

## #AskDrArwady

July 25, 2023

# WILDFIRE SMOKE CAUSING UNHEALTHY AIR QUALITY



On days with poor air quality, Chicagoans are advised to keep windows and doors closed and turn on their air conditioners if they have one. Seek shelter elsewhere if you do not have an air conditioner and your home is too warm.

For Chicagoans without access to properly ventilated and safe indoor conditions, please utilize public libraries, senior centers, Park District facilities, and the Cultural Center, or one of six community service centers.

Visit <a href="https://chicago.gov/envcommunityinfo">Chicago.gov/envcommunityinfo</a>



WATCH FOR UPDATES AND GUIDANCE: WWW.AIRNOW.GOV



**HARM REDUCTION 101** 

## STAY SAFER AT FESTIVALS AND EVENTS THIS SUMMER

STAY HYDRATED WEAR EARPLUGS

#### PRACTICE CROWD SAFETY

KNOW WHERE THE EXITS ARE WATCH OUT FOR CROWD SURGE

#### PREVENT HEATSTROKE TEST YOUR DRUGS

HANG OUT IN SHADED AREAS WHEN POSSIBLE WEAR SUNSCREEN, SUNGLASSES, AND HAT CALL CHICAGO
RECOVERY ALLIANCE AT
773-708-2206 FOR DRUG
CHECKING SERVICES

#### **CARRY NARCAN**

AVAILABLE FOR FREE AT EVERY CHICAGO PUBLIC LIBRARY (SCAN THE QR CODE TO FIND NARCAN NEAR YOU)



BIT.LY/FINDNARCAN







EMAIL OSU.CDPH@CITYOFCHICAGO.ORG
TO ACCESS FENTANYL TEST KITS

## JOIN US ON 7/28, 12-1PM FOR NARCAN AND HARM REDUCTION TRAINING



What do you need to know about **Narcan** and **Harm Reduction**?

Join the CDPH Office of Substance Use for a free virtual training this Friday, July 28, at 12 pm, so you can help #endoverdose.

Register now: <a href="http://bit.ly/NHR\_Training">http://bit.ly/NHR\_Training</a>



This summer, keep children safer in water.

Think about the different ways you can help keep your child safe—and if a child is missing, check the water first.

Together, we can protect swimmers!

Learn more #SwimSafety tips: <a href="http://bit.ly/SwimSafetyGuidelines">http://bit.ly/SwimSafetyGuidelines</a>

# STAY CURRENT ON SWINNING SAFETY!

Teach your children to swim and to self-rescue this summer and at every opportunity near water.





Explore swimming safety tips: bit.ly/SwimSafetyGuidelines

## Chicago Mpox (Monkeypox) Case Summary

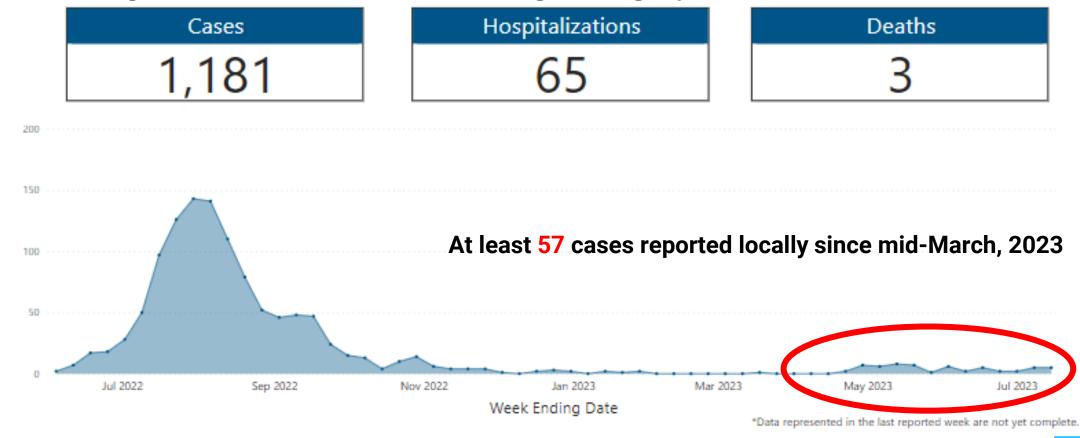


Data last updated 7/24/2023. Counts include cases with specimen collections through 7/19/2023 to account for reporting lags.

Data are updated on Mondays and Thursdays at 2:00p.m., except for City holidays. All data are provisional and subject to change.

### Cases of Mpox Diagnosed in Chicagoans Between 6/4/2022 - 7/19/2023

5 cases were diagnosed last week. This is the same number of cases diagnosed during the prior week.





## **Mpox Vaccine 101**

- The JYNNEOS™ vaccine can help protect people against mpox (monkeypox) when given before exposure to the virus. CDPH strongly encourages those eligible to get the vaccine to protect themselves and others.
- The vaccine is a two-dose vaccine given under the skin 28 days apart. Optimal protection is not achieved until two weeks following the second dose.

## **Eligibility**

Have had close contact with someone diagnosed with mpox, regardless of sex, gender or sexual orientation

OR

Are a gay, bisexual, or other man who has sex with men and/or transgender person who is sexually active.

Find your vaccine: <u>CDPH Mpox Vaccine Finder</u>



## **X** Where can I go to learn more about mpox?

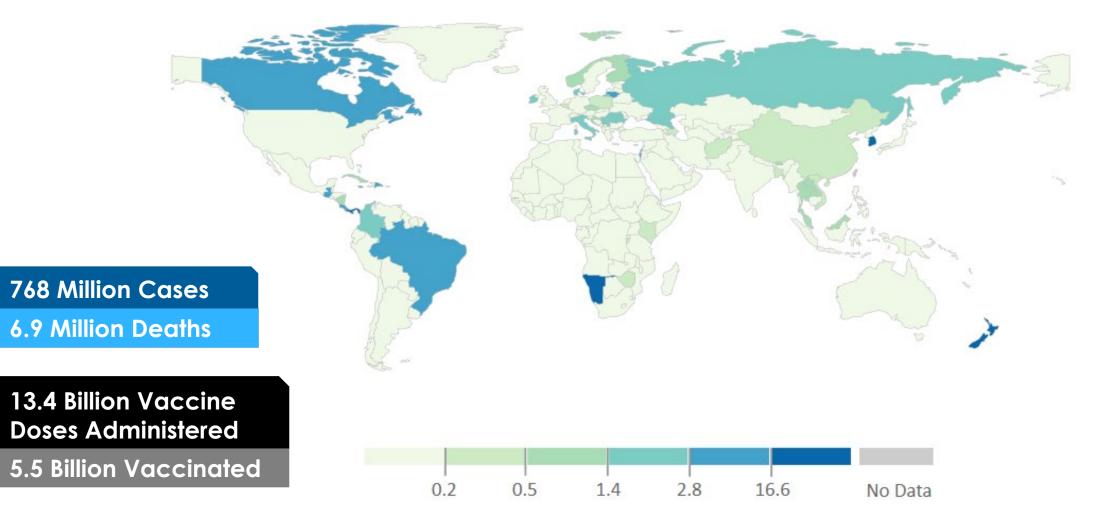
 Mpox (Monkeypox) Website and Data Dashboard: www.chicago.gov/mpox

 HIV/STI Resource Hub (LGBTQ+ call center): 844-482-4040

•CDPH Call Center: <u>312-746-4835</u>

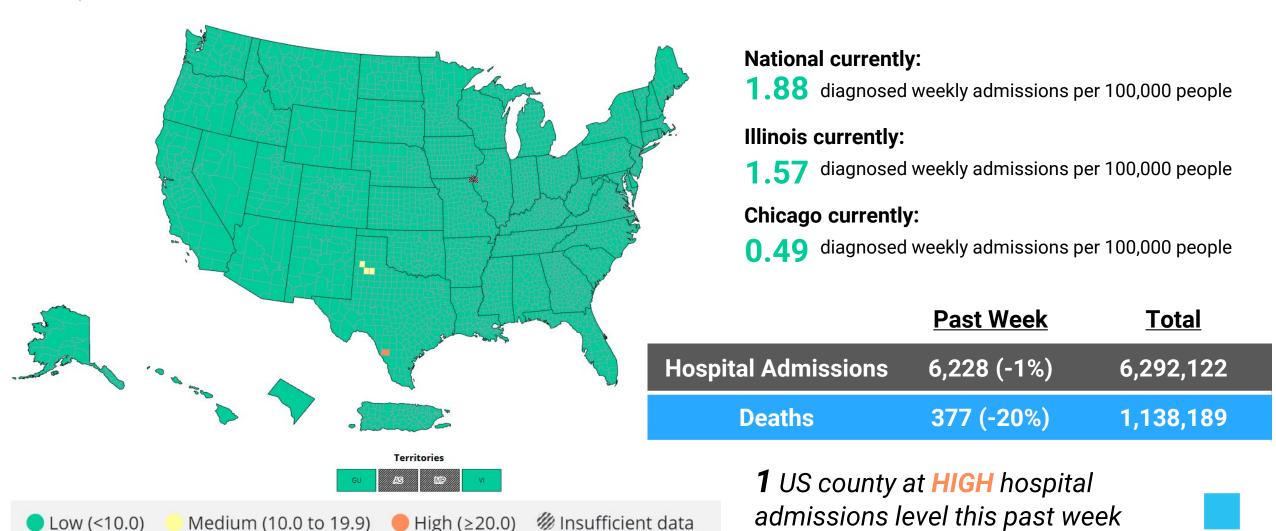


## **★ Weekly COVID-19 cases per 100,000 population**





## **Weekly COVID-19 hospitalizations per 100,000 population**





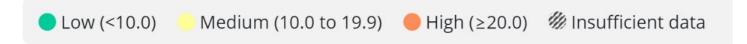
## **CDC** Hospital Admission Level for Cook County is at LOW

### **Last Week's Hospital Admission Level 7/2-7/8)**

Admission Level for 2 Weeks Ago (6/25-7/1)

1.6 New COVID-19 Admissions per 100,000

1.4 New COVID-19 Admissions per 100,000



### Other Metrics for Cook County (7/2-7/8)\*

**489** Reported New COVID-19 Cases

**9.27** Reported New Cases per 100,000

2 New COVID-19 Deaths

**0.04** New Deaths per 100,000

+28%

0%

See CDC COVID Data Tracker: Maps by Geographic Area for more details

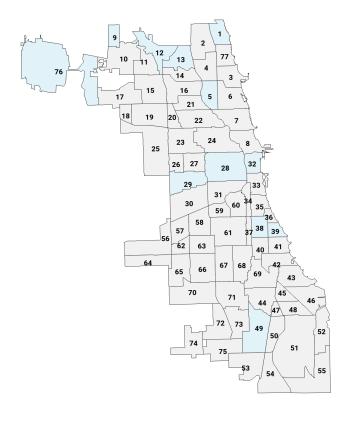
\*Other metrics are estimates based on cases reported into the Illinois Electronic Disease Surveillance System (I-NEDSS)



# Lab-confirmed COVID cases are VERY low in every community area 8 community areas had 0 lab-confirmed cases in the past two weeks

Average weekly case rate for the past 2 weeks 7/1/2023 - 7/15/2023

Weekly Case Rate (per 100,000)



#### Source:





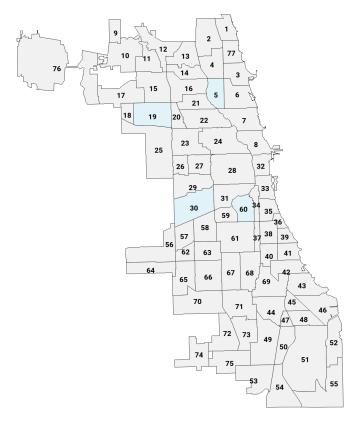
## COVID hospitalization rates are largely both low and stable

73 community areas had 0 hospitalizations in the past two weeks 62 community areas had 0 hospitalizations in the past four weeks

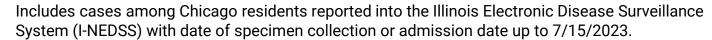
Average weekly hospitalization rate for the past 2 weeks 7/1/2023 - 7/15/2023

New hospital admissions (per 100,000)

**□** 0 **□** 0-5 **□** 5-10 **■** 10-20 **■** > 20



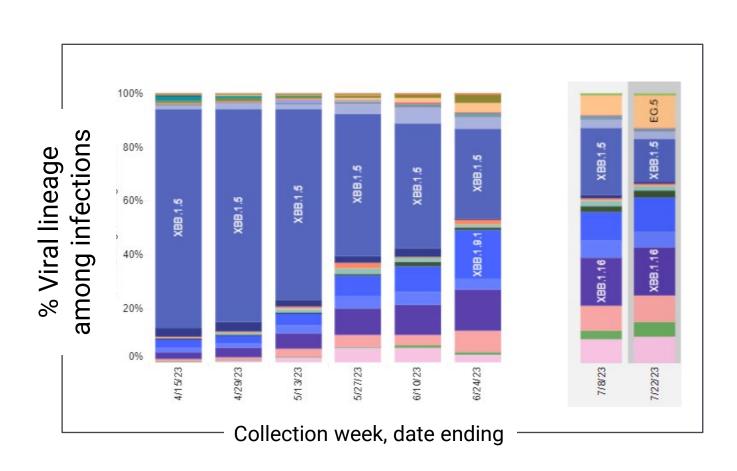
#### Source:







## Variant Surveillance, Midwest Region Weighted and Nowcast Estimates for Weeks of 4/15/23 – 7/22/23



## It's ALL Still OMICRON

XBB.1.16	17.7%	14.7-21.2%
XBB.1.5	15.8%	13.1-19.0%
XBB.1.9.1	12.5%	4.2-29.3%
EG.5	12.0%	5.9-22.5%
XBB.2.3	9.9%	6.2-15.1%
XBB.1.16.1	9.7%	7.3-12.6%
XBB.1.9.2	6.0%	3.7-9.7%
XBB.1.16.6	5.5%	2.0-13.5%
XBB	3.0%	1.2-6.8%
XBB.1.5.72	2.6%	0.4-10.4%
XBB.1.5.68	1.7%	0.9-3.3%
FE.1.1	0.7%	0.2-2.1%
XBB.1.5.1	0.7%	0.4-1.2%
CH.1.1	0.6%	0.1-3.0%
XBB.1.5.10	0.6%	0.3-1.2%
EU.1.1	0.4%	0.2-1.2%
XBB.1.5.59	0.3%	0.1-0.8%



## EG.5 is another (shorter!) for the subvariant XBB.1.9.2.5 and is a descendant of XBB.1.9 family, which has been increasing in prevalence for the past ~4 months.

- Compared to XBB.1.9, EG.5 contains four additional amino acid mutations
- One of the most quickly emerging XBB sublineages
- EG.5 accounts for ~40% of sequences in China and Japan

CDC Nowcast Estimate	Week ending 7/8/23 # EG.5	# EG.5 Sequ	quences to Date	
USA	13.0%	USA	568	
HHS Region 5	9.8%	IL	7	
		RIPHL (Chicago)	1	



# TAKE ACTION IF YOU TEST POSITIVE FOR COVID-19











## DAY 1-5

### Stay home:

 Everyone - regardless of vaccination status - should stay home and away from others (isolate).

People at high risk for severe illness: Talk to your doctor about treatment

## DAY 6 OR LATER

### **End isolation:**

 If you never had symptoms OR symptoms are improving and are fever-free for 24 hours.

## DAY 6-10

#### Wear a mask:

- If you take 2 antigen tests 48 hours apart and both are negative, you may remove your mask sooner
- Avoid people at high risk of getting very sick





## VAX & PAX lovid



If you're at high risk for severe illness, vaccines are your best protection against COVID-19. But if you do test positive, TREATMENTS ARE AVAILABLE.

PAXLOVID, for example, is an oral antiviral therapy for the treatment of mild to moderate COVID-19.





Individuals ages 12 and up who are at high risk of developing severe illness, are eligible.

Ask a healthcare provider if medications to treat COVID-19 are right for you.





Continues to operate Saturday and Sunday 8am-6:30pm



vaccinated, so invite your family, friends, or neighbors to get vaccinated together.



TO REGISTER FOR AN APPOINTMENT CALL 312.746.4835 OR VISIT OR CHICAGO.GOV/ATHOME



# Need a vaccine or a booster? Have questions?

visit

## CHI.GOV/COVIDVAX

or call

312-746-4835







## **Preparing for the Fall:**

## The New Hork Times

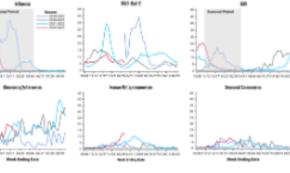
## Federal Officials Hatch a Three-Pronged Defense Against Another 'Tripledemic'

This fall, Americans will be urged to get shots against the flu, Covid and, if they're older, R.S.V.

https://www.nytimes.com/2023/07/05/h ealth/vaccines-rsv-covid-flu.html

Visit chi.gov/coviddash to respiratory virus surveillance





Find CDPH's weekly surveillance report that tracks influenza, COVID-19, RSV, and other viral respiratory disease activity in Chicago.

## This fall, what vaccines should I get?



- <u>Definite</u> recommendation for flu vaccine:
  - ALL Chicagoans, age 6 months and up: Get your annual flu (influenza) vaccine, ahead of the 2023-24 winter season
  - Virus that causes influenza continues to mutate; every year, scientists make a new version of the vaccine to best protect against the strains of flu expected to be circulating that winter
  - We expect flu vaccines will start to be available locally as early as August; recommendation is to get before winter
- Expected recommendation for COVID vaccine:
  - (Likely) ALL Chicagoans, age 6 months and up: Get your (likely annual) COVID vaccine, ahead of the 2023-24 winter season
    - An updated COVID vaccine will definitely be available this fall: Pfizer, Moderna, and Novavax will all be in market
    - Dosing still being finalized for pediatric vaccines; hoping to simplify for patients and providers
    - ACIP/CDC will make final official recommendation later this summer
  - Virus that causes COVID continues to mutate; every year, scientists will likely make a new version of the vaccine to best protect against the strains/variants of COVID virus expected to be circulating that winter.
  - We expect COVID vaccines will likely be available locally later in the fall (possibly late September or early October)
- New recommendation for RSV vaccine/antibody shot
  - Youngest Chicagoans (infants under age 1 year, vulnerable children under age 2 years) will newly have an RSV antibody shot available to help prevent RSV; talk to your pediatrician or provider
  - Older Chicagoans (over 60 years) will newly have an RSV vaccine available; talk to your doctor/provider
  - We expect both the shot for young children and the shot for older adults to be available later in the fall (possibly September or early October)

U.S. Health and Human Services (HHS) announced program to maintain broad access to COVID-19 vaccines for millions of uninsured Americans.

PROGRAM OVERVIEW

# Bridge Access Program for COVID-19 Vaccines and Treatments



Under the management and oversight of the CDC, the <a href="Bridge Access Program">Bridge Access Program</a> ensures cost-free access to COVID-19 vaccines and treatments after commercialization of these products in Fall 2023 through December 2024.

Source: HHS.gov



#### Who's eligible?

The 25-30 million adults without insurance, in addition to those whose insurance does not provide cost-free coverage for COVID-19 vaccines and treatments.

#### Is this program permanent?

This program serves as a temporary bridge to the permanent and comprehensive Vaccines for Adults Program proposed in the FY23 and FY24 President's Budgets.





Where can someone get a vaccine?

#### At a local health provider

This program will leverage existing partnerships with state and local health departments (LHDs) to quickly distribute COVID-19 vaccines through providers in their networks.



CDC will manage the purchase and distribution of COVID-19 vaccines for state and LHDs, along with providing oversight and technical assistance.

#### At a local health center

Federally qualified health centers (FQHCs)

will partner with LHDs and state immunization programs to ensure access to vaccines for the many uninsured adults who live in their community



HRSA will provide funding to its network of FOHCs to support services that will help ensure equitable access to vaccines and treatment

### At a nearby pharmacy location

This program partners with pharmacies to ensure uninsured adults can continue to access free COVID-19 vaccinations and treatments at thousands of locations nationwide.



Pharmacy chains will use their extensive footprints and community partnerships to reach adults who are uninsured and underserved.





The Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services (HFS) estimates that approximately **700,000 people in Illinois** could lose Medicaid coverage.

## Communication and Outreach





Starting May 2023, all Illinois residents must reconfirm eligibility.

Don't risk losing your health insurance. To keep your insurance,
Illinois Medicaid needs to be able to send you paperwork. Give them
an address where mail can always reach you.



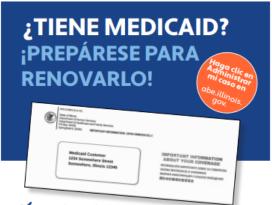












- Haga clic en Administrar mi caso en abe.illinois.gov.
- Verifique su dirección postal.
- Obtenga su fecha de vencimiento (fecha de redeterminación).
- Revise su correo.
- Complete su renovación.



Escanee aquí ahora y haga clic en Administrar mi caso.



1-800-843-6154

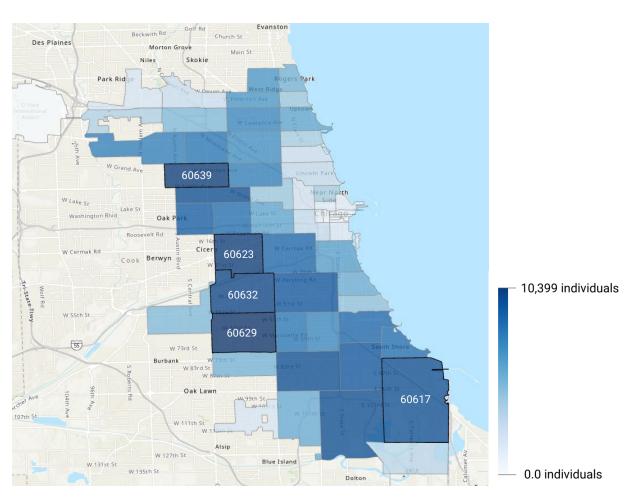


If federal disenrollment projections (about 17% disenrollment) hold for Chicago, over 180,000 Chicagoans could lose Medicaid coverage during the full unwinding period.

## Which Chicago areas are most impacted?



## Applying National Disenrollment Projections to the Top 5 Chicago Zip Codes with Highest Medicaid Enrollment



#### 1. 60629

West Lawn Chicago Lawn West Elsdon\* Gage Park\*

#### 2. 60623

South Lawndale North Lawndale

#### 3. 60639

Belmont Cragin Hermosa Austin

#### 4. 60632\*

Archer Heights Brighton Park

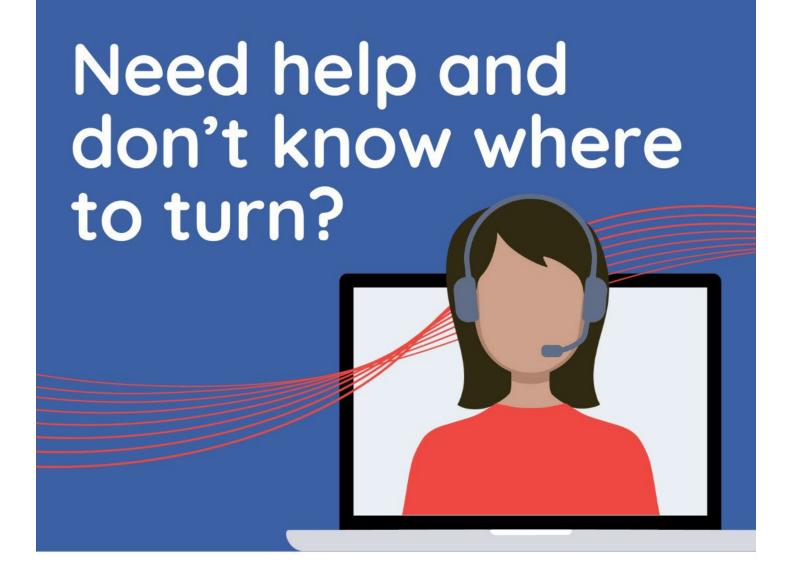
#### 5. 60617

South Deering
South Chicago
East Side
Calumet Heights



## People enrolled in Medicaid





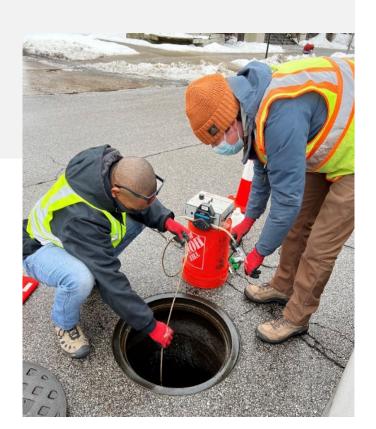




# Wastewater Monitoring & Polio Surveillance Project 7/25/2023

Alyse Kittner, MPH
Chicago Department of Public Health
Director, Laboratory—Based Surveillance

July 25, 2023



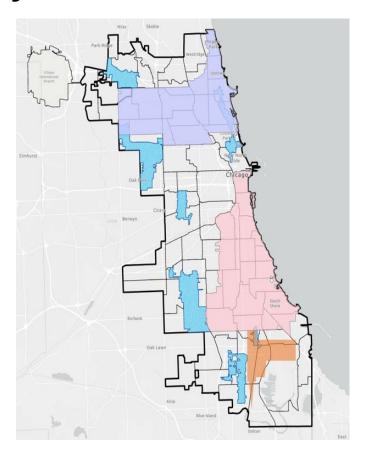
# There are 15 community-based wastewater sampling sites



**Everyone** in the city is covered by at least one site



Four sampling sites from three wastewater treatment plants covering 5 million Chicago and suburban residents.



Eight Chicago Sewer sites 320k residents. Three Pumping Stations 700k residents.





## CDPH tests for multiple pathogens at each sampling site

C:+ -	Pathogen Tested				
Site	SARS-CoV-2	Flu A & B	RSV	Мрох	Polio (Mar-July 2023)
Wastewater Treatment Plants* (4)	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
Pumping Stations (3)	yes	yes	yes	yes	no
Sewer sites (8)	yes	yes	yes	yes	no

Flu A &B - Influenza viruses, types A, B, Mpox - Monkeypoxvirus, RSV - Respiratory Syncytial Virus, SARS-CoV-2 – virus causes COVID-19, Polio – Poliovirus that causes poliomyelitis

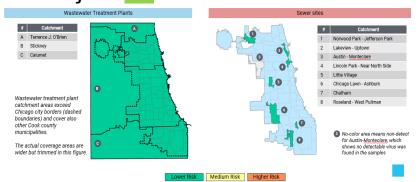
\*Done in collaboration with Illinois Department of Public Health

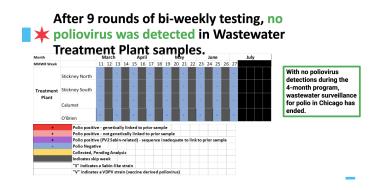


## Types of data available

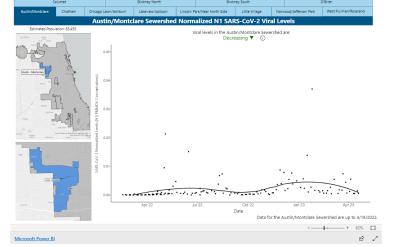
- SARS-CoV-2, Flu A/B, RSV
  - Concentration levels by location
  - Internal "Single Metric" Risk assessment
- Polio and Mpox
  - Detect/non-detect

### All treatment plants and community sewer sites currently have **LOW** Influenza A&B risk

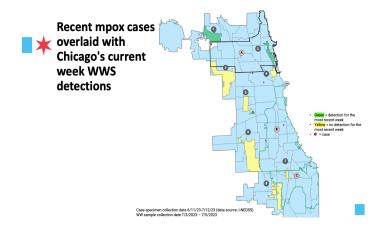










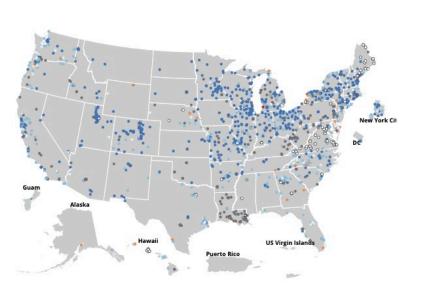




# CDPH data contributes to the National Wastewater Surveillance System (NWSS).

- CDC dashboard tracks the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater samples collected ~1,600 sites across the country.
- CDPH uploads SARS-CoV-2, flu, RSV and mpox data weekly





Current SARS-CoV-2 virus levels by site, United States

(	Current				
virus levels		Num.	%	Category change in	
(	category	sites	sites	last 7 days	
	New Site	127	9	0%	
	0% to 19%	693	51	- 14%	
	20% to 39%	377	28	- 9%	
	40% to 59%	129	9	10%	
	60% to 79%	37	3	19%	
	80% to 100%	4	0	33%	

Total sites with current data: 1367

Total number of wastewater sampling

sites: 1645



# New York State polio case led to wastewater testing efforts

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR)

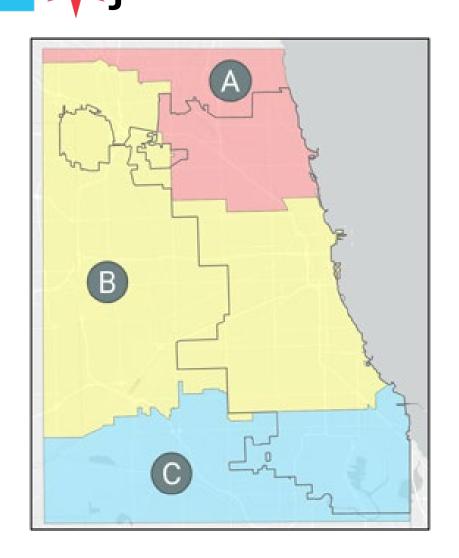
CDC

Wastewater Testing and Detection of Poliovirus Type 2 Genetically Linked to Virus Isolated from a Paralytic Polio Case — New York, March 9–October 11,



- In July 2022 one case of paralytic poliomyelitis confirmed in Rockland County, NY.
- NY began wastewater testing to supplement the response.
- In late 2022, CDC requested select jurisdictions, including Chicago, implement polio wastewater testing.
- Finding poliovirus in wastewater would indicate that someone in the community is shedding poliovirus.

# Chicago-area wastewater treatment plans cross multiple jurisdictions.



- Chicago Department of Public Health
- Illinois Department of Public Health
- Cook County Department of Public Health
- Evanston Department of Health and Human Services
- Stickney Township Department of Public Health
- Oak Park Department of Public Health

Treatment Plant		Population
А	O'Brien	1,263,110
В	Stickney N*	1,127,736
	Stickney S*	1,127,736
С	Calumet	1,134,897



## Poliovirus Wastewater Testing Process

Bi-weekly wastewater collection

Began: May 16, 2023 Location: WWTPs Duration: 4 months Samples tested for poliovirus

#### **Laboratory Partners**

- Discovery Partners Institute
- Regional Innovative Public Health Laboratory

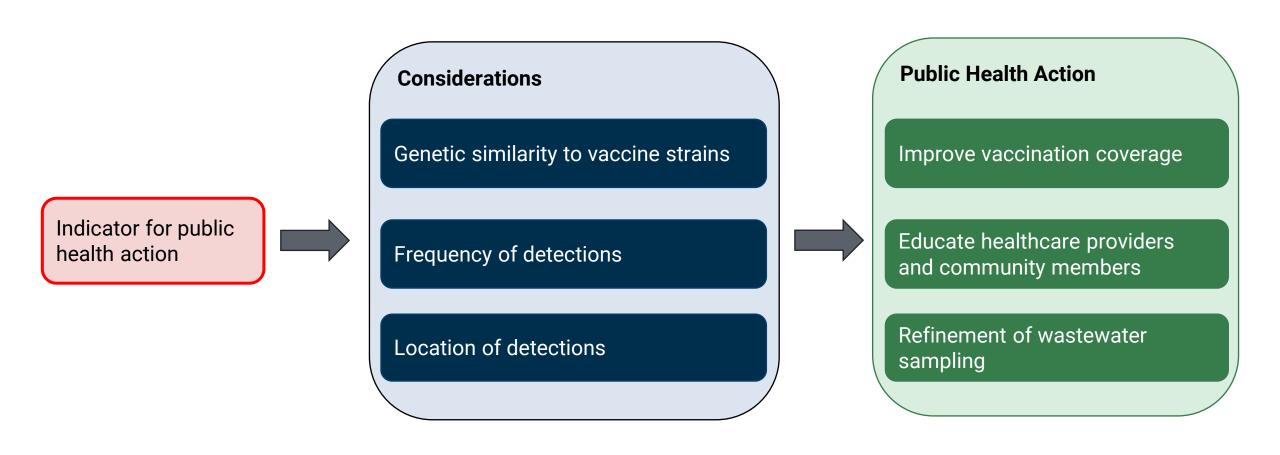
Results to determine public health action

Result	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3
Polio negative			
Sabin-like strain		X	
Vaccine-derived strain	Χ	X	Χ
Wild type			

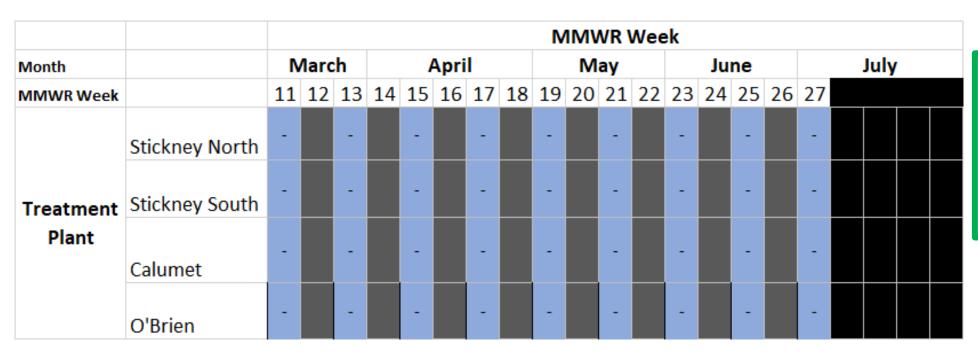
Indicator for public health action = X



# Public health action considers a detection's frequency, type, location, and relatedness.



## After 9 rounds of bi-weekly testing, no poliovirus was detected in Wastewater Treatment Plant samples.



With no poliovirus detections during the 4-month program, wastewater surveillance for polio in Chicago has ended.

Polio Negative Indicates skip week



# Improving vaccination coverage in communities that are at highest risk is the most effective way to ensure that the United States remains protected from polio.

- The complete recommended polio vaccination series is:
  - extremely effective in preventing paralytic polio
  - protects against severe disease
- Illinois' Vaccines for Children (VFC): no cost vaccines to eligible children including uninsured, underinsured and Medicaid eligible children: vfc.illinois.gov/search
- CDPH immunization clinics: no cost vaccines to children and young adults 18 years of age and under: <u>bit.ly/ChiVaxClinics</u>
- Additionally, adults and children traveling to <u>countries where poliovirus is circulating</u> may need to get updated <u>polio vaccinations before travel</u>. Primary care providers, travel clinics, and pharmacies can provide pre-travel vaccinations to adults.



## Thank you to our wastewater monitoring partners!





















CDPH LBS team: Chris, Colin, Regina, Deniz, Diamond, Dorothy, Eloesa, Hallie, Haifa, Kayla, Keenan, Kendall, Matt, and Rosie





## Thank you!



Chicago.gov/Health



HealthyChicago@cityofchicago.org



@ChicagoPublicHealth



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