	\$	196,706	\$	936	\$ 6,367	\$	_	\$	534,252	\$	517,337
	-	 613		5,187		33,009		-	 4,787		-		223,409		243,150
	70 -	 5,982 -		4,945 -		- (14,834)		1,374 -	 - (5,080)		-		12,371 (211,119)		7,438 (248,840)
	70	 5,982		4,945		(14,834)		1,374	 (5,080)		-		(198,748)		(241,402)
\$	83	\$ 7,567	\$	11,008	\$	214,881	\$	2,310	\$ 6,074	\$	-	\$	558,913	\$	519,085

Schedule B-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Totals for 2017 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	General Government	Health	Public Safety	Trans- portation	Aviation
Revenues: Federal/State Grants	\$ 9,070	\$ 90,011	\$ 56,159	<u> </u>	\$4
Total Revenues	9,070	90,011	56,159	183,030	4
Expenditures: Current	4,775	85,790	54,839	143,555	7_
Total Expenditures	4,775	85,790	54,839	143,555	7_
Revenues Over Expenditures	4,295	4,221	1,320	39,475	(3)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of Debt, net Operating Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-	-	-
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4,295	4,221	1,320	39,475	(3)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(15,790)	(17,252)	(33,701)	(173,773)	73
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (11,495)	\$ (13,031)	\$ (32,381)	\$ (134,298)	<u>\$70</u>

Environmental Cultural a		iral and	Human	Urban	Capital		tals
Control	Recr	eational	Services	Development	Outlay	2018	2017
\$ 996	\$	18,463	\$ 374,866	\$-	\$ 818	\$ 733,417	\$ 703,251
996	<u> </u>	18,463	374,866		818	733,417	703,251
1,007		12,579	385,833	(2)	2,380	690,763	721,723
1,007		12,579	385,833	(2)	2,380	690,763	721,723
(11)		5,884	(10,967)	2	(1,562)	42,654	(18,472)
-		-	-	-	-	-	19,977
-		-					-
-		-	-				19,977
(11)		5,884	(10,967)	2	(1,562)	42,654	1,505
5,993		(939)	(3,867)	1,372	(3,518)	(241,402)	(242,907)
\$ 5,982	\$	4,945	\$ (14,834)	\$ 1,374	\$ (5,080)	<u>\$ (198,748)</u>	\$ (241,402)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas			Total Ionmajor Capital Project Funds		Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	~	00.004	^	4 000	•	00.040	~	445 044
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	88,994	\$	4,699	\$	22,248	\$	115,941
Investments		23,441		4,384		13,974		41,799
Receivables (Net of Allowances):				26,336				26,336
Property Tax Accounts		- 213,544		20,330		- 273		20,330 213,932
Due from Other Funds		104,853		-		687		105,540
Due from Other Governments		15,431				15,185		30,616
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		26,471		_		-		26,471
Restricted Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		117		36,285		-		36,402
Total Assets	\$	472,851	\$	71,819	\$	52,367	\$	597,037
	Ψ	112,001	Ψ	11,010	Ψ	02,007	Ψ	001,001
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:								
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	51,816	\$	-	\$	6,640	\$	58,456
Accrued Interest		-		170		-		170
Due to Other Funds		229,108		-		15,872		244,980
Accrued and Other Liabilities		11,615		92		241		11,948
Total Liabilities		292,539		262		22,753		315,554
Deferred Inflows		7,957		21,528		-		29,485
Fund Balance:								
Restricted		3,057		50,029		68,252		121,338
Committed		169,067		-				169,067
Assigned		231		-		-		231
Unassigned		-		-		(38,638)		(38,638)
Total Fund Balance		172,355	·	50,029		29,614		251,998
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	472,851	\$	71,819	\$	52,367	\$	597,037
					-			

Schedule C-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Utility Tax	\$ 243,278	\$-	\$-	\$ 243,278
Sales Tax (Local)	265,845	Ψ -	Ψ -	265,845
Transportation Tax	187,292	-	-	187,292
State Sales Tax	342,624	-	-	342,624
Transaction Tax	69,755	-	-	69,755
Special Area Tax	-	25,616	-	25,616
Other Taxes	23,869	-	-	23,869
Internal Service	28,324	-	-	28,324
Fines	18,195	-	-	18,195
Investment Income	3,247	1,346	914	5,507
Charges for Services	40,901	-	-	40,901
Miscellaneous	19,158	930	893	20,981
Total Revenues	1,242,488	27,892	1,807	1,272,187
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	267,047	-	-	267,047
Public Safety	96,096	-	-	96,096
Streets and Sanitation	52,951	-	-	52,951
Transportation	104,030	-	-	104,030
Cultural and Recreational	85,154	-	-	85,154
Other	391	-	-	391
Capital Outlay	-	-	46,844	46,844
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	129,060	-	129,060
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	1,522	13,639	-	15,161
Total Expenditures	607,191	142,699	46,844	796,734
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	635,297	(114,807)	(45,037)	475,453

Continued on following page.

Schedule C-2 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 99,586 (688,027) (588,441)	\$ 111,358 (21,510) 89,848	\$ 14,600 - 14,600	\$ 225,544 (709,537) (483,993)		
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balance - Beginning of Year Fund Balance - End of Year	46,856 125,499 \$ 172,355	(24,959) 74,988 \$ 50,029	(30,437) 60,051 \$ 29,614	(8,540) 260,538 \$ 251,998		

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Vehicle Tax Fund - Expenditures made in accordance with the policy established by the City Council in connection with street repairs and maintenance, as provided by sale of vehicle licenses.

Motor Fuel Tax and Project Fund - Expenditures for repair and maintenance of streets and pavements as provided by the City's distributive share of State Motor Fuel Tax and Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds.

Public Building Commission Fund - For rentals of space and long-term lease obligations by the City as provided by tax levy.

Miscellaneous Fund - Expenditures for environmental management purposes related to liquid waste, inspection, operation of emergency communication system and other obligations, as provided by revenues from fees collected for disposal of liquid waste, by surcharges on telephone billings and transfers in.

Chicago Public Library Fund - Expenditures for acquisition, repairs, construction and equipment of library buildings; also library maintenance and operations as provided by proceeds of debt, fines and miscellaneous revenues.

Special Events, Tourism and Festivals Fund - Expenditures for promoting tourism, conventions and other special events projects in Chicago as provided by the State from Municipal Hotel-Motel Tax receipts and by proceeds from Jazz, Blues and Gospel Festivals and Taste of Chicago.

Health and Welfare Fund - For general assistance to be expended and administered by the Illinois Department of Public Aid as provided by patient fees, City and State grants and proceeds of debt, and for neighborhood human infrastructure projects designed to improve the quality of life for citizens.

Municipal Employees' Annuity Benefit Fund (MEABF) Reserve - A tax assessed to meet the City's funding obligations to the Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago.

Sales Tax Securitization Corporation - General Fund - The STSC was organized for the limited purpose of purchasing certain sales tax revenues from the City and issuing bonds, notes, or other obligations for the benefit of the City.

ASSETS		Vehicle Tax	-	Motor Tuel Tax and Project	В	Public uilding nmission
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_	\$	8,208	\$	_
Investments	Ψ	13,533	Ψ	- 0,200	Ψ	-
Receivables (Net of Allowances):		10,000				
Accounts		3,211		1,706		-
Due from Other Funds		57,490		2,445		-
Due from Other Governments		-		8,768		2,885
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		<i>,</i> -		<i>,</i> –
Restricted Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent		-		117		-
Total Assets	\$	74,234	\$	21,244	\$	2,885
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Voucher Warrants Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued and Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	11,347 25,463 5,915 42,725	\$	7,523 412 604 8,539	\$	- 30 - 30
Deferred Inflows		-		-		-
Fund Balance (Deficit): Restricted		-		-		-
Committed		31,509 -		12,705 -		2,855 -
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		31,509		12,705		2,855
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	74,234	\$	21,244	\$	2,885

Miscellaneous		Chicago Public Library		Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		Health and Welfare		MEABF Pension Reserve		STSC General Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	881 7,039	\$	776 -	\$	- 1,709	\$	813 1,160	\$	78,309	\$	7	\$	88,994 23,441
	18,458 25,371		154 17,036		627 2,481		241 30		59,944 -		129,203 -		213,544 104,853
	491 - -		-		3,287 - -		-		- 26,471 -		-		15,431 26,471 117
\$	52,240	\$	17,966	\$	8,104	\$	2,244	\$	164,724	\$	129,210	\$	472,851
\$	22,043 7,146 2,205	\$	7,420 143 2,541	\$	3,460 2,842 350	\$	-	\$	- 64,116 -	\$	23 128,956 -	\$	51,816 229,108 11,615
	31,394		- 10,104		6,652		-		64,116 7,957		128,979 -		292,539 7,957
	3,057								<u> </u>				3,057
	17,789		- 7,862 -		- 1,452 -		- 2,244 -		92,651 -		- - 231		169,067 231
	20,846		7,862		1,452		2,244		92,651		231		172,355
\$	52,240	\$	17,966	\$	8,104	\$	2,244	\$	164,724	\$	129,210	\$	472,851

Schedule D-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Tax Project Comm	
Revenues:	
Utility Tax\$ - \$ - \$	-
Sales Tax (Local)	-
State Sales Tax	-
Transaction Tax	-
	-
Other Taxes	-
Internal Service	-
Fines	-
Investment Income	-
Charges for Services	-
Miscellaneous	517
Total Revenues 195,126 57,525	517
Expenditures: Current: General Government 91,410 17,003 Public Safety 475 - Streets and Sanitation 40,229 12,722 Transportation 71,605 32,328 Cultural and Recreational - - Other - - Debt Service: - - Interest and Other Fiscal Charges - - Total Expenditures 203,719 62,053	858 - - - - - - 858
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (8,593) (4,528)	(341)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): 686 - Transfers In 686 - Transfers Out (10) - Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 676 -	-
Net Change in Fund Balances (7,917) (4,528) Fund Balance - Beginning of Year 39,426 17,233	(341) 3,196
Fund Balance - End of Year	2,855

Miscellaneous		Chicago Public Library		Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		Health and Welfare		MEABF Pension Reserve		STSC General Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	130,204	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	113,074	\$	-	\$	243,278
	-		-		-		-		-		265,845		265,845
	-		-		1,293		-		-		-		187,292
	-		-		-		-		-		342,624		342,624
	69,755		-		-		-		-		-		69,755
	-		-		23,869		-		-		-		23,869
	-		-		-		-		-		-		28,324
	-		1,429		-		-		-		-		18,195
	1,974		43		(33)		12		758		-		3,247
	6,729		491		12,878		-		-		-		40,901
	11,818		165		6,392		-		-		-		19,158
	220,480		2,128		44,399		12		113,832		608,469		1,242,488
	100,153		42,184		15,190		-		-		249		267,047
	95,621		-		-		-		-		-		96,096
	-		-		-		-		-		-		52,951
	97		-		-		-		-		-		104,030
	-		55,751		29,403		-		-		-		85,154
	-		-		391		-		-		-		391
	-		1,514		-		-		-		8		1,522
	195,871		99,449		44,984		-		-		257		607,191
	24,609		(97,321)		(585)		12		113,832		608,212		635,297
	80		98,820		_		-		_		_		99,586
	(10,641)		(3,141)		(1,898)		-		(64,116)		(608,221)		(688,027)
	(10,561)		95,679		(1,898)				(64,116)		(608,221)		(588,441)
	(10,001)				(.,)				(0.,		(100,=1)		(300,)
	14,048		(1,642)		(2,483)		12		49,716		(9)		46,856
	6,798		9,504		3,935		2,232		42,935		240		125,499
\$	20,846	\$	7,862	\$	1,452	\$	2,244	\$	92,651	\$	231	\$	172,355
					· · · · · ·	_				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

Schedule D-3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Transaction and Property Tax	Special Area and Utility Taxes	Trans- portation Tax	State Taxes
FUND				
Final Budgeted Revenues: Vehicle Tax	\$-	\$-	\$ 127,638	\$ 10,000
Motor Fuel Tax and Project	Ψ -	Ψ -	59,251	φ 10,000 -
Miscellaneous	68,040	121,453	-	-
Chicago Public Library	-	-	-	-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	-	-	-	25,100
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-
MEABF Pension Reserve	-	122,316		
Total Final Budgeted Revenues	68,040	243,769	186,889	35,100
Actual Revenues:				
Vehicle Tax	-	-	129,074	-
Motor Fuel Tax and Project	-	-	56,925	-
Public Building Commission	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	69,755	130,204	-	-
Chicago Public Library	-	-	-	-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals	-	-	1,293	23,869
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	-
MEABF Pension Reserve	-	113,074		
Total Actual Revenues	69,755	243,278	187,292	23,869
Variance Positive (Negative)	\$ 1,715	\$ (491)	\$ 403	\$ (11,231)

Internal Service	Fines	Investment Income	Leases, Rentals, Sales and Charges for Services	Miscel- laneous	Proceeds of Debt	Budgeted Prior Years' Surplus and Operating Transfers In/ Other	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 34,521	\$ 9,200	\$-	\$ 15,315	\$ 7,670	\$-	\$ 9,755	\$ 214,099
-	-	-	-	-	-	10,074	69,325
-	-	-	-	22,006	-	29	211,528
-	1,520	2	165	600	83,627	23,542	109,456
-	-	-	13,100	6,500	-	5,642	50,342
-	-	-	-	-	-	75	75
 -							122,316
34,521	10,720	2	28,580	36,776	83,627	49,117	777,141
28,324	16,766	102	20,803	57	-	686	195,812
-	-	391	-	209	-	-	57,525
-	-	-	-	517	-	-	517
-	-	1,974	6,729	11,818	-	80	220,560
-	1,429	43	491	165	-	98,820	100,948
-	-	(33)	12,878	6,392	-	-	44,399
-	-	12	-	-	-	-	12
 -	-	758	-		-		113,832
 28,324	18,195	3,247	40,901	19,158		99,586	733,605
\$ (6,197)	\$ 7,475	\$ 3,245	\$ 12,321	\$ (17,618)	\$ (83,627)	\$ 50,469	\$ (43,536)

Schedule D-4 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND ENCUMBRANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

FUND	General Government		Health		Public Safety		Streets and Sanitation	
Final Budget:								
Vehicle Tax	\$	101,413	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,027
Motor Fuel Tax and Project		15,175		-		-		12,657
Miscellaneous		209,551		-		3,047		-
Library		52,072		-		-		-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		17,937		-		-		-
Total Original and Final Budget		396,148		-		3,047		53,684
Actual Expenditures and Encumbrances:								
Vehicle Tax		92,160		-		-		41,319
Motor Fuel Tax and Project		15,175		-		-		12,643
Miscellaneous		206,631		-		1,496		-
Library		44,495		-		-		-
Special Events, Tourism and Festivals		17,404		-		-		-
Total Actual Expenditures and Encumbrances		375,865		-		1,496		53,962
Variance Positive (Negative)	\$	20,283	\$	-	\$	1,551	\$	(278)

Trans- portation	Cultural and Recreational		Employee Pensions		Operating Transfers Out		Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$ 71,659	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	214,099
38,493		-		-		-		-		66,325
-		-		-		-		-		212,598
-		57,384		-		-		-		109,456
 -		31,305		-		-		-		49,242
 110,152		88,689		-		-		-		651,720
72,559		-		-		-		-		206,038
36,069		-		-		-		-		63,887
-		-		-		-		-		208,127
-		56,218		-		-		-		100,713
 -		30,558		-		-		-		47,962
 108,628		86,776						-		626,727
\$ 1,524	\$	1,913	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,993

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND	Duugei	Duuget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES - 15 -			
COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC WAY			
2230.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 437,750	\$ 437,750	\$ 412,434
2230.9000-Purposes as Specified		16,387	21,148
Total	454,137	454,137	433,582
COMMITTEE ON PEDESTRIAN AND TRAFFIC SAFETY			
2265.0000-Personnel Services	244,379	244,379	246,975
2265.0300-Commodities and Materials	5,000	5,000	-
Total	249,379	249,379	246,975
TOTAL CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEES	703,516	703,516	680,557
CITY CLERK - 25 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	4,050,500	4,050,500	3,826,673
2005.0100-Contractual Services	1,978,001	1,978,001	1,295,248
2005.0200-Travel	26,000	26,000	9,788
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	422,570	422,570	273,565
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	20,000	20,000	20,000
Total	6,497,071	6,497,071	5,425,274
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
FINANCIAL STRATEGY AND OPERATIONS			
2015.0000-Personnel Services	399,509	399,509	398,820
Total	399,509	399,509	398,820
i otal	377,307	377,307	570,020
REVENUE SERVICES AND OPERATIONS			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	442,312	442,312	419,039
2020.0100-Contractual Services	222,000	222,000	69,284
2020.0300-Commodities and Materials	500	500	-
2020.0400-Equipment		1,177,575	1,161,252
Total	1,842,387	1,842,387	1,649,575
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE	2,241,896	2,241,896	2,048,395
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,350,315	1,350,315	1,259,785
2005.0100-Contractual Services	119,288	119,288	113,473
2005.0200-Travel	3,508	3,508	3,473
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	3,995	3,995	3,752
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	148	148	148
Total	1,477,254	1,477,254	1,380,631
	.,,201	.,,201	.,

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Continued				
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -				
BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT				
2126.0100-Contractual Services	\$	1,291,827	5 1,291,827 \$	1,284,064
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials		38,426	38,426	1
Total		1,330,253	1,330,253	1,284,065
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT				
2131.0100-Contractual Services		4,922,214	4,922,214	4,922,114
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials		8,988,094	8,988,094	8,811,138
Total	_	13,910,308	13,910,308	13,733,252
BUREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS				
2140.0100-Contractual Services		3,623,876	3,623,876	3,614,735
Total		3,623,876	3,623,876	3,614,735
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT	_	18,864,437	18,864,437	18,632,052
DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS - 67 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services		477,003	477,003	465,119
2005.0100-Contractual Services		31,000	31,000	8,385
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,008	3,008	1,547
Total	_	511,011	511,011	475,051
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -				
2005.0000-Personnel Services		28,255,271	28,255,271	23,485,692
2005.0100-Contractual Services		9,423,117	9,423,117	7,253,984
2005.0931-Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside Counsel Expenses				
and Expert Costs		11,800	11,800	9,192
2005.0934-Claims for Damages and Liabilities		375,000	375,000	233,154
2005.0989-Refunds for Cancelled Voucher Warrants and Payroll				
Checks and Duplicate Payments and Payments Made in Error		765,000	765,000	687,180
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds				
Currently in Effect as well as New Grants		782,700	782,700	344,413

VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - Concluded			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 - Concluded	00.477	A 00.477 4	00.477
2005.9027-For the City Contribution to Social Security Tax \$	22,477		
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	951,419	951,419	951,419
2005.9581-Reserved for Excess Expenses Related to Snow Events	500,000 14,850,686	500,000 14,850,686	500,000 14,850,686
	14,000,000	14,000,000	14,030,000
2005.9611-To Reimburse the Corporate Fund for Indirect Costs	15 170 000	15 170 000	15 170 000
Chargeable to fund	15,170,000	15,170,000	15,170,000
2005.9774-Transfer for Services provided by the Office of Emergency	10.000	10.000	10.000
Management and Communication	10,000 71,117,470	10,000 71,117,470	10,000 63,518,197
TOLAT	/1,11/,470	/1,117,470	03,318,197
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	101,412,655	101,412,655	92,160,157
STREETS AND SANITATION			
BUREAU OF SANITATION - 81 -	E 201 110	E 201 110	7 144 100
2020.0000-Personnel Services	5,281,119	5,281,119	7,144,129
2020.0100-Contractual Services	2,238,307 500	2,238,307 500	2,236,507 343
Z020.0400-Equipment	7,519,926	7,519,926	9,380,979
T Utal	7,319,920	7,017,720	7,300,777
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS - 81 -			
2045.0000-Personnel Services	7,014,960	7,014,960	5,664,294
2045.0100-Contractual Services	1,876,186	1,876,186	1,417,314
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials	231,591	231,591	167,224
2045.0400-Equipment	33,700	33,700	16,226
2045.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	5,000	5,000	5,000
Total	9,161,437	9,161,437	7,270,058
BUREAU OF TRAFFIC SERVICES - 81 -			
2070.0000-Personnel Services	13,886,421	13,886,421	14,606,882
2070.0100-Contractual Services	9,797,888	9,797,888	9,650,312
2070.0300-Commodities and Materials	133,600	133,600	129,502
2070.0992-For Tow Storage Refunds	500,000	500,000	253,410
2070.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	28,000	28,000	28,000
Total	24,345,909	24,345,909	24,668,106

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Continued			
STREETS AND SANITATION - Concluded			
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	\$ 41,027,272	\$ 41,027,272 \$	41,319,143
TRANSPORTATION			
DIVISION OF ENGINEERING - 84 -			
2125.0000-Personnel Services	7,344,085	7,344,085	6,525,543
2125.0100-Contractual Services	3,647,748	3,647,748	3,564,964
2125.0200-Travel	46,378	46,378	45,166
2125.0300-Commodities and Materials	18,310	18,310	16,173
Total	11,056,521	11,056,521	10,151,846
DIVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT - 84 -			
2135.0000-Personnel Services	5,188,104	5,188,104	5,008,446
2135.0100-Contractual Services		5,094,280	5,014,860
2135.0200-Travel		100,789	79,751
2135.0300-Commodities and Materials		39,150	38,975
2135.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total	10,426,323	10,426,323	10,146,032
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS - 84 -			
2150.0100-Contractual Services	1,547,405	1,547,405	1,531,580
2150.0200-Travel		117,560	117,040
2150.0300-Commodities and Materials		1,253,710	1,220,358
2150.0400-Equipment	3,250	3,250	3,250
Total	2,921,925	2,921,925	2,872,228
DIVISON OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION - 84 -			
2155.0000-Personnel Services	43,637,704	43,637,704	45,841,038
2155.0100-Contractual Services		422,027	358,858
2155.0200-Travel	18,500	18,500	24,420
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials	3,141,073	3,141,073	3,129,356
2155.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	35,000	35,000	35,000
Total	47,254,304	47,254,304	49,388,672
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	71,659,073	71,659,073	72,558,778

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
VEHICLE TAX FUND - Concluded						
TOTAL VEHICLE TAX FUND	\$	214,099,000	\$	214,099,000	\$	206,038,078
MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -						
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT						
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials Total		15,175,066 15,175,066	_	15,175,066 15,175,066	_	15,175,066 15,175,066
TOTAL FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT		15,175,066		15,175,066	. <u> </u>	15,175,066
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		15,175,066		15,175,066		15,175,066
STREETS AND SANITATION - 81 -						
BUREAU OF STREET OPERATIONS		10 (57 000		10 (57 000		10 (40 050
2045.0300-Commodities and Materials Total	_	12,657,200 12,657,200	_	12,657,200 12,657,200	_	12,643,358 12,643,358
TOTAL STREETS AND SANITATION	_	12,657,200	_	12,657,200	_	12,643,358
TRANSPORTATION - 84 -						
DIVISION OF ELECTRICAL OPERATIONS						
2005.0000-Personnel Services		717,751		717,751		-
2005.9189-For Payment of the Annual Contribution to the CTA		3,000,000		3,000,000		3,000,000
2125.0100-Contractual Services.		3,000,000		3,000,000		2,998,359
2150.0000-Personnel Services		17,749,706		17,749,706		17,756,931
Total		2,250,825 26,718,282		2,250,825 26,718,282	·	2,219,731 25,975,021
10(d)		20,710,202		20,710,202		23,773,021
DIVISION OF IN-HOUSE CONSTRUCTION						
2155.0000-Personnel Services		7,566,875		7,566,875		5,907,579
2155.0100-Contractual Services		1,088,000		1,088,000		1,066,577
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials		3,119,761		3,119,761		3,119,761
Total		11,774,636		11,774,636	_	10,093,917
TOTAL TRANSPORTATION		38,492,918		38,492,918	. <u> </u>	36,068,938

MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND - Concluded	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
TOTAL MOTOR FUEL TAX AND PROJECT FUND	\$ 66,325,184	\$ 66,325,184	\$63,887,362
MISCELLANEOUS FUND			
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS			
PUBLIC SAFETY			
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY - 058 - 2705.0000-Personnel Services 2705.0100-Contractual Services 2705.0300-Commodities and Materials 2705.0400-Equipment Total	61,181,971 39,251,587 815,022 56,435 101,305,015	61,181,971 39,251,587 815,022 56,435 101,305,015	58,321,769 37,160,476 730,170 57,446 96,269,861
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 - 2005.0000-Personnel Services 2005.9600-Reimbursements 2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation Total	1,693,985 7,813,000 10,641,000 20,147,985	1,693,985 7,813,000 10,641,000 20,147,985	1,750,034 7,813,000 10,641,000 20,204,034
TOTAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS	121,453,000	121,453,000	116,473,895
SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES CHICAGO PARKING METERS			
<u>GENERAL GOVERNMENT</u>			
FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 - 2005.0100-Contractual Services Total		17,371,528 17,371,528	17,371,527 17,371,527
TOTAL CHICAGO PARKING METERS		17,371,528	17,371,527

MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Continued	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES - Concluded			
PUBLIC SAFETY			
DEPARTMENT OF POLICE - 57 -			
2005.9999- Miscellaneous \$	3,246,000 \$		1,496,267
Total	3,246,000	2,883,905	1,496,267
TOTAL SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACTIVITIES	3,246,000	20,255,433	18,867,794
DEPARTURE TAX			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - 27 -			
2020.0000-Personnel Services	-	545,871	-
Total	-	545,871	-
DEPARTMENT OF AVIATION - 85 -			
2015.0100-Contractual Services	-	391,041	391,041
Total	-	391,041	391,041
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	-	936,912	391,041
PUBLIC SAFETY			
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS AFFAIRS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION - 70 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	-	163,138	-
Total	-	163,138	-

TOTAL DEPARTURE TAX

-

1,100,050

391,041

MISCELLANEOUS FUND - Concluded	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
MISCELLAINEOUS FUND - COncluded			
ALLIED SETTLEMENT FUND			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF LAW - 31 - 2005.0931-For the Payment of Tort and Non-Tort Judgments, Outside			
Counsel Expenses and Expert Costs	\$	\$ <u>250,000</u> 250,000	\$
10(d)		230,000	
DEPARTMENT OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES - 35 -			
2005.0100-Contractual Services	-	1,405,000	209,817
2005.0200-Travel	-	10,000	-
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	-	10,000	2,037
2005.0400-Equipment		75,000	-
Total	-	1,500,000	211,854
TOTAL ALLIED SETTLEMENT	-	1,750,000	211,854
CTA REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX			
FINANCE GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.9205-For Distribution of the Net Proceeds of the Real Property			
Transfer Tax-CTA Portion	67,376,000	67,376,000	71,517,881
2005.9640-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Costs Incurred for			
Collection of the Real Property Transfer Tax-CTA Portion	664,000	664,000	664,000
Total	68,040,000	68,040,000	72,181,881
TOTAL CTA REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX	68,040,000	68,040,000	72,181,881
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS FUND	192,739,000	212,598,483	208,126,465

LIBRARY FUND	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
DEPARTMENT OF INNOVATION AND TECHNOLOGY - 06 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	\$ 1,163,861 \$	1,163,861 \$	1,185,616
Total	1,163,861	1,163,861	1,185,616
DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -			
BUREAU OF FACILITY MANAGEMENT - 38 -			
2126.0100-Contractual Services	8,668,533	8,668,533	7,647,675
2126.0300-Commodities and Materials	852,272	852,272	806,387
Total	9,520,805	9,520,805	8,454,062
BUREAU OF ASSET MANAGEMENT - 38 -			
2131.0100-Contractual Services	1,185,035	1,185,035	1,433,989
2131.0300-Commodities and Materials	3,895,594	3,895,594	3,468,286
Total	5,080,629	5,080,629	4,902,275
BUREAU OF FLEET OPERATIONS - 38 -			
2140.0100-Contractual Services	37,485	37,485	37,458
2140.0300-Commodities and Materials	15,000	15,000	15,000
Total	52,485	52,485	52,458
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF FLEET AND FACILITY MANAGEMENT	14,653,919	14,653,919	13,408,795
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	10,855,514	10,855,514	8,496,474
2005.0100-Contractual Services	2,097,759	2,097,759	1,727,787
2005.0400-Equipment	2,380,000	2,380,000	2,176,334
2005.0955-Interest on Library Financing	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,513,639
2005.9027-City's Contribution to Social Security Tax	19,150	19,150	19,150
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	810,584	810,584	810,584
2005.9112-Property Maintenance Contract for the			,
Harold Washington Library Center	7,335,236	7,335,236	6,741,263
2005.9199 -For Purchase of Chicago Public Library Books and Materials	8,415,000	8,415,000	8,415,569
2005.9980-Municipal Fund Pension Allocation	3,141,000	3,141,000	-
Total	36,254,243	36,254,243	29,900,800
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	52,072,023	52,072,023	44,495,211

LIBRARY FUND - Concluded	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL			
CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY - 91 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services\$	52,775,390 \$	52,775,390 \$	51,727,860
2005.0100-Contractual Services	3,948,896	3,948,896	3,853,045
2005.0200-Travel	23,880	23,880	22,444
2005.0300-Commodities and Materials	600,811	600,811	586,549
2005.9400-Internal Transfers and Reimbursements	35,000	35,000	28,194
Total	57,383,977	57,383,977	56,218,092
TOTAL LIBRARY FUND	109,456,000	109,456,000	100,713,303
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND			
SPECIAL EVENTS AND MUNICIPAL HOTEL OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR - 01 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	410,803	410,803	415,985
Total	410,803	410,803	415,985
			110,700
CITY COUNCIL COMMITTEE ON SPECIAL EVENTS,			
CULTURAL AFFAIRS AND RECREATION- 15 -			
2155.0000-Personnel Services	153,388	153,388	156,457
2155.0300-Commodities and Materials	8,720	8,720	-
Total	162,108	162,108	156,457
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE - GENERAL - 99 -			
2005.0000-Personnel Services	1,086,153	1,086,153	809,142
2005.0100-Contractual Services	5,690,082	5,690,082	5,638,753
2005.0991-To Provide for Matching and Supplementary Grant Funds	318,750	318,750	130,663
2005.9027-City's Contribution to Social Security Tax	1,922	1,922	1,922
2005.9076-City's Contribution to Medicare Tax	81,372	81,372	81,372
2005.9124-For the Sister Cities Program	528,643	528,643	528,643
2005.9610-To Reimburse Corporate Fund for Pension Payments	1,349,468	1,349,468	1,349,468
2005.9611-To Reimburse the Corporate Fund for Indirect			
Costs Chargeable to Fund	6,285,000	6,285,000	6,285,000
2005.9700-Reimbursable Transfers Between Funds	1,897,500	1,897,500	1,897,500
2005.9800-Special Events Projects	125,000	125,000	108,863
Total	17,363,890	17,363,890	16,831,326

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM AND FESTIVALS FUND - Concluded			
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 17,936,801	\$ 17,936,801 \$	5 17,403,768
CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL			
DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL AFFAIRS AND SPECIAL EVENTS - 23 -			
2015.0000-Personnel Services	6,312,982	6,312,982	5,545,272
2015.0100-Contractual Services	3,295,796	3,295,796	3,295,100
2015.0200-Travel	10,500	10,500	3,285
2015.0300-Commodities and Materials	95,000	95,000	66,309
2015.9188-Expenses Related to the Operations of Millennium Park	7,080,707	7,080,707	7,080,707
2015.9219-Implementation of Cultural Plan	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000
2015.9288-Expenses Related to Programming for Millennium Park	265,500	265,500	265,500
2015.9800-Special Events Projects	12,994,714	12,994,714	13,052,181
Total	31,305,199	31,305,199	30,558,354
TOTAL CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	31,305,199	31,305,199	30,558,354
TOTAL MUNICIPAL HOTEL OPERATORS' OCCUPATION TAX	49,242,000	49,242,000	47,962,122
TOTAL SPECIAL EVENTS, TOURISM			
AND FESTIVALS FUND	49,242,000	49,242,000	47,962,122
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	\$ 631,861,184	\$ 651,720,667	626,727,330

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Highway and Transportation Projects - Proceeds of debt used to improve highways and transportation systems.

Building Projects - Proceeds of debt used to finance exterior and interior construction and mechanical work on buildings used by City departments and the public.

Equipment Projects - Proceeds of debt used to purchase capital assets and maintain equipment and machinery for various City departments.

Chicago Public Building Commission - Accounts for assets held by Public Building Commission as trustee or agent during the interim financing period of certain City projects.

Schedule E-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Trans	ghway and portation ojects		uilding		quipment Projects	E	Chicago Public Building mmission		Total Ionmajor Capital Project Funds
ASSETS	¢	10	¢		۴	00.000	۴		۴	00.040
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	10 11	\$	- 84	\$	22,238 13,879	\$	-	\$	22,248 13,974
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)		-		1		272		_		273
Due from Other Funds		-		-		687		-		687
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		15,185		15,185
Total Assets	\$	21	\$	85	\$	37,076	\$	15,185	\$	52,367
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:										
Voucher Warrants Payable	\$	96	\$	-	\$	6,544	\$	-	\$	6,640
Due to Other Funds		-		687		-		15,185		15,872
Accrued and Other Liabilities Total Liabilities		- 96		- 687		241		-		241
		90		007		6,785		15,185		22,753
Fund Balance:										
Restricted		-		-		68,252		-		68,252
Unassigned		(75)		(602)		(37,961)		-		(38,638)
Total Fund Balance		(75)		(602)		30,291		-		29,614
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	21	\$	85	\$	37,076	\$	15,185	\$	52,367

Schedule E-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Highway and			Chicago Public	Total Nonmajor Capital
	Transportation	Building	Equipment	Building	Project
	Projects	Projects	Projects	Commission	Funds
REVENUES					
Investment Income	\$-	\$-	\$ 914	\$-	\$ 914
Miscellaneous	25	-	868	-	893
Total Revenues	25	-	1,782	-	1,807
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	-	-	46,844	-	46,844
Total Expenditures	-	-	46,844	-	46,844
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	25		(45,062)		(45,037)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	-	-	14,600	-	14,600
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	14,600	-	14,600
Net Change in Fund Balance	25	-	(30,462)	-	(30,437)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	(100)	(602)	60,753	-	60,051
Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ (75)	\$ (602)	\$ 30,291	\$-	\$ 29,614

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS - Account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for various entities.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS - Expenditures for employee pensions as provided by employee and employer contributions and investment earnings.

Schedule F-1 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Payroll Clearing Fund	Payroll Deduction Fund	Other Clearing Fund	License and Special Deposit Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Total
ASSETS: Cash,						
January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions	\$ 3,579 3,997,002 4,000,481	\$ 170 251 221	\$ 80,091 4,625,989 4,560,554	\$ 22,303 72,785 62,699	\$ 3,937 281 246	\$ 110,080 8,696,308 8,624,201
Cash, December 31, 2018	100	200	145,526	32,389	3,972	182,187
Investments, January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions	4,740 54,791 4,741	229 205 229	74,080 53,036,472 53,031,289	30,147 33,384 30,147	247 221 247	109,443 53,125,073 53,066,653
Investments, December 31, 2018	54,790	205	79,263	33,384	221	167,863
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent, January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions	- - -	- - -	10,495 95,823 95,040	122 1 	- - -	10,617 95,824 95,040
Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent, December 31, 2018			11,278	123		11,401
Accounts Receivables, January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions		3,847 - 1	93,555 276,797 251,677	1,187 9,039 9,199	1,023 - 2	99,612 285,836 260,879
Accounts Receivables, December 31, 2018		3,846	118,675	1,027	1,021	124,569

Schedule F-1 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Payroll Clearing Fund	Payroll Deduction Fund	Other Clearing Fund	License and Special Deposit Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Total
ASSETS - Concluded: Total Assets, January 1, 2018	\$ 8,319	\$ 4,246	\$ 258,221	\$ 53,759	\$ 5,207	\$ 329,752
Additions Deductions	4,051,793 4,005,222	456 451	58,035,081 57,938,560	115,209 102,045	502 495	62,203,041 62,046,773
Total Assets, December 31, 2018	\$ 54,890	\$ 4,251	\$ 354,742	\$ 66,923	\$ 5,214	\$ 486,020
LIABILITIES: Voucher Warrants Payable January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions		\$ 34 - -	\$ 18,217 313,765 278,597	\$	\$4 - -	\$ 22,214 3,954,036 3,921,007
Voucher Warrants Payable December 31, 2018	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34	53,385	1,620	4	55,243
Due to City, December 31, 2012			-	-		
Accrued Liabilities, January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions	8,319 1,676,831 1,630,460	4,212 12 7	240,004 495,438 434,085	49,800 37,612 22,109	5,203 23 16	307,538 2,209,916 2,086,677
Accrued Liabilities, December 31, 2018	54,690	4,217	301,357	65,303	5,210	430,777
Total Liabilities, January 1, 2018 Additions Deductions	8,319 5,306,863 5,260,292	4,246 12 7	258,221 809,203 712,682	53,759 47,851 34,687	5,207 23 16	329,752 6,163,952 6,007,684
Total Liabilities December 31, 2018	\$ 54,890	\$ 4,251	\$ 354,742	\$ 66,923	\$ 5,214	\$ 486,020

Schedule F-2 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF PLAN NET POSITION December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Funds						
	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total		
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 500	\$ 26,102	\$ 108,459	\$ 24,455	\$ 159,516		
Receivables Employer and Other Interest and Dividends	343,123 12,702	47,023 2,859	615,360 6,556	205,260 7,065	1,210,766 29,182		
Total Receivables	355,825	49,882	621,916	212,325	1,239,948		
Due from City	23,948	2,126	106,491	43,477	176,042		
Property, Plant, Equipment and Other	150		<u>.</u>	173	323		
Investments, at Fair Value Bonds and U.S. Government Obligations Stocks Mortgages and Real Estate Other Total Investments	899,457 1,562,978 408,489 688,276 3,559,200	256,524 508,643 121,113 143,408 1,029,688	493,314 1,098,656 90,783 600,156 2,282,909	190,649 494,107 13,304 65,409 763,469	1,839,944 3,664,384 633,689 1,497,249 7,635,266		
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	121,892	32,280	112,851	91,417	358,440		
Total Assets	4,061,515	1,140,078	3,232,626	1,135,316	9,569,535		
LIABILITIES Voucher Warrants Payable Securities Lending Collateral Total Liabilities	25,442 121,892 147,334	12,947 32,280 45,227	214,596 112,851 327,447	8,110 91,417 99,527	261,095 358,440 619,535		
Deferred Inflows		167	91		258		
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 3,914,181	\$ 1,094,684	\$ 2,905,088	\$ 1,035,789	\$ 8,949,742		

Schedule F-3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION Year Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Pension Trust Funds						
	Municipal Employees'	Laborers'	Policemen's	Firemen's	Total		
ADDITIONS							
Contributions							
Employees City		\$ 17,837 47,844	\$ 107,186 588,035	\$	\$ 309,318 1,235,137		
Total Contributions	487,974	65,681	695,221	295,579	1,544,455		
Investment Income Net Depreciation in Fair							
Value of Investments	(290,889)	(88,322)	(183,035)	(75,969)	(638,215)		
Interest, Dividends and Other	102,128	21,434	55,524	23,235	202,321		
Investment Expense	(17,307)	(7,886)	(9,615)	(5,860)	(40,668)		
Net Investment Income	(206,068)	(74,774)	(137,126)	(58,594)	(476,562)		
Securities Lending Transactions Securities Lending Income Securities Lending Expense Net Securities Lending	3,908 (2,814)	996 (780)	3,134 (2,384)	797 (199)	8,835 (6,177)		
Transactions	1,094	216	750	598	2,658		
Total Additions	283,000	(8,877)	558,845	237,583	1,070,551		
DEDUCTIONS Benefits and Refunds of							
Deductions	916,198	160,061	771,104	324,662	2,172,025		
Administrative and General	6,639	3,933	4,066	3,285	17,923		
Total Deductions	922,837	163,994	775,170	327,947	2,189,948		
Net Decrease in Net Position Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits:	(639,837)	(172,871)	(216,325)	(90,364)	(1,119,397)		
Beginning of Year	4,554,018	1,267,555	* 3,121,413	1,126,153	10,069,139		
End of Year	\$ 3,914,181	\$ 1,094,684	\$ 2,905,088	\$ 1,035,789	\$ 8,949,742		

*January 1, 2018 balance for the Policemen's Pension Plan was restated as a result of adopting GASB 75.

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PART III

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Table 1CITY OF CHICAGONET POSITION BY COMPONENTLast Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2009 (1)	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets \$	251,103	\$ (324,284)	\$ (299,859)	\$ (215,961)
Restricted	3,735,128	3,611,533	1,596,408	1,908,516
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,840,026)	(6,582,562)	(5,691,215)	(7,537,057)
Total governmental activities,				
net position <u>\$</u>	(1,853,795)	\$ (3,295,313)	\$ (4,394,666)	\$ (5,844,502)
Business-type activities: Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ Restricted Unrestricted	2,286,658 821,909 (1,541,136)	\$ 2,365,522 790,881 (1,431,859)	\$ 2,451,787 874,837 (1,541,515)	\$ 2,388,310 982,517 (1,354,572)
Total business type activities,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			
net position <u>\$</u>	1,567,431	\$ 1,724,544	\$ 1,785,109	\$ 2,016,255
Primary Government: Net Investment in Capital Assets \$ Restricted Unrestricted	2,537,761 4,557,037 (7,381,162)	\$ 2,041,238 4,402,414 (8,014,421)	\$ 2,151,928 2,471,245 (7,232,730)	\$ 2,172,349 2,891,033 (8,891,629)
Total primary government,	(1,221,102)	(-,-,-,-,,-)	(:,=0=),:00)	(2,201,020)
net position	(286,364)	\$ (1,570,769)	\$ (2,609,557)	\$ (3,828,247)

Notes:

(1) As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 53, the results of 2009 were restated, retroactively.

(2) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 and the net position was restated at January 1, 2015.

 2013	2014	2015 (2)	2016	2017	2018		
\$ (242,862) 1,940,911 (9,120,377)	\$ 28,744 1,491,995 (10,564,064)	\$ (292,432) 1,519,914 (25,263,289)	\$ (65,466) 2,269,517 (29,676,310)	\$ (551,074) 2,416,071 (30,579,844)	\$ (332,211) 2,509,084 (32,304,567)		
\$ (7,422,328)	\$ (9,043,325)	\$ (24,035,807)	\$ (27,472,259)	\$ (28,714,847)	\$ (30,127,694)		
\$ 2,446,242 883,758 (1,278,777)	\$ 2,713,825 978,972 (1,185,755)	\$ 2,892,548 1,042,980 (3,731,167)	\$ 3,373,063 879,934 (4,210,657)	\$ 3,866,056 868,021 (4,387,321)	\$ 4,298,879 936,540 (4,472,398)		
\$ 2,051,223	\$ 2,507,042	\$ 204,361	\$ 42,340	\$ 346,756	\$ 763,021		
\$ 2,203,380 2,824,669 (10,399,154)	\$ 2,742,569 2,470,967 (11,749,819)	\$ 2,600,116 2,562,894 (28,994,456)	\$ 3,307,597 3,149,451 (33,886,967)	\$ 3,314,982 3,284,092 (34,967,165)	\$ 3,966,668 3,445,624 (36,776,965)		
\$ (5,371,105)	\$ (6,536,283)	\$ (23,831,446)	\$ (27,429,919)	\$ (28,368,091)	\$ (29,364,673)		

Table 2 CITY OF CHICAGO CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2009		2010		2011	2012
Expenses	 					
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 2,364,754	\$	2,557,681	\$	2,734,419	\$ 2,751,944
Public Safety	2,521,151		2,824,028		2,689,471	2,910,160
Streets and Sanitation	297,156		235,863		245,898	228,622
Transportation	351,101		373,437		410,802	383,510
Health	166,914		142,352		151,152	123,055
Cultural and Recreational	129,996		126,939		102,808	146,283
Interest on Long-term Debt	386,125		404,218		474,226	460,660
Total Governmental Activities	 6,217,197	_	6,664,518	_	6,808,776	 7,004,234
Business-type Activities:						
Water	382,502		399,347		416,289	417,499
Sewer	169,982		184,888		194,838	195,911
Chicago Midway						
International Airport	206,613		224,465		218,172	225,867
Chicago-O'Hare						
International Airport	811,710		834,487		879,281	955,276
Chicago Skyway	11,775		11,312		10,930	10,621
Total Business-type Activities	 1,582,582		1,654,499		1,719,510	 1,805,174
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,799,779	\$	8,319,017	\$	8,528,286	\$ 8,809,408

 2013 2014		 2015 (2)		2016		2017		2018	
\$ 2,667,205 3,044,811 242,500 400,506 119,678 128,302 477,959	\$	2,857,789 2,913,469 275,814 475,751 125,068 121,548 580,701	\$ 6,238,028 3,192,197 253,432 471,689 119,199 118,775 861,293	\$	4,549,261 4,266,146 256,985 378,779 116,692 114,676 495,856	\$	2,914,655 3,636,102 247,836 414,044 124,090 121,483 722,008	\$	2,985,409 3,746,763 267,444 458,611 117,199 115,130 611,296
 7,080,961		7,350,140	 11,254,613		10,178,395		8,180,218		8,301,852
442,474		455,433	900,346		816,012		581,642		577,264
216,587		225,600	505,032		350,388		293,047		281,948
241,080		248,231	315,724		320,033		284,974		293,594
920,781		1,029,559	1,380,512		1,330,240		1,256,665		1,318,038
10,585		10,314	8,727		8,651		8,506		8,140
 1,831,507		1,969,137	 3,110,341		2,825,324		2,424,834		2,478,984
\$ 8,912,468	\$	9,319,277	\$ 14,364,954	\$	13,003,719	\$	10,605,052	\$	10,780,836

Table 2 - Continued CITY OF CHICAGO CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

2009 2010 2011 2012 Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: 382,617 \$ 370,028 \$ 388,886 \$ 452,892 Public Safety 158,490 150,710 211,157 199,572 Streets and Sanitation 30,990 38,092 37,291 42,138 Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,266 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 1,2456 Total Governmental Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and 1,751,63 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 1 1,751,63 198,229 203,349											
Governmental Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: General Government \$ 382,617 \$ 370,028 \$ 388,886 \$ 452,892 Public Safety 158,490 150,710 211,157 199,572 Streets and Sanitation 30,990 38,092 37,291 42,138 Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Total Governmental Activities: 113,48,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Skyway - - -		2009		2010			2011		2012		
Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: General Government	•										
Charges for Services: General Government \$ 382,617 \$ 370,028 \$ 388,886 \$ 452,892 Public Safety 158,490 150,710 211,157 199,572 Streets and Sanitation 30,990 38,092 37,291 42,138 Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities: 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: 1 148,713 282,008 172,456 Licenses, Permits, Fines and Chicago Midway 1 1,670,862 1,670,862 Water 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Midway 1 - -											
General Government \$ 382,617 \$ 370,028 \$ 388,886 \$ 452,892 Public Safety 158,490 150,710 211,157 199,572 Streets and Sanitation 30,990 38,092 37,291 42,138 Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 1114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities: 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: 1 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Midway 1 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago O'Hare 1 246,309 257,438 83,219 International Airport 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219	Licenses, Permits, Fines and										
Public Safety 158,490 150,710 211,157 199,572 Streets and Sanitation 30,990 38,092 37,291 42,138 Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: 1 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Midway 1 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 1 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - - Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781	Charges for Services:										
Streets and Sanitation 30,990 38,092 37,291 42,138 Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: 1 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Midway 1 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago CiHare 1 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281	General Government	\$	382,617	\$	370,028	\$	388,886	\$	452,892		
Transportation 24,895 21,640 28,613 39,343 Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities: 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: 1 144,871 282,008 172,456 Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: Vater 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 1 1 International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - - Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,	Public Safety		158,490		150,710		211,157		199,572		
Health 2,504 8,332 7,796 1,751 Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities: 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Water 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 1 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - - Total Business-type Activities and 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Business-	Streets and Sanitation		30,990		38,092		37,291		42,138		
Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and 611,201 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,418 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Transportation		24,895		21,640		28,613		39,343		
Cultural and Recreational 22,375 21,635 7,201 14,454 Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and 611,201 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,418 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Health		2,504		8,332		7,796		1,751		
Operating Grants and Contributions 611,301 674,677 788,812 748,256 Capital Grants and Contributions 115,261 114,871 282,008 172,456 Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and 1 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)					21,635		7,201		14,454		
Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Water	Operating Grants and Contributions		611,301				788,812		748,256		
Total Governmental Activities 1,348,433 1,399,985 1,751,764 1,670,862 Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Water	Capital Grants and Contributions		115,261		114,871		282,008		172,456		
Business-type Activities: Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: Water Water 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and Program Revenues 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government Program Revenues \$ 2,891,727 Y 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 Y 3,603,645 \$ 3,643,143	•		1,348,433		1,399,985				1,670,862		
Licenses, Permits, Fines and Charges for Services: Water 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 1 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,333,372)			<u> </u>								
Charges for Services: 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 1 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	Business-type Activities:										
Water 410,213 458,395 454,221 576,287 Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 1 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	Licenses, Permits, Fines and										
Sewer 175,163 198,229 203,349 253,912 Chicago Midway 11ternational Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	Charges for Services:										
Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	Water		410,213		458,395		454,221		576,287		
Chicago Midway International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	Sewer		175,163		198,229		203,349		253,912		
International Airport 122,301 149,056 157,371 201,749 Chicago-O'Hare 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	Chicago Midway		·						·		
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	e ,		122,301		149,056		157,371		201,749		
International Airport 624,443 702,603 679,402 857,114 Chicago Skyway - - - - - Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$2,891,727 \$3,154,577 \$3,503,545 \$3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$(4,868,764) \$(5,264,533) \$(5,057,012) \$(5,333,372)	•						·		,		
Chicago Skyway 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government 9 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)			624,443		702,603		679,402		857,114		
Capital Grants and Contributions 211,174 246,309 257,438 83,219 Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government 9 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	•		-		-		-		-		
Total Business-type Activities and 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)			211,174		246,309		257,438		83,219		
Program Revenues 1,543,294 1,754,592 1,751,781 1,972,281 Total Primary Government \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	•		, ,		· · · ·		· · · · ·		,		
Total Primary Government Program Revenues \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues Governmental Activities \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)	•••		1,543,294		1,754,592		1,751,781		1,972,281		
Program Revenues \$ 2,891,727 \$ 3,154,577 \$ 3,503,545 \$ 3,643,143 Net (Expenses)/Revenues \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Governmental Activities \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)		\$	2,891,727	\$	3,154,577	\$	3,503,545	\$	3,643,143		
Governmental Activities \$ (4,868,764) \$ (5,264,533) \$ (5,057,012) \$ (5,333,372)											
	Net (Expenses)/Revenues										
Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	\$	(4,868,764)	\$	(5,264,533)	\$	(5,057,012)	\$	(5,333,372)		
	Business-type Activities		(39,288)		100,093		32,271		167,107		
Total Primary Government	Total Primary Government					_					
Net Expense \$ (4,908,052) \$ (5,164,440) \$ (5,024,741) \$ (5,166,265)	Net Expense	\$	(4,908,052)	\$	(5,164,440)	\$	(5,024,741)	\$	(5,166,265)		

 2013	2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		2014		 2016		2017	2018		
\$ 467,423 196,344 45,629 46,076 2,023 15,947 634,384 184,415 1,592,241	\$	505,275 208,206 44,552 44,278 2,281 14,643 470,659 249,860 1,539,754	\$	534,325 182,670 39,602 37,522 5,839 14,850 496,679 249,064 1,560,551	\$ 501,468 202,379 100,996 52,524 7,232 15,122 516,728 221,532 1,617,981	\$	521,232 194,586 95,180 66,994 6,881 15,407 473,214 205,505 1,578,999	\$	523,026 205,401 107,880 53,247 6,166 15,510 511,913 170,830 1,593,973															
637,114 292,290		692,634 322,228		769,408 375,877	761,411 368,966		759,014 357,623		773,960 369,703															
221,205 870,654		216,662 1,012,529		225,383 1,029,788	232,483 1,139,380		244,073 1,167,089		253,504 1,263,971															
 - 213,067		- 95,624		- 85,968	 - 115,206		- 119,976		- 140,070															
 2,234,330		2,339,677		2,486,424	 2,617,446		2,647,775		2,801,208															
\$ 3,826,571	\$	3,879,431	\$	4,046,975	\$ 4,235,427	\$	4,226,774	\$	4,395,181															
\$ (5,488,720) 402,823 (5,085,897)	\$	(5,810,386) 370,540 (5,439,846)	\$	(9,694,062) (623,917) (10,317,979)	\$ (8,560,414) (207,878) (8,768,292)	\$	(6,601,219) 222,941 (6,378,278)	\$	(6,707,879) 322,224 (6,385,655)															

Table 2 - Concluded CITY OF CHICAGO CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	 2009 (1)		2010	 2011		2012
General Revenues and Other						
Changes in Net Position						
Governmental Activities:						
Taxes						
Property Tax	\$ 797,026	\$	796,928	\$ 934,870	\$	896,246
Utility Tax	579,101		561,936	564,236		548,682
Sales Tax	252,282		260,364	310,626		294,417
Transportation Tax	333,199		335,235	331,441		373,544
Transaction Tax	205,026		227,772	250,486		281,957
Special Area Tax	501,042		477,241	457,192		274,617
Other Taxes	250,982		259,325	269,258		294,280
Grants and Contributions Not						
Restricted to Specific Programs	601,198		654,043	598,498		692,232
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	12,296		100,269	64,294		92,050
Gain (Loss) on Disposal and						
Sale of Capital Assets	-		-	-		-
Transfers	-		-	1,000		-
Miscellaneous	238,126		149,902	175,758		135,511
Total Governmental Activities	3,770,278		3,823,015	 3,957,659		3,883,536
Business-type Activities:						
Investment Earnings	12,381		6,831	48,517		25,197
Loss on Disposal and						
Sale of Capital Assets	-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous	8,941		50,190	34,687		38,842
Special Item	-		-	(53,910)		-
Transfers	 -		-	 (1,000)		-
Total Business-type Activities	 21,322		57,021	28,294		64,039
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,791,600	\$	3,880,036	\$ 3,985,953	\$	3,947,575
Change in Net Position						
Governmental Activities	\$ (1,098,486)	\$	(1,441,518)	\$ (1,099,353)	\$	(1,449,836)
Business-type Activities	(17,966)		157,114	60,565		231,146
Total Primary Government	\$ (1,116,452)	\$	(1,284,404)	\$ (1,038,788)	\$	(1,218,690)
-	· · · /	_			_	

NOTES:

 (1) As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 53, the results of 2009 were restated, retroactively.
 (2) The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2015 and the net position was restated at January 1, 2015. Employee Pensions and Other have been reclassified by function.

	2013 2014			2015 (2)		2016		2017		2018
\$	906,740 547,651 307,837 381,080 344,493 306,057 298,951 754,716	\$ 926,8 570,4 324,2 406,6 379,2 260,2 323,9 740,9	69 73 24 56 56 46 11	1,179,395 562,697 346,319 384,978 466,432 444,972 369,405 815,157 (4,257)	\$	1,264,473 557,992 347,131 449,744 542,896 537,026 395,889 781,968	\$	1,327,236 609,205 344,911 476,329 497,965 605,548 424,882 762,009	\$	1,405,396 700,823 361,482 506,193 547,262 703,261 449,414 788,737
	(6,259) (16,886) - 139,710 3,964,090	62,4 	15	(1,357) - 625 264,806 4,833,429		30,400 - 2,540 213,903 5,123,962		87,741 (28,583) 2,215 249,173 5,358,631		26,087 79,527 2,540 282,990 5,853,712
\$	(13,243) - 47,354 - - 34,111 3,998,201	35,8 49,4 	30 79	27,563 - 39,744 - (625) 66,682 4,900,111	\$	13,196 - 35,201 - (2,540) 45,857 5,169,819	\$	53,114 (18,711) 49,287 - (2,215) 81,475 5,440,106	\$	50,628 - 45,953 - (2,540) 94,041 5,947,753
\$ \$	(1,524,630) 436,934 (1,087,696)	\$ (1,620,9 455,8 <u>\$ (1,165,1</u>	19	(4,860,633) (557,235) (5,417,868)	\$ \$	(3,436,452) (162,021) (3,598,473)	\$ \$	(1,242,588) 304,416 (938,172)	\$ \$	(854,167) 416,265 (437,902)

Table 3 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2009	of Total	2010	of Total	2011	of Total
Revenues:						
Property Tax	\$ 806,010	15.1 % \$	754,081	14.0 %	\$ 888,531	15.2 %
Utility Tax		10.9	561,936	14.0 %	564,236	9.6
Sales Tax		9.4	527,004	9.8	563,156	9.6
Transportation Tax		5. 4 6.2	335,235	6.2	331,441	5.7
State Income Tax		6.5	385,668	7.2	344,674	5.9
Transaction Tax	,	3.8	227,772	4.2	250,486	4.3
Special Area Tax	,	9.1	486,526	9.0	552,894	9.4
Other Taxes		4.7	259,325	4.8	269,258	4.5
Total Taxes		65.7	3,537,547	65.6	3,764,676	64.2
Federal/State Grants	753,269	14.1	815,879	15.2	976,051	16.7
Internal Service		5.8	295,765	5.5	321,138	5.5
Licenses and Permits	100,458	1.9	96,240	1.8	102,702	1.8
Fines	267,891	5.0	272,667	5.1	283,822	4.8
Investment Income	31,520	0.6	103,725	1.9	73,921	1.3
Charges for Services	124,557	2.4	113,565	2.1	160,649	2.7
Miscellaneous	238,126	4.5	149,902	2.8	173,768	3.0
Total Revenues	\$ 5,335,909	100.0 % \$	5,385,290	100.0 %	\$ 5,856,727	100.0 %
		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2016	Percent of Total	2017	Percent of Total	2018	Percent of Total
Revenues:	2016		2017		2018	
Revenues: Property Tax		of Total		of Total		of Total
Property Tax	\$ 1,294,063	of Total	1,212,566	of Total 17.3 %	\$ 1,400,565	of Total 18.6 %
Property Tax Utility Tax	\$ 1,294,063 557,992	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0	1,212,566 604,409	of Total 17.3 % 8.6	\$ 1,400,565 697,662	of Total 18.6 % 9.3
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3	1,212,566 604,409 716,170	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0
Property Tax Utility Tax	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0	1,212,566 604,409	of Total 17.3 % 8.6	\$ 1,400,565 697,662	of Total 18.6 % 9.3
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax	<pre>\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673</pre>	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3 10.8	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0 10.1	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes Total Taxes	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700 745,603 376,895	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882 4,833,086	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414 5,447,010	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0 72.4
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes Total Taxes Federal/State Grants	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700 745,603 376,895 132,873	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3 10.8 5.4 1.9	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882 4,833,086 705,765 381,402 136,116	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0 10.1 5.5 1.9	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414 5,447,010 736,861 298,496 142,466	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0 72.4 9.8 4.0 1.9
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes Total Taxes Federal/State Grants Internal Service Licenses and Permits Fines	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700 745,603 376,895 132,873 337,769	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3 10.8 5.4 1.9 4.9	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882 4,833,086 705,765 381,402 136,116 363,854	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0 10.1 5.5 1.9 5.2	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414 5,447,010 736,861 298,496 142,466 355,095	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0 72.4 9.8 4.0 1.9 4.7
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes Total Taxes Federal/State Grants Internal Service Licenses and Permits Fines Investment Income	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700 745,603 376,895 132,873 337,769 30,400	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3 10.8 5.4 1.9 4.9 0.4	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882 4,833,086 705,765 381,402 136,116 363,854 87,740	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0 10.1 5.5 1.9 5.2 1.3	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414 5,447,010 736,861 298,496 142,466 355,095 26,087	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0 72.4 9.8 4.0 1.9 4.7 0.3
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes Other Taxes Total Taxes Federal/State Grants Internal Service Licenses and Permits Fines Investment Income Charges for Services	\$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700 745,603 376,895 132,873 337,769 30,400 221,965	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3 10.8 5.4 1.9 4.9 0.4 3.2	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882 4,833,086 705,765 381,402 136,116 363,854 87,740 240,827	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0 10.1 5.5 1.9 5.2 1.3 3.4	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414 5,447,010 736,861 298,496 142,466 355,095 26,087 234,396	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0 72.4 9.8 4.0 1.9 4.7 0.3 3.1
Property Tax Utility Tax Sales Tax Transportation Tax State Income Tax Transaction Tax Special Area Tax Other Taxes Total Taxes Federal/State Grants Internal Service Licenses and Permits Fines Investment Income	 \$ 1,294,063 557,992 713,557 449,744 413,673 542,896 516,886 395,889 4,884,700 745,603 376,895 132,873 337,769 30,400 221,965 	of Total 18.6 % \$ 8.0 10.3 6.5 6.0 7.8 7.4 5.7 70.3 10.8 5.4 1.9 4.9 0.4	1,212,566 604,409 716,170 476,329 388,236 497,965 512,529 424,882 4,833,086 705,765 381,402 136,116 363,854 87,740	of Total 17.3 % 8.6 10.2 6.8 5.6 7.1 7.3 6.1 69.0 10.1 5.5 1.9 5.2 1.3	\$ 1,400,565 697,662 754,326 506,193 392,449 547,262 699,139 449,414 5,447,010 736,861 298,496 142,466 355,095 26,087	of Total 18.6 % 9.3 10.0 6.7 5.2 7.3 9.3 6.0 72.4 9.8 4.0 1.9 4.7 0.3

NOTE:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.

	Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
 2012	of Total	2013	of Total	2014	of Total	2015	of Total
\$ 941,398	16.2 %	\$ 866,149	15.5 % \$	929,841	15.4 % \$	869,841	14.0 %
548,682	9.4	547,651	9.8	570,469	9.4	562,697	9.0
594,290	10.2	623,942	11.2	658,799	10.9	703,234	11.3
373,544	6.5	381,080	6.8	406,624	6.7	384,978	6.2
391,285	6.7	436,740	7.8	404,050	6.7	456,397	7.3
281,957	4.9	344,493	6.2	379,256	6.3	466,432	7.5
370,454	6.3	332,040	5.9	331,380	5.5	353,413	5.7
294,280	5.0	298,951	5.4	323,946	5.4	369,405	5.9
 3,795,890	65.2	3,831,046	68.6	4,004,365	66.3	4,166,397	66.9
877,864	15.1	708,702	12.7	812,175	13.3	764,846	12.3
319,285	5.5	324,601	5.8	335,762	5.5	382,758	6.2
117,568	2.1	123,633	2.2	122,143	2.0	129,035	2.1
306,510	5.3	329,460	5.9	353,517	5.8	387,160	6.2
90,885	1.6	(19,111)	(0.3)	69,650	1.2	(26,895)	(0.4)
170,724	2.9	161,415	2.9	172,928	2.9	147,927	2.4
 135,511	2.3	122,710	2.2	179,939	3.0	264,806	4.3
\$ 5,814,237	100.0 %	\$ 5,582,456	100.0 % \$	6,050,479	100.0 % \$	6,216,034	100.0 %

REVENUE SOURCES

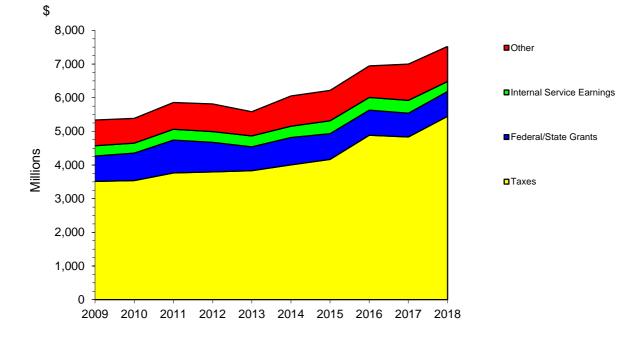


Table 4 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2009	of Total	2010	of Total	2011	of Total
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	\$1,913,711	30.5 %	\$1,909,728	30.1 %	\$1,984,312	30.0 %
General Government	1,663,990	26.5	1,786,450	28.2	2,057,524	31.1
Employee Pensions	430,915	6.9	435,432	6.9	481,407	7.3
Streets and Sanitation	300,131	4.8	232,426	3.7	236,591	3.6
Transportation	261,948	4.2	297,339	4.7	507,589	7.7
Health	177,812	2.8	153,877	2.4	148,449	2.2
Cultural and Recreational	107,604	1.7	104,297	1.6	90,905	1.4
Other	7,676	0.2	30,000	0.5	26,211	0.3
Capital Outlay	619,273	9.9	628,910	9.9	470,213	7.1
Debt Service:	, -		,		-, -	
Principal Retirement	434,905	6.9	389,928	6.2	188,608	2.8
Interest and Other Fiscal	- ,		,	-		-
Charges	351,430	5.6	366,035	5.8	429,822	6.5
Total Expenditures	\$6,269,395	100.0 %	\$6,334,422	100.0 %	\$6,621,631	100.0 %
Debt Service as a Percentage of						
Non Capital Expenditures (2)		13.6 %		12.6 %		10.3 %
		10.0 /0		12.0 /0		10.0 /0
		Percent		Percent		Percent
	2016	of Total	2017	of Total	2018	of Total
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public Safety	\$2,265,213	30.5 %	\$2,333,673	31.8 %	\$2,411,851	31.0 %
General Government	2,046,396	27.6	1,993,226	27.1	2,132,601	27.5
Employee Pensions	810,497	10.9	931,618	12.7	1,159,227	14.9
Streets and Sanitation	248,029	3.3	242,225	3.3	259,451	3.3
Transportation	402,477	5.4	378,822	5.2	355,760	4.6
Health	116,416	1.6	123,135	1.7	116,557	1.5
Cultural and Recreational	94,030	1.3	103,073	1.4	97,733	1.3
Other	4,086	0.1	744	0.0	7,134	0.1
Capital Outlay	286,018	3.9	275,392	3.7	288,924	3.7
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	660,019	8.9	353,945	4.8	335,270	4.3
Interest and Other Fiscal						
Charges	483,468	6.5	609,594	8.3	604,768	7.8
Total Expenditures	\$7,416,649	100.0 %	\$7,345,447	100.0 %	\$7,769,276	100.0 %
Debt Service as a Percentage of						

NOTES:

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.

(2) Non Capital Expenditures include all expenditures except Capital Expenditures included in Capital Outlay with Transportation.

	Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
2012	of Total	2013	of Total	2014	of Total	2015	of Total
\$2,075,959	31.7 %	\$2,034,896	32.1 %	\$2,066,979	28.8%	\$2,111,709	28.6 %
1,806,541	27.5	1,834,558	29.0	2,043,557	28.5	2,063,897	27.9
458,951	7.0	444,748	7.0	483,493	6.7	479,581	6.5
228,100	3.6	241,787	3.8	269,393	3.8	249,078	3.3
514,303	7.8	443,199	7.0	518,501	7.2	475,482	6.4
127,567	1.9	126,599	2.0	128,769	1.8	119,048	1.6
102,384	1.6	97,487	1.6	93,525	1.4	95,049	1.3
11,725	0.1	7,681	0.1	5,410	0.0	6,726	0.1
435,600	6.6	340,481	5.4	395,216	5.5	425,050	5.8
340,754	5.2	297,152	4.7	599,395	8.4	513,806	7.0
461,962	7.0	464,587	7.3	568,156	7.9	850,243	11.5
\$6,563,846	100.0 %	\$6,333,175	100.0 %	\$7,172,394	100.0 %	\$7,389,669	100.0 %
	13.7 %		13.1 %		17.9 %		20.1 %

EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION

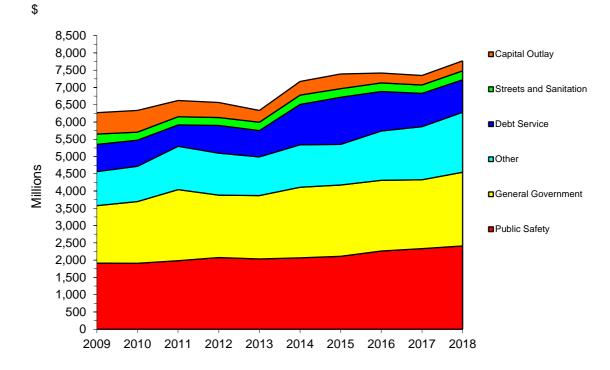


Table 4A CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars) Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (933,486)	\$ (949,132)	\$ (764,904)	\$ (749,609)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of Debt,	¢ 4.004.000	¢ 4 404 000	¢ 4 040 000	
including premium/discount Payment to Refunded Bond	\$ 1,001,302	\$ 1,434,390	\$ 1,212,326	\$ 758,557
Escrow Agent	(213,435)	(412,184)	(476,787)	(268,397)
Issuance of line of credit	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,253,459	647,407	572,211	178,750
Transfers out	(2,253,459)	(647,407)	(571,210)	(178,750)
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	787,867	1,022,206	736,540	490,160
Net change in fund balances	\$ (145,619)	\$ 73,074	\$ (28,364)	\$ (259,449)

 2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$ (750,719)	\$ (1,121,915)	\$ (1,173,635)	\$ (472,579)	\$ (347,484)	\$ (245,875)
\$ 235,367	\$ 1,021,812	\$ 1,093,939	\$ 554,638	\$ 1,936,133	\$ 1,402,762
- 144,673 - 160,322 (160,322)	(302,862) - - 652,586 (652,586)	- 239,131 - 229,609 (228,984)	(496,150) 337,140 - 375,790 (373,250)	(971,766) 77,203 15,225 589,738 (587,523)	(1,392,431) 233,627 106,131 1,271,988 (1,269,448)
\$ 380,040 (370,679)	718,950 \$ (402,965)	1,333,695 \$ 160,060	398,168 \$ (74,411)	1,059,010 \$711,526	352,629 \$ 106,754

Table 5 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts Are in Thousands of Dollars) (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012
General Fund: Reserved Unreserved Total General Fund	\$ 52,048 2,658 54,706	\$ 54,390 81,151 135,541	\$ 	\$
General Fund Balance: (2) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 24,055 - - 143,549 <u>167,929</u> 335,533	\$ 20,885 - - 177,000 <u>33,417</u> 231,302
Other Governmental Funds: Reserved Unreserved, Reported in: Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds Debt Service Funds Permanent Fund (1) Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,418,399 (409,796) 321,251 - 422,319 1,752,173 1,806,879	\$ 1,419,714 (349,517) 534,013 - 138,724 1,742,934 1,878,475	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - -
Other Governmental Fund Balance: (2) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balance	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - 2,317,734 961,246 2,550 (1,761,077) 1,520,453	\$ - 2,332,911 882,127 - (1,852,973) 1,362,065
Total Governmental Funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,855,986	\$ 1,593,367

NOTE:

(1) This balance represents the Reserve Fund, Unreserved, Designated for Future Appropriations balance.

(2) Beginning with 2011, GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented which changed the way fund balance is presented. All periods after 2011 will be presented in the same format.

 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ - - -
\$ 24,788 - - 108,424 33,845	\$ 24,498 - - 65,223 51,557	\$ 23,828 - - 98,377 93,027	\$ 23,730 - - 92,115 153,737	\$ 25,945 - - 106,900 155,516	\$ 25,463 - - 145,000 161,864
\$ 167,057	\$ - 141,278	\$ 215,232	\$ - 269,582	\$ - 288,361	\$ 332,327
 - - - -	 - - - -	 - - - -	 - - - -	 - - - -	 - - - -
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ - 2,262,028 699,073 -	\$ - 1,829,431 696,067 -	\$ - 1,878,692 677,821 -	\$ - 1,755,914 709,769 -	\$ 769,064 1,903,494 790,489 -	\$ 2,090,686 2,011,270 821,523 231
\$ (1,901,567) 1,059,534 1,226,591	\$ (1,843,440) 682,058 823,336	 (1,789,019) 767,494 982,726	\$ (1,827,047) 638,636 908,218	\$ (2,129,450) 1,333,597 1,621,958	\$ (3,527,807) 1,395,903 1,728,230

Table 6 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2018. (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
-					
Revenues:					
Utility Tax	\$ 473,496	\$ 437,780	\$ 434,409	\$ 438,979	\$ 432,060
Sales Tax	620,299	665,793	674,515	500,360	56,986
State Income Tax	278,031	336,959	413,673	388,236	392,449
Other Taxes	803,961	935,658	1,080,423	1,109,348	1,210,136
Federal/State Grants	2,335	1,845	1,869	2,514	3,444
Other Revenues (1)	998,028	1,088,600	1,077,723	1,120,022	1,046,674
Total Revenues	3,176,150	3,466,635	3,682,612	3,559,459	3,141,749
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public Safety	2,020,072	2,061,540	2,195,201	2,228,705	2,229,455
General Government	929,918	1,064,470	993,682	929,471	1,064,874
Other (2)	270,899	298,817	263,503	277,643	292,900
Debt Service	10,369	8,275	20,822	19,039	10,224
Total Expenditures	3,231,258	3,433,102	3,473,208	3,454,858	3,597,453
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures .	(55,108)	33,533	209,404	104,601	(455,704)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original					
Discount/Including Premium	-	19,300	-	-	-
Transfers In	39,700	34,551	14,998	180,227	627,542
Transfers Out	(10,081)	(12,760)	(169,955)	(268,263)	(127,390)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .	29,619	41,091	(154,957)	(88,036)	500,152
Revenues and Other Financing Sources					
Over (Under) Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	(25,489)	74,624	54,447	16,565	44,448
Fund Balance - Reginning of Veer	167 057	1/1 070	215 220	260 502	200 261
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	167,057 (290)	141,278 (670)	215,232	269,582	288,361
Change in Inventory	(290)	(670)	(97)	2,214	(482)
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 141,278	\$ 215,232	\$ 269,582	\$ 288,361	\$ 332,327

NOTES:

(1) Includes Internal Service, Licenses and Permits, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures.

Table 7 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2014 (3)		2015 (3)		2016 (3)	2017 (3)		 2018 (3)
Revenues:								
Property Tax\$		\$	360,132	\$	747,957	\$	740,019	\$ 870,534
Utility Tax	74,641		102,593		101,260		143,103	243,278
Sales Tax (Local)	-		-		-		65,013	265,845
State Sales Tax	-		-		-		86,047	342,624
State Income Tax	126,019		119,438		-		-	-
Other Taxes	624,676		626,821		791,824		767,893	954,439
Federal/State Grants	809,840		763,001		743,734		703,251	733,417
Other Revenues (1)	162,996		143,029		194,061		300,082	 241,934
Total Revenues	2,155,629		2,115,014	_	2,578,836		2,805,408	 3,652,071
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety	46,907		50,169		70,012		59,825	151,396
General Government	1,113,639		999,427		1,052,714		1,062,405	1,067,727
Employee Pensions	483,493		479,581		810,497		931,618	1,159,227
Other (2)	744,699		646,566		601,535		570,356	543,735
Capital Outlay	9,863		45,445		47,760		48,174	2,380
Debt Service	4,332		 71		9,267		5,265	1,522
Total Expenditures	2,402,933		2,221,259		2,591,785		2,677,643	 2,925,987
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(247,304)		(106,245)		(12,949)		127,765	 726,084
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original								
Discount/Including Premium	17,768		28,657		30,746		19,977	_
Line of Credit	17,700		20,037 75,994		50,740		19,977	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent .	-		75,994		-		-	-
Transfers In	184,033		32,257		123,941		218,333	304,991
Transfers Out	(64,863)		-		,		(225,102)	
—	136,938		<u>(70,322)</u> 66,586		<u>(81,412)</u> 73,275		13,208	 (811,924)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	130,930		00,000		13,215		13,200	 (506,933)
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and								
Other Financing Uses	(110,366)		(39,659)		60,326		140,973	219,151
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	335,210		224,844		185,185		245,511	 386,484
Fund Balance - End of Year	224,844	\$	185,185	\$	245,511	\$	386,484	\$ 605,635

NOTES:

(1) Includes Internal Service, Fines, Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Includes Health, Streets and Sanitation, Transportation, Cultural and Recreational and Other Expenditures.

(3) Source: Major and Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds for years ended December 31, 2014-2018.

Table 8 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	2014 (2)		2015 (2)	2016 (2)		2017 (2)			2018 (2)
Deveryon									
Revenues: Property Tax	\$ 572,384	\$	509,709	\$	546,106	\$	472,547	\$	530,031
Utility Tax	³ 572,384 22,332	φ	22,324	φ	22,323	φ	22,327	φ	22,324
Sales Tax (Local)	-		-		-		50,037		38,651
State Sales Tax	38,500		37,441		39,042		14,713		50,220
Other Taxes	12,569		11,749		33,168		34,464		37,433
Other Revenues (1)	36,443		22,460		23,920		19,276		21,261
Total Revenues	682,228		603,683		664,559		613,364		699,920
Expenditures:									
Debt Service	1,152,850		1,355,703		1,113,398		939.235		928,292
Total Expenditures	1,152,850		1,355,703		1,113,398		939,235		928,292
	, - ,		,,		, -,		,		, -
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(470,622)		(752,020)		(448,839)		(325,871)		(228,372)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original									
Discount/Including Premium	371,207		1,096,759		861,032		1,319,635		1,402,762
Line of Credit	-		-		-		77,203		233,627
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent .	(300,600)		-		(496,150)		(971,766)		(1,392,431)
Transfers In	411,413		57,351		223,151		174,050		182,167
Transfers Out	(268,872)		(124,488)		(106,838)		(94,153)		(325,946)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	213,148		1,029,622		481,195		504,969		100,179
Revenues and Other									
Financing Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures and									
Other Financing Uses	(257,474)		277,602		32,356		179,098		(128,193)
J. J									
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	309,480		52,006		329,608		361,964		541,062
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 52,006	\$	329,608	\$	361,964	\$	541,062	\$	412,869

NOTES:

(1) Includes Investment Income and Miscellaneous Revenues.

(2) Source: Major (Bond, Note Redemption and Interest and Sales Tax Securitization Corporation) and Nonmajor Debt Service Fund Special Taxing Areas for years ended December 31, 2014-2018.

Table 9 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Five Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

-	2014 (2)		2015 (2)		2016 (2)	 2017 (2)	 2018 (2)
Revenues:							
Other Revenues (1)	36,472	\$	30,702	\$	18,063	\$ 19,732	\$ 29,661
Total Revenues	36,472	<u> </u>	30,702	<u> </u>	18,063	 19,732	 29,661
Expenditures:							
General Government	-		-		-	1,350	-
Public Safety	-		-		-	45,143	31,000
Capital Outlay	385,353		379,605		238,258	 227,218	 286,544
Total Expenditures	385,353		379,605		238,258	 273,711	 317,544
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures .	(348,881)		(348,903)		(220,195)	 (253,979)	 (287,883)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Issuance of Debt, Net of Original							
Discount/Including Premium	630,575		62,360		-	596,521	-
Issuance Line of Credit	-		50,000		-	-	-
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-		-		-	15,225	106,131
Transfers In	17,440		105,450		13,700	17,128	157,288
Transfers Out	(308,770)		(21,414)		(15,045)	(5)	(4,188)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) .	339,245		196,396		(1,345)	 628,869	259,231
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and							
Other Financing Uses	(9,636)		(152,507)		(221,540)	374,890	(28,652)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	414,844		405,208		252,701	 31,161	 406,051
Fund Balance - End of Year	6 405,208	\$	252,701	\$	31,161	\$ 406,051	\$ 377,399

- (1) Includes Investment Income, Charges for Services and Miscellaneous Revenues.
- (2) Source: Major (Community Development and Improvement Projects) and Nonmajor (Capital Projects Funds) for years ended December 31, 2014-2018.

	2014 (5)	2015 (5)	Percent Change
Note Redemption and Interest (2)	\$ 97,061	\$ 97,708	0.67 %
Bond Redemption and Interest	412,139	411,730	(0.10)
Policemen's Annuity and Benefit (3)	136,680	361,987	164.84
Municipal Employees' Annuity and Benefit (3)	123,239	124,706	1.19
Firemen's Annuity and Benefit (3)	81,363	179,424	120.52
Laborers' and Retirement Board Employees' Annuity and Benefit (3)	10,934	11,070	1.24
Total	\$ 861,416	\$ 1,186,625	37.75

- (1) See Table 11 PROPERTY LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE TAXES 2009 - 2018. Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.
- (2) Includes Corporate, Chicago Public Library Maintenance and Operations, Chicago Public Library Building and Sites and City Relief Funds.
- (3) For information regarding the City's unfunded (assets in excess of) pension benefit obligations under its Pensions Plans, see the individual Pension Plans Financial Statements.
- (4) Estimated; actual was not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.
- (5) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
- (6) 2017 Bond and Redemption and Interest amount and percent changed from Prior Year CAFR due to updated information on Final Tax Extensions.

2016 (5)	Percent Change	2017 (5)	Percent Change	2018 (5)	Percent Change
\$ 80,359	(17.76) %	\$ 80,420	0.08 %	\$ 85,920	6.84 %
430,584	4.58	439,379 (6)	2.04 (6)	454,890	3.53
455,355	25.79	490,685	7.76	546,622	11.40
124,706	-	124,706	-	124,706	-
194,825	8.58	212,622	9.13	223,116	4.94
<u>11,070</u>	-	<u>11,070</u>	-	<u>11,070</u>	-
\$ 1,296,899	9.29	<u>\$ 1,358,882</u>	4.78	<u>\$ 1,446,324</u> (4)	6.43

Table 11 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PROPERTY LEVIES, COLLECTIONS AND ESTIMATED ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE TAXES Last Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

		Collected Fiscal			Total Colle to Da			
Tax Year (1)	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year (2), (3), (5)	Amount (6)	Percen- tage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years (6)	Amount	Percen- tage of Levy	Estimated Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	Net Outstanding Taxes Receivable
2009	\$ 834,109	\$ 700,579	83.99 %	\$ 98,871	\$ 799,450	95.84 %	\$ 34,659	\$-
2010	834,089	790,141	94.73	13,750	803,891	96.38	30,198	-
2011	833,948	800,582	96.00	2,608	803,190	96.31	30,758	-
2012	834,636	804,245	96.36	6,963	811,208	97.19	23,428	-
2013	838,254	807,985	96.39	8,937	816,922	97.46	21,332	-
2014	861,416	832,042	96.59	10,285	842,327	97.78	19,089	-
2015	1,186,625	1,156,428	97.46	13,181	1,169,609	98.57	16,710	306
2016	1,296,899	1,271,653	98.05	13,372	1,285,025	99.08	11,637	237
2017	1,358,882	1,329,373	97.83	-	1,329,373	97.83	28,624	885
2018	1,446,324	(4) -	N/A	-	-	N/A	57,853	1,388,471
	1,446,324 otal Net Outstandi			-	-	N/A	57,853	1,388,471 \$ 1,389,899

NOTES:

(1) Taxes for each year become due and payable in the following year. For example, taxes for the 2018 tax levy become due and payable in 2019.

- (2) Does not include levy for Special Service Areas and Tax Increment Projects.
- (3) Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.
- (4) Estimate; actual was not available from Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.
- (5) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office
- (6) Source: City of Chicago

Table 12 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS TOP TEN ESTIMATED EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION (EAV) (1) Current Year and Nine Years Ago (2) (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

			Percentage of		I	Percentage of
	2017		Total	2008		Total
Property	 EAV	Rank	EAV	 EAV	Rank	EAV
Willis Tower	\$ 429,592	1	0.56 %	\$ 540,074	1	0.67 %
AON Building	264,939	2	0.35	392,192	2	0.48
Blue Cross Blue Shield Tower (3)	263,985	3	0.34	,		
Water Tower Place	248,867	4	0.32	242,014	6	0.30
Prudential Plaza	239,238	5	0.31	307,510	3	0.38
300 N. LaSalle	217,714	6	0.28			
Franklin Center (4)	215,948	7	0.28	294,569	4	0.36
Chase Plaza	214,683	8	0.28	262,114	5	0.32
Citadel Center	202,646	9	0.26			
Three First National Plaza	184,855	10	0.24	215,666	10	0.27
Citicorp Plaza				226,458	7	0.28
Leo Burnett Building				221,846	8	0.27
UBS Tower				218,722	9	0.27
					-	
Totals	\$ 2,482,467		3.22 %	\$ 2,921,165	=	3.60 %

NOTES:

(1) Source: Cook County Treasurer's Office, Cook County Assessor's Office.

(2) 2018 information not available at time of publication.

(3) Blue Cross Blue Shield formerly known as Health Care Service Corporation Blue Cross.

(4) Franklin Center formerly known as AT&T Corporate Center 1.

Table 13 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED FAIR MARKET VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Years (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	Assessed Values (1)											
Tax Year	Class 2 (2)	Class 3 (3)	Class 5 (4)	Other (5)	Total							
2008	19,339,574	1,602,768	12,359,537	693,239	33,995,118							
2009	18,311,981	1,812,850	10,720,244	592,364	31,437,439							
2010	18,074,177	1,416,863	10,467,682	606,941	30,565,663							
2011	17,932,671	1,116,175	10,456,103	588,672	30,093,621							
2012	15,529,678	1,208,620	10,233,051	498,310	27,469,659							
2013	15,410,659	1,236,401	10,172,186	494,714	27,313,960							
2014	15,390,835	1,298,776	10,124,569	512,390	27,326,570							
2015	17,296,324	1,532,714	11,269,605	592,903	30,691,546							
2016	17,191,167	1,598,117	11,369,258	603,849	30,762,391							
2017	17,169,636	1,844,745	11,431,099	524,640	30,970,120							

- (1) Source: Cook County Assessor's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County.
- (2) Residential, 6 units and under.
- (3) Residential, 7 units and over and mixed use.
- (4) Industrial/Commercial.
- (5) Vacant, not-for-profit and industrial/commercial incentive classes. Includes railroad and farm property.
- (6) Source: Illinois Department of Revenue.
- (7) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County and net of exemptions. Calculations also include assessment of pollution control facilities.
- (8) Source: The Civic Federation. Excludes railroad property and portion of City in DuPage County.
- (9) 2018 information not available at time of publication.

State Equalization Factor (6)	Total Equalized Assessed Value (7)	Total Direct Tax Rate	Total Estimated Fair Market Value (8)	Ratio of Total Equalized Assessed to Total Estimated Fair Market Value
2.9786	80,977,543	1.030	310,888,609	26.05
3.3701	84,685,258	0.986	280,288,730	30.21
3.3000	82,087,170	1.020	231,986,397	35.38
2.9706	75,122,914	1.110	222,856,064	33.71
2.8056	65,250,387	1.279	206,915,723	31.53
2.6621	62,363,876	1.344	236,695,475	26.35
2.7253	64,908,057	1.327	255,639,792	25.39
2.6685	70,963,289	1.672	278,027,604	25.52
2.8032	74,016,506	1.752	293,121,793	25.25
2.9627	76,765,303	1.770	(N/A)	(N/A)

EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE

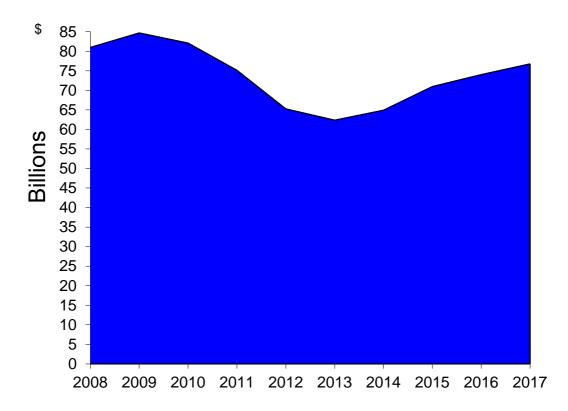


Table 14 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Per \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION Last Ten Years

Tax Year		City	S Buil Impi	Chicago School Building and Board Improvement of Fund Education		Community College District No. 508			Community Chicago Park District	
2008	\$	1.030	\$	0.117	\$	2.472	\$	0.156	\$	0.323
2009	•	0.986		0.112	·	2.366		0.150	·	0.309
2010		1.016		1.116		2.581		0.151		0.319
2011		1.110		0.119		2.875		0.165		0.346
2012		1.279		0.146		3.422		0.190		0.395
2013		1.344		0.152		3.671		0.199		0.420
2014		1.327		0.146		3.660		0.193		0.415
2015		1.672		0.134		3.455		0.177		0.382
2016		1.752		0.128		3.726		0.169		0.368
2017 (1	1)	1.770		0.124		3.890		0.164		0.358

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office

NOTE:

(1) 2018 information not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.

Table 15

CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - CITY OF CHICAGO Per \$100 OF EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUATION Last Ten Years (Amounts for Tax Extension are in Thousands of Dollars)

Tax Year	Total City Tax Extension (2)	•		Li Note	nicago Public ibrary Bond, e Redemption and Interest	Policemen's Annuity and Benefit	
2008	\$ 834,152	\$	0.508488	\$	0.094354	\$	0.172426
2009	834,109		0.478955		0.091851		0.167552
2010	834,089		0.494109		0.094665		0.170734
2011	833,948		0.542475		0.103443		0.191381
2012	834,636		0.623916		0.119254		0.220459
2013	838,254		0.653302		0.125978		0.221494
2014	861,416		0.659187		0.125228		0.210554
2015	1,186,625		0.602426		0.115391		0.510054
2016	1,296,899		0.575897		0.114343		0.615146
2017 (*	1) 1,358,882		0.566811		0.110249		0.639138

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office

NOTES:

(1) 2018 information not available from the Cook County Clerk's Office at time of publication.

(2) Does not include the levy for the School Building and Improvement Fund which is accounted for in an agency fund.

Metropolitan Water Reclamation District		P D	Forest reserve istrict of ok County	 Cook County	Total		
\$	0.252 0.261 0.274 0.320 0.370 0.417 0.430 0.426	\$	0.051 0.049 0.051 0.058 0.063 0.069 0.069 0.069	\$ 0.415 0.394 0.423 0.462 0.531 0.560 0.568 0.552	\$	4.816 4.627 5.931 5.455 6.396 6.832 6.808 6.867	
	0.406 0.402		0.063 0.062	0.533 0.496		7.145 7.266	

E	Municipal mployees' nnuity and Benefit	-	Firemen's nnuity and Benefit	Retii E	borers' and rement Board mployees' nnuity and Benefit	 Total
\$	0.162182 0.153704	\$	0.080787 0.078184	\$	0.011763 0.015754	\$ 1.030 0.986
	0.161435		0.078352		0.016705	1.016
	0.169036		0.088014		0.015651	1.110
	0.197892		0.100313		0.017166	1.279
	0.195713		0.130700		0.016813	1.344
	0.189848		0.125339		0.016844	1.327
	0.175716		0.252815		0.015598	1.672
	0.168467		0.263192		0.014955	1.752
	0.162434		0.276949		0.014419	1.770

Table 16 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RATIO OF GENERAL NET BONDED DEBT TO EQUALIZED ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA Last Ten Years

(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

Tax Year	Population (1)	Equalized Assessed Value (2)	G. O. Bonds (7)	Other G. O. Debt	General Certificates Obligation and Other (7)	Unamortized Premiums (3)
2009	2,896,016	84,685,258	6,051,947	230,263	439,670	-
2010	2,695,598	82,087,170	6,536,596	268,526	574,755	-
2011	2,695,598	75,122,914	6,997,975	198,132	554,015	-
2012	2,695,598	65,250,387	7,244,917	166,460	528,305	-
2013	2,695,598	62,363,876	7,159,396	270,188	501,490	-
2014	2,695,598	64,908,057	7,798,956	-	473,290	129,002
2015	2,695,598	70,963,289	8,562,720	239,131	434,525	87,809
2016	2,695,598	74,016,506	8,551,473	124,263	392,440	91,787
2017	2,695,598	76,765,303	9,197,357	77,203	335,065	51,707
2018	2,695,598	N/A (6)	7,689,895	233,627	211,735	21,546

- (1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.
- (2) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office.
- (3) Beginning in 2014, the City will present Unamortized Premiums and Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest amounts applicable to General Obligation Bonds only and Other General Obligation Debt.
- (4) Gross Bonded Debt includes bonds, and notes obligations that are noncurrent.
- (5) Amounts are in dollars.
- (6) N/A means not available at time of publication.
- (7) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2019, if applicable.

Accreted Interest (3)	Total Gross -Net of Premiums & Accretions- Bonded Debt (4)	Less Reserve for Debt Service	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Equalized Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita (5)
-	6,721,880	50,431	6,671,449	7.88	2,303.66
-	7,379,877	58,822	7,321,055	8.92	2,715.93
-	7,750,122	249,355	7,500,767	9.98	2,782.60
-	7,939,682	105,582	7,834,100	12.01	2,906.26
-	7,931,074	16,298	7,914,776	12.69	2,936.19
290,179	8,691,427	99,725	8,591,702	13.24	3,187.31
297,645	9,621,830	232,442	9,389,388	13.23	3,483.23
307,236	9,467,199	285,375	9,181,824	12.41	3,406.23
315,863	9,977,195	249,110	9,728,085	12.67	3,608.88
323,485	8,480,288	112,820	8,367,468	N/A (6)	3,104.12

Table 17 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES Last Ten Years (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Year Ended December 31,	Pr	rincipal (2)	Interest and Other Financing harges (3)	C De	General Obligation Ibt Service penditures	 overnmental xpenditures	Ratio of Debt Service Expenditures to Governmental Expenditures (1)
2009	\$	380,946	\$ 298,057	\$	679,003	\$ 6,269,395	10.8 %
2010		336,378	319,423		655,801	6,334,422	10.4
2011		129,303	369,880		499,183	6,621,207	7.5
2012		305,879	475,906		781,785	6,563,846	11.9
2013		218,918	399,794		618,712	6,333,175	9.8
2014		446,749	442,705		889,454	7,172,394	12.4
2015		326,556	501,721		828,277	7,389,669	11.2
2016		574,949	424,489		999,438	7,416,649	13.5
2017		276,565	564,748		841,313	7,345,447	11.5
2018		201,695	520,565		722,260	7,769,276	9.3

(1) The City issued bonds backed by a property tax levy on behalf of Community College District No. 508. The annual debt service related to the bonds was (in thousands) \$35,170 since 2008.

(2) This includes G. O. Bonds, G. O. Notes, G. O. Certificates, G. O. Commercial Paper (CP), G. O. Line of Credit, (LOC), Other G. O. Debt, and City Colleges of Chicago Bonds. For FY 2018 the principal payments for LOC were \$77.2 million.

(3) For FY 2018, interest payments exclude Michael Reese Loan.

Table 18 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

	City of Chicago Direct Debt	Net Direct Long-term Debt (1)	Percentage of Overlapping Bonded Debt (2)	Net Debt Applicable
City of Chicago G. O. Bonds and Other G. O. Debt (3) Board of Education (4) Chicago Park District (5) City Colleges of Chicago (6) Cook County (7) Cook County Forest Preserve District (8) Metropolitan Water Reclamation		*\$ 8,135,257 8,409,348 827,500 321,437 2,950,122 150,960	* 100.00 % 100.00 100.00 100.00 49.38 50.90	\$ 8,135,257 8,409,348 827,500 321,437 1,456,892 76,838
District of Greater Chicago (9) Total Overlapping Debt		2,810,177 15,469,544	51.89	1,458,129 12,550,144
Net Direct and Overlapping Long-term Debt		\$ 23,604,801		\$ 20,685,401

* The balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2019, if applicable.

- (1) Table 18 includes the governmental entities that operate as separate, independent units of government and have the authority to issue bonds and levy taxes on real property within the City of Chicago. The net direct longterm debt amount provided by each entity is comprised solely of the tax-levy supported obligations. Table 18 does not include non-property tax levy backed debt issued by the listed entities.
- (2) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office
- (3) Source: City of Chicago
- (4) Source: Board of Education
- (5) Source: Chicago Park District
- (6) Source: City Colleges of Chicago
- (7) Source: Cook County
- (8) Source: Cook County Forest Preserve District
- (9) Source: Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago

Table 19 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT STATISTICS Last Ten Years (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

	 2009	 2010	 2011	 2012
Direct Debt Overlapping Debt	\$ 6,866,270 8,539,070	\$ 7,328,452 9,158,243	\$ 7,628,222 9,877,084	\$ 7,939,682 10,384,421
Total Debt	\$ 15,405,340	\$ 16,486,695	\$ 17,505,306	\$ 18,324,103
Equalized Assessed Valuation (1) Direct Debt Burden (2) Total Debt Burden (2)	\$ 84,685,258 8.48% 19.02%	\$ 82,087,170 8.65% 19.47%	\$ 75,122,914 9.29% 21.33%	\$ 65,250,387 10.57% 24.39%
Estimated Fair Market Value (FMV) (5) % of Direct Debt to FMV % of Total Direct Debt to FMV	\$ 280,288,730 2.45% 5.50%	\$ 231,986,397 3.16% 7.11%	\$ 222,856,064 3.42% 7.85%	\$ 206,915,723 3.84% 8.86%
Population (3) Direct Debt Per Capita (4) Total Debt Per Capita (4)	\$ 2,896,016 2,370.94 5,319.49	\$ 2,695,598 2,718.67 6,116.15	\$ 2,695,598 2,829.88 6,494.03	\$ 2,695,598 2,945.43 6,797.79

NOTES:

(1) Source: Cook County Clerk's Office. Excludes portion of City in DuPage County and exemptions.

(2) Source: The Civic Federation.

(3) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

(4) Amounts are in dollars.

(5) N/A means not available at time of publication.

 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018
\$ 7,670,298 10,338,490	\$ 8,339,626 10,113,429	\$ 9,041,892 10,397,181	\$ 8,943,914 11,232,989	\$ 9,609,625 12,407,225	\$ 8,135,257 12,550,144
\$ 18,008,788	\$ 18,453,055	\$ 19,439,073	\$ 20,176,903	\$ 22,016,850	\$ 20,685,401
\$ 62,363,876 11.76% 27.60%	\$ 64,908,057 13.37% 29.59%	\$ 70,963,289 13.93% 29.95%	\$ 74,016,506 12.60% 28.43%	\$ 76,765,303 12.98% 29.75%	\$ N/A (5) 10.60% 26.95%
\$ 236,695,475 3.24% 7.61%	\$ 255,639,792 3.26% 7.22%	\$ 278,027,604 3.25% 6.99%	\$ 293,121,793 3.05% 6.88%	\$ N/A (5) N/A (5) N/A (5)	\$ N/A (5) N/A (5) N/A (5)
\$ 2,695,598 2,845.49 6,680.81	\$ 2,695,598 3,093.79 6,845.63	\$ 2,695,598 3,354.32 7,211.41	\$ 2,695,598 3,317.97 7,485.13	\$ 2,695,598 3,564.93 8,167.71	\$ 2,695,598 3,017.98 7,673.77

Table 20CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOISREVENUE BOND COVERAGELast Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

	_					Proprietary	Funds				
				Other	N	et Revenue Available	Debt S	Service Requ	irer	nents	
Year	R	Gross evenues (1)	Operating Expense (2)	Available Funds (3)	. <u> </u>	for Debt Service	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
2009	\$	1,516,939	\$ 887,676	\$ 41,021	\$	670,284	\$ 216,841	\$ 369,379	\$	586,220	1.14
2010		1,768,225	911,935	10,370		866,660	220,124	379,185		599,309	1.45
2011		1,767,722	937,233	61,202		891,691	166,825	306,916		473,741	1.88
2012		1,935,020	967,517	83,050		1,050,553	209,298	479,277		688,575	1.53
2013		2,020,371	969,551	211,531		1,262,351	277,225	494,226		771,451	1.64
2014 *	•	2,306,308	1,042,605	280,251		1,543,954	290,340	569,475		859,815	1.80
2015 *	*	2,391,485	1,054,949	344,579		1,681,115	336,960	570,523		907,483	1.85
2016 *	*	2,531,472	1,112,868	555,170		1,973,774	417,727	579,779		997,506	1.98
2017 *	*	2,622,659	1,215,210	649,204		2,056,653	455,434	610,727		1,066,161	1.93
2018 *	•	2,737,216	1,274,961	673,284		2,135,539	479,051	611,825		1,090,876	1.96

* Beginning in 2014, revenues are net of provision for doubtful accounts.

				Tax	Inc	crement Fina	inci	ng Funds	;				
		Gross	C	perating		et Revenue Available for Debt		Debt S	Serv	ice Requ	irer	nents	
Year	Rev	venues (1)		pense (2)		Debt (4)	F	rincipal		nterest		Total	Coverage
2009	 \$	495,588	\$	185,947	\$	309,641	\$	37,000	\$	28,740	\$	65,740	4.71
2010		474,390		229,266		245,124		36,535		28,431		64,966	3.77
2011		544,415		266,916		277,499		44,290		31,796		76,086	3.65
2012		487,495		361,783		125,712		43,025		29,136		72,161	1.74
2013		427,287		334,414		92,873		51,194		27,721		78,915	1.18
2014		410,018		567,079		(157,061)		69,912		30,963		100,875	(1.56)
2015		366,264		349,066		17,198		37,070		24,089		61,159	0.28
2016		493,399		376,482		116,917		58,090		18,561		76,651	1.53
2017		514,992		437,313		77,679		60,825		16,161		76,986	1.01
2018		684,101		444,928		239,173		129,060		13,639		142,699	1.68

Table 20 - ConcludedCITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOISREVENUE BOND COVERAGELast Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

		Motor	Fuel ⁻	Tax Fund	s				
	A	t Revenue vailable or Debt		Debt \$	Servi	ce Require	emer	its	
Year	Se	ervice (4)	Pr	incipal		nterest		Total	Coverage
2009	 \$	55,625	\$	5,000	\$	10,618	\$	15,618	3.56
2010		55,209		5,270		10,332		15,602	3.54
2011		52,567		5,550		9,996		15,546	3.38
2012		53,421		5,850		9,840		15,690	3.40
2013		52,405		6,165		9,453		15,618	3.36
2014		53,772		5,915		6,642		12,557	4.28
2015		49,048		5,045		9,356		14,401	3.41
2016		51,626		4,085		10,207		14,292	3.61
2017		51,581		4,295		10,805		15,100	3.42
2018		51,557		4,515		10,895		15,410	3.35

NOTES:

(1) Total revenues include nonoperating revenues except for grants.

(2) Total operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization.

(3) Other Available Funds is calculated only for the Water and Sewer funds, and is calculated as net current unrestricted assets as of December 31 of the prior year.

(4) Net Revenue Available for Debt Service will not tie to the revenues from Exhibit 4 since not all revenue is available for debt service.

Table 21CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOISRATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPELast Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018(Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars Except Where Noted)

			Go	vernm	nental Funds							
Year	Net General Obligation Debt (4)	ļ	k Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes	Se	Notor Fuel Revenue and Sales Tax curitization poration (4)	Ρι	tallment irchase reement	Capital Leases	Water Revenue Bonds	Int C Fac	Chicago O'Hare ernational Airport Customer ility Charge enue Bonds	
TCar			NOICS	00		лу		 LCuSCS	 Donus	Rev		
2009	\$ 6,721,880	\$	179,871	\$	559,417	\$	3,500	\$ 169,282	\$ 1,424,319	\$	-	
2010	7,379,877		156,881		553,702		1,200	177,011	1,711,615		-	
2011	7,750,122		125,201		770,312		-	166,787	1,677,851		-	
2012	7,939,682		106,241		753,162		-	163,012	1,988,655		-	
2013	7,931,074		80,127		735,122		-	171,673	1,954,020		248,750	
2014	8,272,246		69,995		725,395		-	116,858	2,381,770		248,750	
2015	9,236,376		60,660		735,882		-	-	2,391,395		248,750	
2016	9,068,176		33,520		748,748		-	-	2,468,397		248,750	
2017	9,609,625		27,925		993,664		-	-	2,401,005		248,750	
2018	8,135,257		19,945		2,281,849		-	-	2,457,341		244,025	

- (1) See Table 13 for Estimated Fair Market Value
- (2) Amounts in Dollars
- (3) 2018 information not available at time of publication.
- (4) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 listed above for each bond series excluded amounts payable January 1, 2019, if applicable.

	Порта	July		Donas								
Int	Chicago O'Hare ernational Airport Other Debt		Chicago O'Hare nternational Airport venue Bonds	Int P Fac	Chicago O'Hare ternational Airport assenger illity Charge enue Bonds	 Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds	Vastewater ransmission Revenue Bonds	(Total Primary Government	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Fair Market Value (1)	(Per Capita (2)
\$	-	\$	5,092,010	\$	709,200	\$ 1,246,190	\$ 878,875	\$	16,984,544	5.46	\$	5,864.80
	-		5,647,115		816,110	1,465,495	1,100,800		19,009,806	6.78		7,052.17
	-		6,481,960		797,769	1,439,185	1,084,224		20,293,411	8.75		7,528.35
	-		6,270,770		750,706	1,383,215	1,334,918		20,690,361	9.28		7,675.61
	-		6,563,780		683,780	1,470,343	1,333,984		21,172,653	10.23		7,854.53
	-		6,406,710		682,271	1,506,325	1,602,175		22,012,495	9.30		8,166.09
	-		6,586,490		631,245	1,506,325	1,686,178		23,083,301	9.03		8,563.33
	12,098		6,404,030		595,630	1,781,605	1,692,820		23,053,774	7.86		8,552.38
	274,140		7,564,355		558,635	1,755,835	1,861,381		25,295,315	8.63		9,383.93
	258,150		9,296,015		519,790	1,713,485	1,893,561		26,819,418	N/A (3)		9,949.34

Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds

Table 22 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (1) December 31, 2018

Year			Motor	Fuel Tax	Sales Tax S	Securitization
Ended	General Obli	gation Debt (2)		le Bonds		Revenue Bonds
Dec. 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
<u> </u>	· · ·	·			·	
2019	. , ,		\$ 4,972,175	\$ 10,637,136	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 89,442,135
2020	225,323,282		5,352,284	10,404,012	3,150,000	89,292,135
2021	286,915,604	458,743,513	5,757,067	10,140,634	41,805,000	89,134,635
2022	274,899,764	450,645,745	6,186,524	9,863,730	48,610,000	87,332,865
2023	277,229,683	438,188,102	6,645,655	9,563,457	50,635,000	85,304,511
2024	306,930,192	425,103,841	7,129,134	9,255,860	52,775,000	83,167,625
2025	274,043,971	410,912,171	7,656,961	8,914,045	55,035,000	80,911,161
2026	261,506,163	398,167,854	8,214,462	8,553,586	57,415,000	78,528,747
2027	266,164,720	379,331,855	8,796,311	8,164,698	60,485,000	76,023,634
2028	288,764,806	372,827,291	9,402,833	7,762,155	63,280,000	73,366,305
2029	333,699,515	356,176,146	9,966,638	7,321,237	66,080,000	70,570,385
2030	323,687,520	342,045,963	10,656,857	6,859,255	68,605,000	67,544,205
2031	377,278,596	323,013,149	11,386,423	6,363,857	71,760,000	64,383,806
2032	422,393,762	284,621,331	12,150,337	5,848,279	75,090,000	61,059,072
2033	481,341,194	260,343,132	13,458,273	5,288,996	69,600,000	57,605,107
2034	501,992,377	231,749,721	14,330,557	4,673,919	72,745,000	54,457,241
2035	535,967,607	199,341,942	15,261,863	4,018,381	76,045,000	51,163,021
2036	582,171,559	168,556,196	16,237,517	3,332,311	53,235,000	47,702,715
2037	401,732,925	134,171,306	17,281,867	2,595,513	55,465,000	45,472,566
2038	258,571,380	110,120,734	3,569,687	1,817,206	82,045,000	43,146,319
2039	258,930,000	64,312,976	3,937,297	1,695,996	85,645,000	39,557,124
2040	287,270,000	48,078,557	4,324,255	1,569,382	89,140,000	35,805,968
2041	304,155,000	31,168,580	4,749,909	1,423,225	92,945,000	32,005,656
2042	101,745,000	13,254,033	5,194,910	1,265,054	96,920,000	28,039,106
2043	108,170,000	6,829,854	5,369,041	1,090,559	99,735,000	23,898,720
2044	-	-	5,862,413	914,532	104,160,000	19,531,773
2045	-	-	6,394,480	718,056	108,775,000	14,967,568
2046	-	-	6,955,569	505,119	113,605,000	10,197,542
2047	-	-	8,213,182	273,122	118,650,000	5,211,937
	\$ 7,901,629,684	\$ 6,782,582,641	\$ 245,414,481	\$ 150,833,312	\$ 2,036,435,000	\$ 1,604,823,584

NOTE:

(1) The amounts listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2019, have been excluded from this schedule because funds for their payment have been provided in the debt service funds.

(2) Amounts above exclude the Line of Credit.

Tax Incremen Service Ar		Tot	als	Year Ended
Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	December 31,
\$ 3,750,000				
4,135,000	706,375	237,960,566	570,025,560	
4,375,000	493,625	338,852,671	558,512,407	
7,685,000	192,125	337,381,288	548,034,465	
-	-	334,510,338	533,056,070	
-	-	366,834,326	517,527,326	6 2024
-	-	336,735,932	500,737,377	7 2025
-	-	327,135,625	485,250,187	
-	-	335,446,031	463,520,187	7 2027
-	-	361,447,639	453,955,751	1 2028
-	-	409,746,153	434,067,768	3 2029
-	-	402,949,377	416,449,423	3 2030
-	-	460,425,019	393,760,812	2 2031
-	-	509,634,099	351,528,682	2 2032
-	-	564,399,467	323,237,235	5 2033
-	-	589,067,934	290,880,881	1 2034
-	-	627,274,470	254,523,344	4 2035
-	-	651,644,076	219,591,222	2 2036
-	-	474,479,792	182,239,385	5 2037
-	-	344,186,067	155,084,259	9 2038
-	-	348,512,297	105,566,096	6 2039
-	-	380,734,255	85,453,907	7 2040
-	-	401,849,909	64,597,461	1 2041
-	-	203,859,910	42,558,193	3 2042
-	-	213,274,041	31,819,133	3 2043
-	-	110,022,413	20,446,305	5 2044
-	-	115,169,480	15,685,624	4 2045
-	-	120,560,569	10,702,661	1 2046
-	-	126,863,182	5,485,059	9 2047
\$ 19,945,000	\$ 2,267,298	\$ 10,203,424,165	\$ 8,540,506,835	5

Table 23 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (1) December 31, 2018

Year						Alternative Revenue Bonds (2)				Other General Obligation Debt			
Ended			· · · ·				\ /						
Dec. 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2019	\$	107,458,700	\$	391,552,675	\$	40,050,000	\$	11,236,975	\$	13,236,364	\$	2,465,961	
2020		166,941,918		458,472,194		45,145,000		9,154,448		13,236,364		1,996,396	
2021		234,829,240		450,379,732		38,850,000		6,837,601		13,236,364		1,526,180	
2022		219,163,400		444,810,189		42,500,000		4,779,266		13,236,364		1,056,290	
2023		242,808,319		435,061,807		21,185,000		2,539,898		13,236,364		586,397	
2024		285,617,012		423,499,309		14,695,000		1,487,702		6,618,180		116,830	
2025		268,233,971		410,164,483		5,810,000		747,688		-		-	
2026		255,036,163		397,715,692		6,470,000		452,162		-		-	
2027		265,489,720		379,211,701		675,000		120,154		-		-	
2028		288,049,806		372,743,344		715,000		83,947		-		-	
2029		332,849,515		356,130,552		850,000		45,594		-		-	
2030		323,687,520		342,045,963		-		-		-		-	
2031		377,278,596		323,013,149		-		-		-		-	
2032		422,393,762		284,621,331		-		-		-		-	
2033		481,341,194		260,343,132		-		-		-		-	
2034		501,992,377		231,749,721		-		-		-		-	
2035		535,967,607		199,341,942		-		-		-		-	
2036		582,171,559		168,556,196		-		-		-		-	
2037		401,732,925		134,171,306		-		-		-		-	
2038		258,571,380		110,120,734		-		-		-		-	
2039		258,930,000		64,312,976		-		-		-		-	
2040		287,270,000		48,078,557		-		-		-		-	
2041		304,155,000		31,168,580		-		-		-		-	
2042		101,745,000		13,254,033		-		-		-		-	
2043	_	108,170,000	_	6,829,854		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	
	\$	7,611,884,684	\$	6,737,349,152	\$	216,945,000	\$	37,485,435	\$	72,800,000	\$	7,748,054	

NOTE:

(1) The amounts listed above for each year include amounts payable January 1 of the following year. Bonds maturing and interest payable January 1, 2019, have been excluded from this schedule because funds for their payment have been provided in the debt service funds.

(2) Alternative Revenue Bonds include General Obligation Bonds (Emergency Telephone System), Series 1999 and Series 2004, and General Obligation Bonds (Modern Schools Across Chicago Program) Series 2007B/G/K and 2010A/B.

(3) Amounts above exclude the Line of Credit.

	Tot								
Principal			Interest	Total					
\$	160,745,064	\$	405,255,611	\$	566,000,675				
	225,323,282		469,623,038		694,946,320				
	286,915,604		458,743,513		745,659,117				
	274,899,764		450,645,745		725,545,509				
	277,229,683		438,188,102		715,417,785				
	306,930,192		425,103,841		732,034,033				
	274,043,971		410,912,171		684,956,142				
	261,506,163		398,167,854		659,674,017				
	266,164,720		379,331,855		645,496,575				
	288,764,806		372,827,291		661,592,097				
	333,699,515		356,176,146		689,875,661				
	323,687,520		342,045,963		665,733,483				
	377,278,596		323,013,149		700,291,745				
	422,393,762		284,621,331		707,015,093				
481,341,194			260,343,132		741,684,326				
	501,992,377		231,749,721		733,742,098				
	535,967,607		199,341,942		735,309,549				
	582,171,559		168,556,196		750,727,755				
	401,732,925		134,171,306		535,904,231				
	258,571,380		110,120,734		368,692,114				
	258,930,000		64,312,976		323,242,976				
	287,270,000		48,078,557		335,348,557				
	304,155,000		31,168,580		335,323,580				
	101,745,000		13,254,033		114,999,033				
	108,170,000	6,829,854			114,999,854				
\$	7,901,629,684	\$	6,782,582,641	\$	14,684,212,325				

Table 24 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS FOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS (1) December 31, 2018

Year Ended		Wa Revenu	ater	ande		Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds					
December 31,	Principal			Interest		Principal	Interest				
		ГППСІраі		IIIIEIESI		Гппора		IIIIeiesi			
2019	\$	97,009,350	\$	119,889,257	\$	62,346,197	\$	87,651,956			
2020		95,981,646		116,090,744		60,322,139		92,302,203			
2021		97,814,397		106,712,242		60,343,886		92,318,279			
2022		101,960,427		102,470,113		62,490,640		90,223,579			
2023		105,724,193		98,006,478		64,895,824		87,863,914			
2024		110,672,926		93,303,807		67,400,949		85,398,041			
2025		119,869,105		88,514,608		80,371,506		72,528,830			
2026		125,681,563		83,092,786		64,820,250		87,995,982			
2027		131,538,520		77,265,147		67,132,823		85,686,377			
2028		124,973,257		71,089,427		69,499,035		83,229,009			
2029		130,200,929		65,384,850		77,041,631		60,503,146			
2030		131,746,692		59,406,808		80,579,302		56,856,875			
2031		103,390,707		53,395,093		83,739,197		52,986,208			
2032		96,044,949		48,664,245		87,338,930		48,874,022			
2033		99,417,550		44,330,891		89,626,929		44,559,737			
2034		103,394,036		39,848,239		93,269,756		40,057,217			
2035		102,110,599		35,187,424		96,514,125		35,345,915			
2036		101,790,634		30,431,230		95,751,783		30,374,609			
2037		96,160,108		25,592,878		89,116,067		25,427,211			
2038		89,934,305		20,897,118		91,070,260		20,507,032			
2039		77,395,000		15,946,126		82,835,000		15,662,130			
2040		81,035,000		11,415,897		65,230,000		11,426,161			
2041		43,530,000		6,674,750		38,275,000		8,599,863			
2042		45,705,000		4,498,250		40,180,000		6,672,269			
2043		21,590,000		2,213,000		24,685,000		5,067,325			
2044		22,670,000		1,133,500		25,945,000		3,801,575			
2045		-		-		7,720,000		2,959,950			
2046		-		-		8,105,000		2,564,325			
2047		-		-		8,510,000		2,148,950			
2048		-		-		8,935,000		1,757,500			
2049		-		-		9,295,000		1,392,900			
2050		-		-		9,665,000		1,013,700			
2051		-		-		10,055,000		619,300			
2052		-		-		10,455,000		209,100			
2053		-		-		-		-			
2054		-		-		-		-			
	\$	2,457,340,893	\$	1,421,454,908	\$	1,893,561,229	\$	1,344,585,190			
		· ·	_	<u> </u>	_		_	<u> </u>			

NOTE:

1) For variable rate debt, interest has been calculated at the rate in effect or effective rate of a Swap Agreement, if applicable, as of December 31, 2018. Amounts above exclude Commercial Paper and Line of Credit issues as the timing of payments is not certain.

Chicago-O'Hare International Airport and Chicago Midway												
	International A				To	tals				Yea Ende		
	Principal	ΠP	Interest		Principal	lais	Interest		Total	Decembe		
	1 molpai		Interest				Interest		Total	December	51 01,	
\$	327,515,000	\$	536,726,087	\$	486,870,547	\$	744,267,300	\$	1,231,137,847		2019	
	324,900,000		562,868,201		481,203,785		771,261,148	·	1,252,464,933			
	289,890,000		547,845,689		448,048,283		746,876,210		1,194,924,493		2021	
	311,955,000		532,903,141		476,406,067		725,596,833		1,202,002,900		2022	
	311,475,000		517,343,299		482,095,017		703,213,691		1,185,308,708			
	354,560,000		500,719,300		532,633,875		679,421,148		1,212,055,023		2024	
	378,723,396		482,467,547		578,964,007		643,510,985		1,222,474,992		2025	
	392,166,656		463,296,841		582,668,469		634,385,609		1,217,054,078		2026	
	411,419,916		443,345,048		610,091,259		606,296,572		1,216,387,831		2027	
	420,689,806		422,866,880		615,162,098		577,185,316		1,192,347,414		2028	
	414,229,695		402,232,242		621,472,255		528,120,238		1,149,592,493		2029	
	432,064,586		381,092,643		644,390,580		497,356,326		1,141,746,906		2030	
	452,574,476		358,888,089		639,704,380		465,269,390		1,104,973,770		2031	
	470,669,366		335,828,081		654,053,245		433,366,348		1,087,419,593		2032	
	498,040,071		312,103,393		687,084,550		400,994,021		1,088,078,571		2033	
	514,605,776		288,408,859		711,269,568		368,314,315		1,079,583,883			
	555,751,481		263,992,188		754,376,205		334,525,527		1,088,901,732		2035	
	369,418,002		242,884,128		566,960,419		303,689,967		870,650,386		2036	
	392,108,706		222,177,347		577,384,881		273,197,436		850,582,317		2037	
	411,515,226		200,442,556		592,519,791		241,846,706		834,366,497		2038	
	431,706,746		177,788,329		591,936,746		209,396,585		801,333,331		2039	
	340,889,081		157,156,837		487,154,081		179,998,895		667,152,976		2040	
	300,996,417		140,967,319		382,801,417		156,241,932		539,043,349		2041	
	224,279,566		128,981,257		310,164,566		140,151,776		450,316,342		2042	
	234,836,901		119,185,007		281,111,901		126,465,332		407,577,233		2043	
	229,330,052		109,274,271		277,945,052		114,209,346		392,154,398		2044	
	172,734,017		100,406,801		180,454,017		103,366,751		283,820,768		2045	
	188,078,958		91,559,121		196,183,958		94,123,446		290,307,404		2046	
	154,381,073		83,214,968		162,891,073		85,363,918		248,254,991		2047	
	162,009,003		75,503,469		170,944,003		77,260,969		248,204,972		2048	
	482,988,564		60,615,558		492,283,564		62,008,458		554,292,022		2049	
	171,473,124		45,650,417		181,138,124		46,664,117		227,802,241		2050	
	179,683,499		37,379,883		189,738,499		37,999,183		227,737,682		2051	
	188,304,689		28,710,809		198,759,689		28,919,909		227,679,598		2052	
	116,036,694		21,659,127		116,036,694		21,659,127		137,695,821		2053	
	419,464,514		9,522,753		419,464,514		9,522,753		428,987,267		2054	
\$ 1	2,031,465,057	\$	9,406,007,485	\$ 1	6,382,367,179	\$ 12	2,172,047,583	\$ 2	28,554,414,762			

	 Original Principal		standing at cember 31, 2018
General Long-term Debt:			
General Obligation Debt:			
General Obligation Bonds (1):			
Refunding Series of 1993 B - 4.25% to 5.125%	\$ 153,280	\$	11,775
* Emergency Telephone System Refunding Series 1999 - 4.5% to 5.5%	213,110		57,615
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project Series 1999 - 6.0%	308,964		113,726
Project Series 2000 A - 4.85% to 6.75%	254,293		7,403
Neighborhoods Alive 21 Program Series 2002 B - 5.0% to 5.5%	176,200		156,155
Project and Refunding Series 2003 B - 5.0% to 5.5%	170,090		127,005
* Emergency Telephone System Series 2004 - 3.0% to 6.09%	64,665		20,395
Project and Refunding Series 2005 D - 5.5%	174,005		174,005
Direct Access Bonds, Series 2005 - 2.85% to 4.5%	114,695		48,864
Project and Refunding Series 2006 A - 3.5% to 5.0%	582,435		67,785
Project and Refunding Series 2007 A and B - 3.75% to 5.462%	589,590		327,970
City Colleges of Chicago Capital Improvement Project Series 2007 - 4.0% to 5.0%	39,110		31,125
Project and Refunding Series 2007 C and D - 4.0% to 5.44%	330,890		140,910
Project and Refunding Series 2007 E through G - 5.5%	153,700		153,700
Project and Refunding Series 2008 B - 3.742% to 5.765%	122,755		90,215
Project and Refunding Series 2008 C through E - 1.0% to 6.05%	611,017		267,227
Project and Refunding Series 2009 A through D - 4.0% to 6.257%	793,275		753,430
Project Series 2010 B - 7.517%	213,555		213,555
Project Series 2010 C-1 - 7.781%	299,340		299,340
Project Series 2011 A and B - 4.625% to 6.034%	416,345		416,345
Project Series 2012 A through C - 4.0% to 5.432%	594,850		594,850
Project and Refunding Series 2014 A and B - 4.0% to 6.314%	883,420		877,835
General Obligation Series 2015 A and B - 5.0% to 7.75%	1,088,390		1,078,405
Refunding Series 2015C - 5.0%	500,000		500,000
Project and Refunding Series 2017 A and B - 5.625% to 7.045%	1,160,260		1,160,260
Total General Obligation Bonds	 10,008,234	_	7,689,895

Long-term debt is comprised of the following issues at December 31, 2018 (dollars in thousands):

* Secured by alternate revenues.

		Original Principal		utstanding at ecember 31, 2018
Line of Credit: Line of Credit - Variable Rate (3.55% to 4.5316% at December 31, 2018)	\$	233,627	\$	233,627
Total Line of Credit		233,627		233,627
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes		10,241,861		7,923,522
General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations (1):				
* Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2007 B, G and K - 3.6% to 5.0%		107,215		41,480
* Modern Schools Across Chicago Program - Series 2010 A and B - 3.0% to 5.364%		150,115		97,455
** MRL Financing LLC Promissory Note - 3.55%		72,800		72,800
Total General Obligation Certificates and Other Obligations		330,130		211,735
Total General Obligation Debt		10,571,991		8,135,257
Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes (1):				
Pilsen Redevelopment Project - Series 2014 A and B - 0.95% to 5.0%		33,410		19,945
Total Tax Increment Allocation Bonds and Notes	_	33,410	_	19,945
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds (1):				
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2008 A - 4.0% to 5.0%		62,900		61,645
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Series 2013 - 2.0% to 5.0%		105,895		87,030
Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds - Riverwalk TIFIA Loan - 3.33%		96,739		96,739
Total Motor Fuel Tax Revenue Bonds		265,534		245,414
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds (1):				
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds - Series 2017 A through C - 2.596% to 5.0%		743,735		743,735
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds - Series 2018 A and B - 3.82% to 5.0%		680,280		680,280
Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds - Series 2018 C - 5.0% to 5.5%		612,420		612,420
Total Sales Tax Securitization Corporation Bonds		2,036,435		2,036,435
Total General Long-term Debt	\$	12,907,370	\$	10,437,051
 * Secured by alternate revenues. ** General Obligation Certificates and other obligations without property tax levy. 				
NOTE: (1) The balance outstanding at December 31, 2018 listed above for each bond series e January 1, 2019, if applicable.	xclu	ded amounts p	ayab	le
prietary Fund Revenue Bonds:				
Nater Revenue Bonds:				
Series 2000 - 2nd Lien - 5.0%	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Series 2000 - Sr Lien 4.375% to 5.875%		156,819		4,611
Series 2001 - 2nd Lien 3.0% to 5.75%		81,500		80,630
Series 2004 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%		344,575		316,025
Series 2008 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.25%		549,915		74,115
Series 2010 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.742%		313,580		300,355

Series 2000 - 2nd Lien - 5.0%	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Series 2000 - Sr Lien 4.375% to 5.875%	156,819	4,611
Series 2001 - 2nd Lien 3.0% to 5.75%	81,500	80,630
Series 2004 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%	344,575	316,025
Series 2008 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.25%	549,915	74,115
Series 2010 - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.742%	313,580	300,355
Series 2012 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%	399,445	375,290
Series 2014 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	367,925	344,380
Series 2016 - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%	59,595	59,595
Series 2017 - 2nd Lien -5.0% to 5.25%	199,355	188,195

	Original Principal		standing at cember 31, 2018
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Continued			
Water Revenue Bonds - Concluded:			
Series 2017 - 2 - 2nd Lien -5.0%	\$ 235,260	\$	232,260
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.905%	3,605		911
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.57%	2,643		1,116
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	6,000		4,068
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 0.00%	9,077		5,927
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	1,528		1,133
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	1,502		1,115
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%	6,092		4,521
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.29%	6,542		5,319
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	39,422		32,764
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	15,000		12,495
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%	47,000		40,128
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	15,058		13,103
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.21%	62,179		57,146
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	44,334		42,628
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	19,584		18,100
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	81,147		79,412
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.86 %	40,782		39,936
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.64 %	22,491		22,063
Total Water Revenue Bonds	3,231,955		2,457,341
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Bonds:			
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds:			
Series of 2004 F and G - 3rd Lien - 5.3% to 5.35%	29,360		29,360
Series of 2005 C and D - 3rd Lien - Variable Rate (1.76% and 1.78% at Dec. 31, 2018)	300,000		240,600
Series of 2010 A through D and F - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.845%	992,625		886,295
Series of 2011 A and B - 3rd Lien - 3.0% to 6.0%	716,075		134,800
Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - Senior Lien - 1.0% to 5.0%	722,495		397,425
Refunding Series of 2013 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.25%	501,785		419,135
Series of 2013 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.5%	396,120		388,895
Refunding Series of 2015 A and B - Senior Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%	1,620,180		1,591,885
Series of 2015 C and D - Senior Lien - 3.625% to 5.0%	327,200		327,200
Refunding Series of 2016 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	1,014,335		939,790
Series of 2016 D through G - Senior Lien - 2.00% to 5.25%	1,117,250		1,115,355
Refunding Series of 2017 A through C - Senior Lien - 3.125% to 5.0%	534,420		534,320
Series of 2017 D - Senior Lien - 5.0%	278,075		278,075
Refunding Series of 2018 A - Senior Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%	600,785		600,785
Series of 2018 B and C - Senior Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%	1,412,095		1,412,095
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Revenue Bonds	 10,562,800		9,296,015
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds:			
Series of 2013 A - Senior Lien - 3.0% to 5.75%	248,750		244,025
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Customer Facility Charge Revenue Bonds	 248,750		244,025
	 2.3,700		2,020

	Orig Princ		standing at ember 31, 2018
Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Continued:			
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds:			
Refunding Series of 2010 A through D - 2.0% to 6.395%		37,665	\$ 126,835
Refunding Series of 2011 A and B - 5.0% to 6.0%		46,005	7,775
Refunding Series of 2012 A and B - 2.5% to 5.0%		52,095	 385,180
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport Passenger Facility Charge Revenue Bonds	6	35,765	 519,790
Chicago-O'Hare International Airport TIFIA Loan:			
TIFIA Loan - 3.86%		58,150	258,150
Total Chicago-O'Hare International Airport TIFIA Loan	2	58,150	 258,150
Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds:			
Series 1998 C - 5.25% to 5.5%		54,210	22,660
Series 2004 C and D - 2nd Lien - 4.174% to 4.274%		52,150	122,850
Refunding Series 2013 A through C - 2nd Lien74% to 5.5%		33,960	294,330
Series 2014 A through B - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.0%		71,810	771,810
Refunding Series 2014C - Variable Rate (1.85% at December 31, 2018)		24,710	124,710
Series 2016 A through B - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 5.0%		42,395	331,455
Refunding Series 2018 A - 2nd Lien - 2.937% to 3.897%		45,670	45,670
Total Chicago Midway International Airport Revenue Bonds		24,905	 1,713,485
Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds:			
Refunding Series 1998 A Sr Lien - 4.55% to 5.0%		62,423	35,168
Series 2001 - Refunding - 2nd Lien - 4.0% to 5.5%		73,100	46,775
Series 2008 A - 2nd Lien - 3.5% to 5.5%		67,635	8,375
Series 2008 C1 through C3 - 2nd Lien - 3.886%		32,230	300,575
Series 2010 A and B - 2nd Lien - 2.0% to 6.9%	2	75,865	254,365
Series 2012 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	2	76,470	250,560
Series 2014 - 2nd Lien - 3.0% to 5.0%	2	92,405	277,600
Series 2015 - 2nd Lien - 2.591% to 6.042%		87,080	84,815
Series 2017 A - 2nd Lien - 4.00% to 5.25%	1	80,590	180,590
Series 2017 B Refunding - 2nd Lien - 5.00%	2	15,485	208,970
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.5%		1,546	795
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 0.00%		15,000	9,563
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%		17,564	13,458
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.25%		17,812	13,218
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 2.295%		15,000	12,519
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.93%		54,170	48,349

Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds - Concluded:		Original Principal		utstanding at ecember 31, 2018
Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds - Concluded:				
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.995%	\$	56,198	\$	51,512
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86%		4,291		4,033
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan - 1.86%		63,793		62,610
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.75%		6,032		5,849
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Loan -1.75%		23,862		23,862
Total Wastewater Transmission Revenue Bonds	_	2,238,551	_	1,893,561
Total Proprietary Fund Revenue Bonds	\$	19,000,876	\$	16,382,367

Table 26 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS POPULATION AND INCOME STATISTICS Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Median Age (2)	Number of Households (2)	City Employment	Unemployment Rate (3)	Per Capita Income (4)		Total Income
2009	2,896,016	34.5	1,037,069	1,171,841	10.0	\$ 43,727	\$	126,634,091,632
2010	2,695,598	34.8	1,045,666	1,116,830	10.1	45,957		123,881,597,286
2011	2,695,598	33.2	1,048,222	1,120,402	9.3	45,977		123,935,509,246
2012	2,695,598	33.2	1,054,488	1,144,896	8.9	48,305		130,210,861,390
2013	2,695,598	33.5	1,062,029	1,153,725	8.3	49,071		132,275,689,458
2014	2,695,598	33.9	1,031,672	1,264,234	5.7	50,690		136,639,862,620
2015	2,695,598	34.2	1,053,229	1,273,727	5.7	53,886		145,254,993,828
2016	2,695,598	34.4	1,053,986	1,282,117	5.4	55,621		149,931,856,358
2017	2,695,598	34.6	1,047,695	1,289,325	4.7	58,315		157,193,797,370
2018	2,695,598	N/A (5)	N/A (5)	1,288,755	4.0	N/A (5)		N/A (5)

NOTES:

- (1) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.
- (2) Source: American Fact Finder United States Census Bureau data estimates. Data not available for 2018.
- (3) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics 2018, Unemployment rate for Chicago-Naperville-Illinois Metropolitan Area.
- (4) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Per Capita Personal Income for Chicago-Naperville-Illinois Metropolitan Area.
- (5) N/A means not available at time of publication.

Table 27 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (NON-GOVERNMENT) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018	(1)		2009 ((3)	
			Percentage			Percentage	
	Number		of	Number		of	
	of		Total City	of		Total City	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment (2)	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Northwestern Memorial Healthcare	19,886	1	1.54 %				
Advocate Aurora Health	19,500	2	1.51				
	,						
University of Chicago	17,345	3	1.35				
Amita Health	16,231	4	1.26		-	/	
United Continental Holdings Inc. (4)	14,582	5	1.13	6,019	2	0.58 %	
Amazon.com Inc	14,018	6	1.09				
JPMorgan Chase & Co. (5)	13,795	7	1.07	8,431	1	0.81	
Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc.	12,311	8	0.96				
Walmart Inc.	11,420	9	0.89				
Northwestern University	10,865	10	0.84				
Jewel-Osco (6)				5,833	3	0.56	
Northern Trust				5,394	4	0.52	
Bank of America NT & SA (7)				4,631	5	0.44	
American Airlines				3,394	6	0.33	
Accenture LLP				3,341	7	0.32	
SBC/AT&T				,	8	0.32	
				3,136	-		
CVS Corporation				3,120	9	0.30	
Ford Motor Company				2,764	10	0.27	

NOTES:

- (1) Source: Reprinted with permission from the February 11, 2019 issue of Crain's Chicago Business. © 2019 Crain Communications Inc. All Rights Reserved.
- (2) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics data used in calculation of Total City Employment.
- (3) Source: City of Chicago, Department of Revenue, Employer's Expense Tax Returns. Prior to 2014, the source for information was the City of Chicago, Bureau of Revenue-Tax Division report, which is no longer available.
- (4) United Continental Holdings Inc. formerly known as United Airlines.
- (5) JP Morgan & Co. formerly known as J.P. Morgan Chase.
- (6) Jewel-Osco formerly known as Jewel Food Stores, Inc.
- (7) Bank of America NT & SA formerly known as Bank of America NT.

Table 28 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY OF CHICAGO EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years (1)

	Budgeted Full Time Equivalent Positions												
Function	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014 (2)	2013 (2)	2012 (2)	2011	2010	2009			
General Government	3,768	3,733	3,674	3,764	3,760	3,725	3,857	4,363	4,401	4,419			
Public Safety	22,804	22,354	21,458	21,182	21,138	21,067	21,040	22,716	22,912	22,954			
Streets and Sanitation	2,278	2,298	2,328	2,341	2,341	2,351	2,302	2,576	2,605	3,087			
Transportation	1,374	1,362	1,321	1,297	1,171	932	929	980	1,022	718			
Health	602	606	613	656	713	738	904	991	1,117	1,257			
Cultural and Recreational	1,292	1,255	1,261	1,253	1,244	1,214	1,153	1,207	1,213	1,318			
Business-type Activities	4,113	4,047	3,672	3,636	3,679	3,528	3,559	3,615	3,619	3,666			
Total	36,231	35,655	34,327	34,129	34,046	33,555	33,744	36,448	36,889	37,419			

NOTES:

(1) Source: City of Chicago 2018 Budget Overview.

Includes full time equivalent positions in grant related programs.

(2) Per Office of Budget Management restated figures.

Table 29 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/DEPARTMENT Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Police Physical Arrests	84,718	82,663	85,493	112,996	129,166	143,618	145,390	152,740	167,355	181,254
Fire Emergency Responses (1)	706,245	709,664	713,492	685,525	685,588	675,570	472,752	343,749	343,214	363,519
Refuse Collection Refuse Collected (Tons per Day)	3,299	3,632	3,561	3,403	3,265	3,562	3,763	3,983	3,931	3,974
Cultural Volumes in Library (2)	11,659	11,472	11,823	11,469	11,527	11,452	5,691	5,790	5,770	5,743
Water Average Daily Consumption (Thousands of Gallons)	684,506	680,468	701,148	719,467	752,362	756,486	793,274	770,925	773,612	808,551

Sources: Various City of Chicago Agencies

Notes: (1) In 2013, Office of Emergency Management and Communications implemented new system accounting for Administrative calls.

(2) Beginning in 2013, Chicago Public Library utilizes new process to identify library holdings. Figures in thousands.

Table 30 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Years

Function	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Police Stations	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26	25	25
Fire Stations	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	104	103	103
Other Public Works: Streets (Miles) Streetlights Traffic Signals	4,116 331,797 3,045	4,116 330,097 3,043	4,116 328,683 3,042	4,116 327,613 3,037	4,116 327,613 3,035	4,116 327,613 3,035	4,116 279,668 3,035	4,091 278,788 2,960	3,775 261,019 2,960	3,775 259,699 2,960
Water Mains (Miles)	4,264	4,281	4,295	4,311	4,322	4,321	4,349	4,360	4,300	4,300
Sewers Mains (Miles)	4,491	4,462	4,452	4,428	4,428	4,428	4,450	4,400	4,400	4,400

Sources: Various City of Chicago Agencies

Table 31 CITY OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS INTEREST RATE SWAP COUNTERPARTY ENTITIES December 31, 2018 (Amounts are in Thousands of Dollars)

Associated Bond Issue	Current Notional Amounts	Counterparty Credit Rating Moody's/S&P	Counterparty Entity	City ATE Level (1)
Chicago Midway Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2004C&D)	73,710 49,140	A1/A+ Aa2/A+	Goldman Sachs Wells Fargo	Baa1/BBB+ Baa2/BBB
Total	\$ 122,850			

Source: Survey of Derivative Instruments.

Notes:

(1) A counterparty may terminate its related interest rate swap if the City rating for the respective credit falls below the rating listed in the column City ATE Level by Moody's or Standard and Poor's.

	E	Sond	Liquidity,	Letters of Credit	and Direct Pul	rchase Facilities			
							Ratings Thresholds (
Issue	Series	Principal Outstanding		Expiration or Termination	Bond Maturity Date	Bank	Fitch	Moody's	S&P
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 C-1	\$	50,855	11/25/2019	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	N/A	BBB-
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 C-2	\$	59,870	11/25/2019	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	N/A	BBB-
Midway 2nd Lien	2004 D	\$	12,125	11/25/2019	01/01/2035	Bank of Montreal	BBB-	N/A	BBB-
Midway 2nd Lien	2014 C	\$	124,710	07/17/2020	01/01/2035	Barclays	(2)	(2)	(2)
O'Hare 3rd Lien	2005 C	\$	140,600	07/24/2020	01/01/2035	Bank of America	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-
O'Hare 3rd Lien	2005 D	\$	100,000	08/14/2020	01/01/2035	Barclays	(2)	(2)	(2)

d Liquidity, Latters of Credit and Direct Durchase Eacility

Commercial Paper (CP) Letters of Credit and Lines of Credit Providers

							Ratings Threshelds (1)			
Issue	Series	Borrowing Authority		Amount Outstanding (Dec. 31, 2018)	Expiration or Termination	Bank	Fitch	Moody's	S&P	Kroll
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(DCC: 01, 2010)						
G. O. CP	2002E1-2	\$	200,000	-	07/17/2020	Bank of America	BBB-	N/A	BBB-	N/A (5)
G. O. CP	2002F1-2	\$	200,000	-	07/17/2020	PNC	BBB-	N/A	BBB-	BBB- (3)
G. O. Line of Credit	2015	\$	170,000	77,876	05/31/2020	JPMorgan	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)
G. O. Line of Credit	2015	\$	170,000	77,876	05/31/2020	BMO Harris	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)
G. O. Line of Credit	2015	\$	170,000	77,875	05/31/2020	Bank of China	BBB- (3)	N/A	BBB- (3)	BBB- (3)
Midway CP	2003A-D	\$	85,000	-	07/10/2020	JPMorgan	BBB-	Baa3	BBB-	N/A
O'Hare CP	2016 (4)	\$	180,000	-	09/27/2019	Bank of America	BBB- (3)	Baa3	BBB- (3)	N/A
O'Hare CP	2016 (4)	\$	120,000	-	09/27/2019	Bank of Tokyo	BBB- (3)	Baa3	BBB- (3)	N/A
O'Hare CP	2016 (4)	\$	120,000	-	09/27/2019	Barclays	BBB- (3)	Baa3	BBB- (3)	N/A
O'Hare Line of Credit	2016	\$	180,000	2,040	12/12/2019	JPMorgan	BBB-	N/A	BBB-	BBB-

Ratings Thresholds (1)

Notes:

(1) An underlying rating by any rating agency for the related debt (or lowest rated lien of the related credit) below what is shown in the chart in the "Ratings Threshold" column would constitute an event of default under the agreements with the related banks.

(2) The agreement with Barclays provides that it is an event of default if (A) any two Rating Agencies then rating the Debt of the City payable from or secured by Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on parity with the Bonds shall have downgraded their rating on such Debt to or below "Baa2" (or its equivalent) or "BBB" (or its equivalent), respectively, or (B) any Rating Agency shall have downgraded its rating of any Debt of the City payable from or secured by the Pledged Revenues which is senior to or on a parity with the Bonds to below "Baa3" (or its equivalent) or "BBB-" (or its equivalent), respectively, or suspended or withdrawn its rating of the same and such downgrade, suspension or withdrawal shall remain for a period of 180 days.

(3) An underlying rating by two of the three rating agencies, S&P, Fitch or Kroll, would constitute an event of default under the agreements with the banks.

(4) O'Hare 2009 Program. 2016 Issue series A1-A3, B1-B3 and C1-C3.

(5) Under the BANA, Fitch and S&P shall downgrade below BBB- or shall suspend or withdraw ratings.